



Pennant Walters

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# **GLANLLYNFI GARTH WIND FARM**

## **Draft Environmental Statement**

### **Appendix 7A - Historic Environment Desk- Based Assessment**



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# 1. Introduction

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## 1.1 Project Background

- 1.1.1 This Historic Environment Desk-Based Assessment (HEDBA) has been carried out as part of the Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) of the proposed Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm (the 'Proposed Development'; **Figure 7A.1**). This report provides baseline information on known or potential buried historic assets (archaeological remains) and above ground historic assets (structures and landscapes of heritage interest) to support an assessment of potential effects on the historic environment resource within and in proximity to the Proposed Development.
- 1.1.2 The Proposed Development comprises the construction, operation and decommissioning of a wind farm comprising the following key components:
- Up to eight wind turbines;
  - Two substations including transformer housing;
  - Two temporary construction compounds;
  - Two temporary site offices;
  - Crane pads and cabling;
  - Access track construction; and
  - Overhead line connection (via wooden pole) to agreed Point of Connection (POC) with National Grid Electricity Distribution (NGED).
- 1.1.3 The Site measures approximately 203.9 hectares (ha) in total and consists of three key areas:
- 'Northern Array' – This encompasses the land parcels at Pwll-yr-Lwrch and includes four wind turbines and associated infrastructure (Grid Reference SS 87102 92887), measuring approximately 70.5 ha;
  - 'Southern Array' – This encompasses the land parcels at Cynhordy and includes four wind turbines and associated infrastructure (Grid Reference SS 88988 89854), measuring approximately 101.4 ha; and
  - 'Forestry Access Track' – The route required to transport the turbine components into the Site from the public highway, measuring approximately 32 ha. At this stage, detailed surveys are currently being undertaken to inform the design of any required improvements. As such, an assessment of the forestry access track has not been included. Following the completion of surveys, assessment and design, the identification of the required upgrades along the route, together with an assessment of effects will be presented in the final Environmental Statement (ES).
- 1.1.4 The town of Maesteg is located approximately 1km to the west of the Northern Array and 1.5km west of the Southern Array. Land use within the Site comprises semi-improved grassland, marshy grassland and heathland. The Proposed Development is located within three Local Authority administrative areas, comprising Bridgend County Borough Council (BCBC), Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council (RCTCBC) and Neath Port Talbot Council (NPTC); although, the Northern and Southern Arrays are located in BCBC only.



## 1.2 Scope

- 1.2.1 The report provides a baseline of known or potential buried historic assets (archaeological remains) and above ground historic assets (structures and landscapes of heritage interest) within or immediately around the Proposed Development (hereafter the 'Site'). These are identified as having a degree of significance meriting consideration in planning decisions and includes designated historic assets and assets identified by the local planning authority (including local listing), and non-designated assets.
- 1.2.2 Professional opinion has been used to assess heritage significance, based on evidential, historical, aesthetic, and communal values, considering past ground disturbance which may have compromised survival.
- 1.2.3 The assessment forms a technical appendix in support of an ES and is required in relation to the planning process in order that the local planning authority (LPA) can formulate an appropriate response in light of the impact upon any known or potential historic assets.

## 1.3 Aims and Objectives

- 1.3.1 The aim of this report is to support the assessment of impacts of the Proposed Development and to inform a suitable strategy to mitigate any adverse effects, if required, as part of a planning application to develop the Site. The aim is achieved through five objectives:
- Identify the presence of any known or potential historic assets that may be affected by the proposals;
  - Describe the significance of such assets, in accordance with Cadw's *Conservation Principles* (2011) and Planning Policy Wales (PPW, Edition 12, February 2024), considering factors which may have compromised asset survival;
  - Determine the contribution to which setting makes to the significance of any significant historic assets;
  - Assess the likely impacts upon the significance of the assets arising from the Proposed Development; and
  - Provide recommendations for further investigation and/or mitigation where required, aimed at reducing or removing completely any adverse effects.

## 2. Sources & Methodology

### 2.1 Data Sources

- 2.1.1 To determine the full historic environment potential of the Development Site, a broad range of standard documentary and cartographic sources, including results from any archaeological investigations in the Development Site and a 1km radius Study Area around it, were examined to determine the likely nature, extent, preservation and significance of any known or possible historic assets that may be present within or adjacent to the Development Site.
- 2.1.2 A 5km radius Study Area has been applied when considering impacts to designated above-ground historic assets through changes to setting. The extent of the Study Area was defined using professional judgement, and informed by the results of the site visits, as well as by utilisation of the Zones of Theoretical Visibility (ZTV), which is a computer-generated tool used to determine the extent of the likely visibility of the Proposed Development.
- 2.1.3 Table 7A.1 provides a summary of the key data sources. Occasionally there may be reference to assets beyond the Study Area, where appropriate, e.g., where such assets are particularly significant and/or where they contribute to current understanding of the historic environment.

**Table 7A.1: Data Sources Consulted**

| Source                                         | Data                                                                                          | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Cadw                                           | National Historic Assets of Wales; with information on statutorily designated historic assets | Statutory designations (scheduled monuments; statutorily listed buildings; registered historic parks and gardens; historic battlefields; Registered Historic Landscapes) can provide a significant constraint to development. |
| Heneb: The Trust for Welsh Archaeology         | Historic Environment Record (HER)                                                             | Primary repository of archaeological information. Includes information from past investigations, local knowledge, find spots, and documentary and cartographic sources.                                                       |
| Natural Resources Wales                        | Historic Landscape Character Area (HLCA) data (LANDMAP)                                       | Areas of the landscape categorised to inform upon past land uses, key landscape features (e.g. terrain, waterways) to inform upon archaeological potential.                                                                   |
| Local Planning Authority                       | Conservation areas                                                                            | An area of special architectural or historic interest the character or appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance.                                                                                            |
| Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical | National Monuments Record of Wales (NMRW) via the Coflein                                     | Provides detailed information about Welsh monuments, including aspects of archaeological, architectural,                                                                                                                      |

| Source                                                                                    | Data                                                                             | Comment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Monuments of Wales (RCAHMW)                                                               | catalogue of archaeological and historic sites in Wales                          | ecclesiastical, industrial, defensive and maritime history.                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| National Library of Wales; National Library of Scotland (NLS); Glamorgan Archives         | Historic maps                                                                    | Historic maps, Ordnance Survey maps, tithe maps (and apportionments), estate maps and any other relevant historical maps will be consulted to enable analysis of change at the Site over time.                                                                                       |
| RCAHMW; Britain from Above; and the Central Registry for Aerial Photography Wales (CRAPW) | Aerial photography                                                               | Provide aerial images of the Site so that provision can be made for analysis of the Site dating from the early 20th century to the present, including the study of cropmarks, soilmarks and earthworks to identify features that otherwise may not be visible at the present time.   |
| Data Map Wales                                                                            | LiDAR                                                                            | Data Map Wales is a free online repository for 1m DTM and 1m DSM LiDAR imagery in Wales.                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Archaeological Data Service (ADS)                                                         | Fieldwork reports                                                                | The Archaeological Data Service includes an archive of digital fieldwork reports                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| British Geological Survey (BGS)                                                           | Solid and drift geology digital map; online BGS geological borehole record data. | Subsurface deposition, including buried geology and topography, can provide an indication of potential for early human settlement, and potential depth of archaeological remains.                                                                                                    |
| Cranfield University LandIS - Soilscales                                                  | Details of soil types                                                            | Subsurface deposition, including soil type, can provide an indication of potential for early human settlement, and potential depth of archaeological remains, as well as influence the suitability of other techniques, such as aerial photographic analysis and geophysical survey. |
| Portable Antiquities Scheme (PAS)                                                         | Database of archaeological finds found by chance                                 | Government funded project to encourage the voluntary recording of archaeological objects found by members of the public. Database is online at <a href="https://finds.org.uk">finds.org.uk</a> . This was consulted for the site and its immediate vicinity only.                    |
| Internet                                                                                  | Web-published local history                                                      | Many key documentary sources, such as the Victoria County History, the Survey of London, and local and specialist studies are now published on the web and can be used to inform the archaeological and historical background.                                                       |
| The Applicant (Pennant Walters)                                                           | Topographical survey data                                                        | Survey data can provide an indication of the impact of past land use, e.g. ground raising or lowering, which is useful for                                                                                                                                                           |

| Source | Data | Comment                                                                       |
|--------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        |      | understanding possible truncation and likely depth of archaeological remains. |

- 2.1.4 **Figures 7A.2, 7A.3, 7A.8 – 10** shows the location of known historic environment features within the 1km and 5km Study Areas, as identified by the sources above, the site visit, or during the course of research for this assessment.
- 2.1.5 Designated historic assets have been allocated a unique 'assessment' reference number (**A1, A2**, etc.), which is listed in a gazetteer in **Annex 7A.B** and is referred to in the text.
- 2.1.6 Non-designated assets, identified through the HER, NMRW or through additional research, have been allocated unique reference numbers (**B1, B2** etc.), which is also listed in the gazetteer.

## 2.2 Site Visit

- 2.2.1 A site visit was conducted in sunny and cloudy weather conditions with very good visibility between 15.06.2026 and 16.06.2026. The purpose of the site visit was to conduct a walkover of the Proposed Development to assess the condition of known historic assets and to identify any previously unknown historic assets. The visit was also conducted to ascertain the extent of any settings impacts to nearby designated historic assets. A full description of the site visit is provided in **Section 3**.

## 2.3 LiDAR Data

- 2.3.1 Welsh Government LiDAR data covering the Development Site was downloaded from Data Map Wales (2026). This data was imported into GIS software and processed using a variety of visualisations, including hillshade effects.
- 2.3.2 Surface features of certain or probable archaeological origin which are not identified through the HER or NMRW databases were digitised as GIS polygons, polylines or points. Each of these features were ascribed with a broad interpretation, level of survival, indicative date and broad significance, supported by evidence gathered during the site visit. These features were also ascribed a specific reference number, prefixed 'WSP'.
- 2.3.3 Analysis of the LiDAR data is provided in **Section 3**. **Figure 7A.8** displays the location of potential features identified through LiDAR mapping interpretation.

## 3. Historic Environment Baseline

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### 3.1 Key Heritage Considerations

- 3.1.1 There is one designated (protected) historic asset recorded within the Site boundary, comprising the Clawdd Mawr, Mynydd Caerau scheduled monument (**Figure 7A.2B (A11)**, Cadw **GM231**), which is crossed by an existing forest trackway which the applicant proposes to utilise (Forestry Access Track). Although the Forestry Access Track has currently been excluded from the scope of this assessment any groundworks within the designated area would require Scheduled Monument Consent (SMC). This is a separate process from planning consent and the receipt of planning approval does not necessarily mean that SMC will be granted.
- 3.1.2 There are no further designated historic assets (world heritage sites, listed buildings, registered historic parks and gardens, conservation areas) recorded within the Site boundary.
- 3.1.3 The Historic Environment Record (HER) data records four non-designated historic assets within the Site, comprising a medieval boundary (HER **03550.0m**), a disused railway (HER **01491.0m**), historical coal workings (HER **08127m**) and a former colliery (HER **07375m**). The National Monuments Record of Wales (NMRW) records 27 assets within the Site, reflecting both the historical agricultural and industrial use of the land (**Figure 7A.3**).
- 3.1.4 Known archaeological remains are recorded within the Site area from previous archaeological investigations, WSP interpretation of available LiDAR data and from the site walkover survey conducted as part of this assessment. Overall, these remains are considered to be of **low** heritage significance and are discussed in further detail throughout this assessment.

### 3.2 Site Context

- 3.2.1 The Northern and Southern Arrays lie within the administrative boundary of Bridgend County Borough Council (BCBC). The land use is predominantly agricultural habitats including semi-improved grassland, with areas of marshy grassland and heathland. The Forestry Access Track traverses through two administrative areas, comprising Rhondda Cynon Taf County Borough Council (RCTCBC) and Neath Port Talbot Council (NPTC). The approximate centre point of the Northern Array is National Grid Reference (NGR): SS 87102 92887, and for the Southern Array is NGR: SS 88988 89854. Overall, the Site measures approximately 203.9 ha.
- 3.2.2 The wider landscape surrounding the Site predominantly comprises agricultural fields, heathland, and tree plantations to the north and east of the Northern and Southern Arrays. Wind farm developments have been constructed adjacent to the Forestry Access Track to the north and east of the Site.
- 3.2.3 Nearby to the west, the town of Maesteg is situated within the base of the Llynfi Valley, while the Site is located on elevated terrain within the uplands: the Northern Array is located 1km to the east and the Southern Array located 1.5km southeast of Maesteg. Other nearby settlements include Pontycymer to the east and Bridgend to the south of the Proposed Development.

- 3.2.4 The Northern Array comprises moorland presently utilised as pastureland for grazing livestock, such as horses. The land parcel is divided by post-and-rail fencing as well as deep ditches aligned with drystone walls, with far-reaching views across the Llynfi Valley towards the Bristol Channel and Devon coastline. A telecommunications tower is present towards the south of the land parcel. Key landscape characteristics of this array include sharp inclines in terrain, deep ditches and ruts, evidence of widespread ground disturbance through known and unknown historic quarrying activity.
- 3.2.5 The Southern Array consists of multiple fields utilised as pastureland, characterised by the undulating topography reflecting the geological formation of the Llynfi Valley. Similar to the Northern Array, the Southern Array presents far-reaching views across the southern valley towards the coastline and also exhibits a telecommunications tower towards the west of the Southern Array. This array is divided into separate land parcels by traditional field boundaries, drystone walls, whereas other parts of this array are divided with modern post-and-rail fencing.

### 3.3 Topography and Historic Landscape

- 3.3.1 The topography varies across the extent of the Development Site. Ground level within the Northern Array measures 350m above Ordnance Datum (aOD) within the northwestern corner, gradually inclining to reach 403m aOD within the northeastern corner. Ground levels increase to reach 423m aOD within the centre of the Northern Array, sloping down to a height of 389m aOD within the southwestern area, and further declining to a height of 359m aOD within the southeastern corner of this array.
- 3.3.2 The Southern Array is situated upon lower lying land compared to the Northern Array. Ground level is recorded at a height of 313m aOD within the northern area of this array, undulating towards the southern area to reach a height of 264m aOD within the southwestern area, and measuring 160m aOD in the southeastern area. There is a steep incline to the eastern area of the array, which reaches a height of 335m aOD.
- 3.3.3 The majority of the Northern and Southern Arrays are located within the Mynydd Caerau and Garw Forest HLCA (NRW **CYNONHL224**). This HLCA comprises areas of forestry atop a ridge between the Llynfi and Garw rivers. Mountainous rugged terrain is a key character of this landscape area, as well as 20<sup>th</sup> century woodland plantation along the western slopes of Cwm Garw. Prior to the modern plantations, the land was largely open mountain and unenclosed upland moor, with evidence of historical agricultural activities preserved in the surviving dry stone wall boundaries and enclosed sheepwalks. Evidence of prehistoric land use is also represented through the survival of funerary monuments, including Bronze Age barrows (Cadw **GM249**, **GM250**), of which are situated adjacent to the Forestry Access Track between the Northern and Southern Arrays.
- 3.3.4 The southwestern area of the Southern Array and a limited portion of the western edge of the Northern Array are recorded within the Llynfi Valley Agricultural HLCA (NRW **CYNONHL581**). This area is characterised by a mixed landscape of small, irregular field enclosures along the slopes of the valley. Areas of regular enclosures deriving from previously open moorland are situated along the periphery of the area, towards the Mynydd Caerau and Garw Forest HLCA (NRW **CYNONHL224**). The enclosure pattern is defined by hedgerows, of which remain largely intact. While evidence of prehistoric activities is limited, medieval archaeological features are visible, including the Plas-y-Betws Relict Garden, which is recorded 2.8km south of the Site (Cadw **GM589**).



### 3.4 Geology and Soils

- 3.4.1 Geology can provide an indication of suitability for early settlement, and potential depth of remains.
- 3.4.2 Bedrock geology across the Northern Array is recorded as Pennant Sandstone Formation – Llynfi Member, a sedimentary bedrock formed of fluvial rocks comprising sandstone, with a band of mudstone and siltstone recorded within the eastern area of the Northern Array. This bedrock was formed between 315 – 309 million years ago during the Carboniferous period. Similarly, within the Southern Array, Pennant Sandstone Formation of the Rhondda Member is recorded, also formed during the Carboniferous period. Bands of South Wales Upper and South Wales Middle Coal Measures Formations are recorded around the perimeter of the Northern Array. The presence of this geological formation represents the historical coal mining activities recorded throughout the Site. A band of Pennant Sandstone Formation – Rhondda Member, comprising mudstone, sandstone and siltstone, is recorded through the centre of the Southern Array. There are no superficial deposits recorded within the Northern or Southern Arrays (BGS 2026a).
- 3.4.3 Overlying soils across the Northern and Southern Arrays comprise very acid, loamy upland soils with a wet, peaty surface. Within the eastern area of the Southern Array, overlying soils are recorded as freely draining, acid loamy soils over rock (Cranfield University 2026).
- 3.4.4 The BGS records two boreholes within the Northern Array but there are no borehole records relating to the Southern Array. The available records within the site were conducted in association with the historical St John's Colliery, which was located around 720m south of the Northern Array. BGS records SS89SE8 and SS89SE9 record the deposits identified during analysis of pre-existing mine shafts at the Site. The records include information on the types of deposits and minerals identified, which includes 'GOB' – a collapsed mine working / void – fireclay, coal, shale, rock, ironstone, quartz and 'cliff' – a local name for mudstone. The information on sediments reflects the BGS record of bedrock deposits recorded across the Northern and Southern Arrays (BGS 2026b).

#### Palaeoenvironment and Peat

- 3.4.5 An area of peat is recorded approximately 20m north of the Northern Array within an area of plantation (Groundsure 2026). The area of peat is also shown on the BGS geology viewer as a superficial deposit of Hill Peat. The Peatland of Wales map shows there are no areas of deep peat (defined by the Welsh Government as either >40cm thickness organic 'O' horizon material within the upper 80cm, or, >30cm organic 'O' horizon material resting directly on bedrock) within the Site, and one area of deep peat is recorded within 250m, located approximately 50m northwest of the Southern Array.
- 3.4.6 Surveys conducted by WSP in 2026 have identified three areas of high risk for peat potential within the Site. These include two areas within the northern part of the Northern Array, and one area within the northwestern corner of the Southern Array (WSP 2026b). The results of the survey identified that there were no peat profiles within the Site existing at levels above 0.3m bgl. However, coring data retrieved from the survey showed that peat horizons were identified below 0.3m depth bgl. Full details of the survey results are encapsulated within Chapter 10 of the ES (WSP 2026b).

### 3.5 Previous Archaeological Investigations

- 3.5.1 There are eight previous archaeological investigations recorded within the Development Site, and a further seven recorded within the wider 1km Study Area. These comprise:
- Nine desk-based assessments, five of which are recorded across the Site boundary;

- Four fieldwalking surveys and site visits, two of which encompass the Development Site;
- One Environmental Statement relating to the Afan Caerau Solar Array Project, situated 1.6km north of the Site, the study area of which extends into the northernmost area of the 1km Study Area; and
- One archaeological watching brief along the Llynfi Afon Pylon Line, which traverses through the Southern Array of the Site.

- 3.5.2 A field survey was conducted in 2011 – 2012 relating to the Uplands Survey West Glamorgan. The survey covered the area of the Northern Array, comprising Mynydd Bach within the Site and Cae'r Defaid to the south of the Site, and consisted of recording undiscovered sites across the landscape. A total of 734 new sites were identified, and the survey recommended for further research to be conducted across the areas surrounding the Site (HER Event **E006003**).
- 3.5.3 An archaeological watching brief was conducted by Glamorgan-Gwent Archaeological Trust (GGAT) in 2016. The event extended through the Southern Array and was linked with the Llynfi Afon Pylon Line works led by Western Power Distribution. The route extended between Blaengawr to the north of the Site, through the Southern Array and terminating to the west of Bettws. Excavations adjacent to the Bronze Age burial cairn scheduled monument situated 1km north of the Southern Array were monitored, and the HER asset of Ffynnon Tor-gwely Trial Level II was observed during the works (HER **03472m**), recorded 975m east of the Northern Array. Other evidence of coal workings was discovered beyond the vicinity of the Site and 1km Study Area. Such features were subsequently recorded onto the HER (HER Event **E006888**).
- 3.5.4 A desk-based assessment conducted in 2020 by Archaeology Collective was produced along a similar stretch of the abovementioned pylon route through the Southern Array within the Site. The feasibility study was conducted in relation to the Upper Ogmore wind farm proposed development and concluded that there would be no recommendation for further archaeological work to be conducted due to the limited nature and scale of the proposals (HER Event **E008344**).
- 3.5.5 GGAT conducted a project examining high status settlement sites across Glamorgan and Gwent in 2010. Out of the total 277 sites which were assessed, between 33 and 37 were deemed to be of potential national significance. None of these identified sites are recorded within the 1km Study Area (HER Event **E007242**).
- 3.5.6 An archaeological DBA was prepared by Hyder Consulting in relation to the proposed Mynydd Penygraig wind farm in 2014. The DBA concluded that the archaeological potential of the site was low, and that any ground impacts could be mitigated through an archaeological watching brief (HER Event **E007543**).
- 3.5.7 An archaeological DBA was conducted by Dyfed Archaeological Trust (DAT) in 2017 relating to a proposed holiday park development in the Afan Valley. The study area extended across the Northern Array (HER Event **E007588**).
- 3.5.8 In 2024, a DBA accompanied by a site visit was conducted by Heneb: Glamorgan – Gwent Archaeology in relation to new electricity cables, both overhead and buried, between Upper Ogmore Wind Farm and Maesteg. Two new non-designated assets were identified during the study, and it was regarded that there would be a high potential to encounter previously unknown post medieval remains along the route. These events are recorded along the Forestry Access Track but do not extend into the Northern or Southern Arrays (HER Events **E008879**, **E008880**).
- 3.5.9 The nature of previous archaeological events within the 1km Study Area primarily consists of desk-based studies. Limited intrusive archaeological investigations have taken place



within the vicinity of the Site, with the exception of the Llynfi Afan Pylon Line watching brief, which is recorded as traversing through the Site. In the absence of an available fieldwork report, it is unclear whether groundworks were undertaken within the Site and if so, whether these were conducted under archaeological supervision.

## 3.6 Archaeological and Historical Background

3.6.1 The following designated historic assets are recorded within the 5km Study Area:

- 21 scheduled monuments;
- Two registered historic landscapes;
- Two registered historic parks and gardens;
- Two kitchen gardens;
- Five conservation areas;
- One grade I listed building;
- 11 grade II\* listed buildings; and
- 142 grade II listed buildings.

3.6.2 There are no designated historic assets recorded within the Northern or Southern Arrays. The western boundary of the Rhondda registered historic landscape is recorded within the route of the Forestry Access Track, of which does not form part of the scope of this assessment (Cadw **HLW (MGI) 5**).

3.6.3 Out of a total of 411 non-designated historic assets recorded within the 1km Study Area, 32 of these are situated within the Northern and Southern Arrays, comprising entries within the HER and NMRW. A description of these has been included by period within the below text.

3.6.4 A search of the Portable Antiquities Scheme database did not yield any results relating to findspots discovered within the Site boundary (PAS 2026).

### **Prehistoric (c.250,000 BCE – c.43 CE)**

3.6.5 There are 10 designated historic assets recorded within the 5km Study Area and six HER / NMRW assets recorded within the 1km Study Area relating to the prehistoric period.

3.6.6 The Palaeolithic (c.250,000 – 10,000 BCE) and Mesolithic (c.10,000 – 4,000 BCE) periods in Wales are characterised by migrating populations and changing climate. Early humans during these periods depended on scavenging and foraging for sustenance, and evidence of their presence is visible in the archaeological record through tools such as handaxes, other core tools and flake tool industries. Periods of glacial and interglacial climates influenced these early human populations and by the time of the end of the Mesolithic period, the establishment of hunter-gatherer-farming communities began to emerge (RFAW 2022).

3.6.7 The Neolithic (c.4,000–2,200 BCE), Bronze Age (c.2,200 – 800 BCE) and Iron Age (c.800 BCE – 43CE) are traditionally seen as the time of technological change, settled communities and the construction of communal monuments. Farming was established and forest cleared for cultivation, with settlement patterns gradually shifting away from predominantly wooded and / or low-lying areas. An expanding population put pressure on available resources and necessitated the utilisation of previously marginal land. Evidence of Neolithic activity is recorded 60m south of the Forestry Access Track and 700m south of the Northern Array with the findspot of a leaf-shaped arrowhead (**B5**). A second

findspot relating to a flint tool scatter is recorded 100m north of the Forestry Access Track and 975m east of the Northern Array (**B6**).

- 3.6.8 Prehistoric funerary monuments such as barrows and cairns are well recorded in the area surrounding the Proposed Development. Three Bronze Age cairns are recorded by NMRW within the centre of the Northern Array, comprising a mix of grass mounds marked by stone, and earthworks (**B1, B2, B3**). The site visit confirmed that at least one of the purported burial cairns is extant, **B2**, marked by a slight mound with an array of stones (**Plates 5-6**). The remaining two purported burial cairns were within locations of historical quarrying activity and were not observed during the site visit (see below for site visit discussion). The scheduled monument of Croes y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn is recorded 185m north of the Southern Array, adjacent to the Forestry Access Track (**A8, B4**). A second cairn is recorded in proximity to the Site, comprising the Round Cairn 567m East of Bryn Defaid, recorded 8m east of the Forestry Access Track between the Northern and Southern Arrays (**A7**). Mynydd Caerau Round Cairns form a cluster of features recorded 125m east of the Forestry Access Track (**A3**), while Carn y Hyrddod & Neighbouring Cairn are recorded 815m south of the Forestry Access Track (**A1**). The Round Barrow on The Werfa is recorded 830m south of the Forestry Access Track (**A9**), while Cairn Lwyd is recorded 2.1km east of the Southern Array (**A4**).
- 3.6.9 Evidence of prehistoric settlement activity is recorded within the wider 5km Study Area, as reflected through the presence of hillforts in the landscape. Nant Herbert Camp and Cefn yr Argoed Camp are recorded 4.3km and 3.1km west of the Site respectively (**A5, A6**). These monuments are thought to date to the Iron Age and remain visible in the landscape through buried surviving earthworks. Similarly, the scheduled monument of Y Bwlwarcau is recorded 4km southwest of the Southern Array and is noted by Cadw as one of the most well-preserved in the area of Mynydd Margam (**A10**). These settlements are representative of defence systems, and further evidence of this is depicted with the presence of Bwlch yr Avan Dyke, recorded 100m east of the Forestry Access Track (**A2**).

### Roman (c.43 – 410 CE)

- 3.6.10 The Roman invasion of Britain in 43 CE brought major changes to Wales. After a nearly thirty-year period of resistance, Welsh tribes were brought under Roman control, including the southeastern Welsh tribe of the Silures. Key Roman forts were established in locations such as Caerleon and Caerwent, proximal to the modern-day border with England. In 74 CE, the Roman governor Sextus Julius Frontinus overcame this opposition in southeast Wales and secured the region by establishing the fortress at Caerleon, which became the base for the Second Augustan Legion and an important centre for Roman administration and military operations. Evidence of Frontinus' military campaign is visible in the wider landscape beyond the Proposed Development at sites including: Roman Marching Camp South West of Melin Court Brook (Cadw **GM367**) located 7km north of the Northern Array; Blaen-Cwmbach Camp (Cadw **GM258**) located 8km northwest of the Northern Array; and Twyn y Bridallt Roman Camp (Cadw **GM259**) located 13km northeast of the Northern Array.
- 3.6.11 The undulating topography of the South Wales Valleys contains few known Roman defensive enclosures, with the main distribution of sites lying predominantly within the lower lands towards the coastline, in more fertile areas such as the Gower and the Vale of Glamorgan. Recent geoarchaeological surveys at Margam Park (Cadw **PGW(Gm)52(NEP)**), located 7km southwest of the Site, revealed evidence of a Roman villa complex (Thomas 2026). According to Evans, it is probable that the Roman population, and assimilated Silures tribe, settled in these areas for the purpose of agricultural production (Evans 2018).
- 3.6.12 There is no evidence of Roman activity within the Site or 5km Study Area. The Site likely functioned as agricultural hinterland with limited evidence of use or settlement recorded

within its vicinity. With the presence of Roman military activity preserved in the wider landscape, the land within the Site may have been traversed by military personnel during the invasion campaign of the mid-1<sup>st</sup> century.

### Early Medieval (c.410 – 1100 CE)

- 3.6.13 There are three designated historic assets recorded within the 5km Study Area but no HER or NMRW assets recorded within the 1km Study Area relating to the early medieval period.
- 3.6.14 The scheduled monument of Clawdd Mawr, Mynydd Caerau is recorded within the Forestry Access Track around 2.6km northeast of the Northern Array (**A11**). The monument reflects early medieval defensive systems, comprising a linear earthwork with a substantial bank and ditch, measuring approximately 192m in length.
- 3.6.15 Material evidence from this period is often exhibited through churches and other surviving religious structures. The Grade I listed Church of St David, Bettws is recorded 2.5km south of the Southern Array and reflects an early medieval religious site (**A32**). The upstanding structure dates to the 12<sup>th</sup> century and is believed to be recorded in a charter of the Bishop of Llandaff who died in 1183. The church has undergone alterations in the 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> centuries, with later works conducted in 1893. The Grade II\* listed Church of St Cynwyd is recorded 2.7km southwest of the Southern Array (**A33**). The church likely dates to the 6<sup>th</sup> century, however the present-day building only retains fragments of the 13<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> centuries, with evidence of restoration works carried out in 1688 and between 1891-3.
- 3.6.16 Within the wider landscape, evidence of early medieval activity in the archaeological record is sporadic – partially owing to the acid-rich soil of burial environments across Wales, which provides a poor condition of preservation (RFAW 2023). Broadly, the early medieval period can be characterised by the establishment of settlements centred around religious buildings, and defensive structures, which is visible throughout this period and the subsequent medieval period.

### Medieval (c.1100 – 1539)

- 3.6.17 There are seven designated historic assets recorded within the 5km Study Area and 12 HER / NMRW assets recorded within the 1km Study Area relating to the medieval period. These features primarily reflect agricultural land practises, ecclesiastical and domestic activity within nearby settlements.
- 3.6.18 Three medieval assets are recorded within the Site, with the Northern Array displaying a cluster of medieval activity. Settlement and land use during this period is reflected through the remains of domestic long huts and platform houses exhibiting isolated, dispersed farmsteads, which are characteristics of the Llynfi Valley Agricultural HLCA encompassing the Site (HLCA **CYNONHL581**). Pant y Ffald Long Hut (**B14**) is recorded within the Site and Tor Cerrig Long Hut is recorded 70m south of the Northern Array (**B17**). The two platform houses of Pantyffold Maesteg (**B7**, **B8**) are situated 265m south of the Northern Array. These earthworks are also recorded by NMRW (**B16**). A possible medieval shelter, Mynydd Bach, is recorded 120m south of the Northern Array (**B10**), with a second recorded 106m from the Site (**B412**).
- 3.6.19 Moel Cynhordy platform house is located within the centre of the Southern Array (**B12**), while two further house platforms – Garth Hill (**A17** / **B15**) and Craig-yr-Hudol (**B13**) – are located 985m west and 790m south of the Southern Array respectively. The scheduled monument of Garth Hill Platform House (**A17** / **B15**) represents the remains of a building platform preserved in earthworks, comprising foundation stones aligned in a rectangular shape. The asset measures 10m x 5m. Further evidence of settlement is exhibited at the British Fortified Residence scheduled monument (**A12**), recorded 3.4km southwest of the

Southern Array, where a series of earthworks representing a holloway and square house platforms are visible. To the south of this feature, two further medieval platform houses are recorded at Mynydd Ty Talwyn, situated 3.8km and 4.1km southwest of the Southern Array (**A14**, **A16**). Scattered remains comprising earthworks and platform houses to the north of Nant Fadog are recorded 4.3km southwest of the Site (**A13**); these remains are spread across a large area and are visible on modern aerial imagery.

- 3.6.20 The establishment of boundaries and land ownership is visible through assets including a medieval parish boundary (**B9**), which is recorded within the southern area of the Northern Array. Another boundary is recorded 110m south of the Northern Array (**B11**), which marked the land between the marcher lordships of Kenfig and Newcastle with standing stones.
- 3.6.21 The theme of defence is prevalent throughout the medieval period, preserved in the wider landscape through the remnants of fortified settlements, castles and ditch embankments. Llangynwyd Castle is recorded 3.2km southwest from the Southern Array and reflects a 13<sup>th</sup> century defensive settlement (**A15**). The castle is situated upon a strong position on the promontory above the confluence of two streams, and contains masonry and earthwork remains of the former castle. Evidence of a bailey is visible as earthworks, as well as a partially surviving gatehouse dating to 1262-3.
- 3.6.22 Evidence of religious practises is reflected through the Grade II\* listed Church of St Cein, situated 3.1km southeast of the Southern Array (**A34**). The church is dedicated to a Celtic saint and it is thought that it was founded on the site of an earlier church. Most of the church's surviving fabric likely dates to the 15<sup>th</sup> and 16<sup>th</sup> century rebuilding works. The building was restored again in 1894.
- 3.6.23 The majority of the Site likely served as agricultural hinterland and open moorland. The creation of field boundaries and allocation of land ownership reflects the agricultural character of the land and exhibits a structured system of land workings which continues through to the post medieval and industrial periods.

### **Post Medieval & Industrial (1539 – 1899)**

- 3.6.24 There are 143 designated historic assets recorded within the 5km Study Area, and 332 HER / NMRW assets recorded within the 1km Study Area relating to the post medieval period. Within the Site, these predominantly relate to the adaptation of agricultural land use to industrial, exhibited through archaeological features corresponding to historical mining activities. The most relevant of these features are discussed below.
- 3.6.25 A concentration of previous mining activity is visible within proximity to the Northern Array. The presence of nearby collieries throughout the Industrial period resulted in the sinking of mines and creation of levels, the closest of which is recorded within the Site itself. The OS 1884 map identifies a trial level within the northeastern corner of the Northern Array (**B80**) (**Figure 5**). A series of former structures, tramways, quarry pits and spoil heaps are also recorded by NMRW in this area of the Site, relating to mining works at Mynydd Bach (**B83**, **B87**, **B171**, **B219**, **B237**). Further evidence of industrial workings is visible within the Site, comprising quarry pits and shelters in the centre of the Northern Array (**B92**, **B97**, **B175**, **B190**, **B217**); a quarry along the western Site boundary (**B236**); quarries and shelters in the south of the Northern Array (**B38**, **B95**, **B150**, **B186**, **B352**); and the former route of the Llynfi and Ogmore Railway within the eastern area of the Northern Array (**B244**), as visible on historic maps from the 19<sup>th</sup> century (**Figures 5 & 6**).
- 3.6.26 Within the Southern Array, evidence of mine workings is less visible in the archaeological record. A trial level is illustrated on the OS map of 1884, which likely relates to the HER entry relating to New Mountain Level (**B362**). This level was owned by William Washbourne between 1935-1945, with ownership recorded under D. T. Heke between 1950-1957. An old quarry and a former tramway are also visible on historic mapping



within the Southern Array but not recorded by the HER or NMRW – these features are discussed further in the historic map regression text below. Adjacent to the Site boundary, the Cwm No.2 Rhondda Colliery (Cwm Cedfyw Colliery / West Rhondda Colliery) is recorded (**B341**). This asset was owned by West Rhondda Coal & Coke Co. Ltd in 1880, who operated the main colliery 430m to the southwest at West Rhondda Colliery, lasting between 1880 – 1935 (Hudson Institute of Mineralogy 2026).

- 3.6.27 The Industrial period in South Wales marked a major shift from rural agrarian industry to mineral extraction and mining, owing to the mineral-rich geology of the region. The 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> centuries witnessed a major surge in the establishment of collieries for the purpose of coal extraction. Coal was transported along tramways and railways to the coast for export, as well as to a variety of industrial works for the purpose of metalworking and refining. Examples of nearby works include Tondy Ironworks (**A20**) situated 4.7km south of the Site, and Llynfi Ironworks containing Maesteg Blast Furnaces and the former engine house (**A18**, **A36**, **A53**), located 1.8km southwest of the Northern Array.
- 3.6.28 Several former collieries are recorded within proximity to the Site, including:
- **Cwrt-y-mwnws Colliery / Maesteg Deep Drift**: identified from 1884 OS historic mapping. Located 960m southwest of the Northern Array, this small colliery was opened in c.1824 by the Llynfi Coal and Iron Co. and ceased operation in c.1935 (NMRS 2026).
  - **Cae'r-defaid Colliery**: located 690m south of the Northern Array, this colliery is identifiable on historic mapping from 1884. A portion of the disused Llynfi and Ogmores Railway (**B244**) is illustrated as extending through the eastern area of the Northern Array and appears to be linked with this colliery (NMRS 2026).
  - **Cwm-du Colliery / St John's Colliery (B60)**: situated 720m south of the Northern Array. Cwm-du Colliery operated between 1850-1908 until the shallow Victoria seam was exhausted. The site was acquired by Tondy and Ogmores Coal and Iron Co. and St John's Colliery was hereafter established. The colliery is visible on OS historic maps from 1884 and 1919 (NMRS 2026).
  - **Caerau Colliery**: This colliery was located 1.1km north of the Northern Array and is visible on historic mapping from 1900, with associated land workings identifiable in the area to the north of the Site. At its peak, the colliery employed 2,040 workers and was owned by the North's Navigation Collieries company, of which operated the abovementioned Maesteg Deep Drift and St John's collieries (NMRS 2026).
  - **West Rhondda Colliery**: Situated 100m south of the Southern Array, activities associated with this colliery extended towards the Site, with trial levels and pits being sunk between the colliery and the Site boundary, as recorded on historic mapping from 1884 (NMRS 2026).
  - **Cedfyw Rhondda Colliery**: Located 540m south of the Southern Array and recorded on historic OS mapping from 1918. The colliery operated adjacent to Cwm-Cedfyw Farmstead (**B346**) between 1915 and 1925.
  - **Coegnant / Dyffryn-Coegnant**: Located 890m west of the Northern Array. Formerly comprised a Spelter works, as illustrated on the OS 1884 map. Operated by Cambrian Company, who owned land within the Northern Array (see **Table 2** below). During the mid-1800s, the Llynvi Iron Company acquired Coegnant and closed down a series of mine workings, before establishing a new site centred around the Dyffryn-Coegnant farmstead to the south (**B408**) (NMRS 2026).
- 3.6.29 The Industrial period and growth of trade and commerce during the 18<sup>th</sup> and 19<sup>th</sup> centuries also witnessed the application of new technologies and methods of transportation. Tramways represented the prototype for the later railway, which dramatically altered the

landscape and society across the UK. The Llynfi and Ogmore Railway (**B244**, **B359**) was adapted from an earlier tramroad which extended between Caerau Duffryn, Tondy and Porthcawl, allowing for the transportation of goods to and from the valleys for the purpose of industrial workings, such as smelting and mineral refining. This earlier route opened in 1829, with the later Llynfi and Ogmore Railway being incorporated in 1866, amalgamating multiple sections of railway across the nearby Llynfi and Garw valleys to the coastline. A second railway is recorded within the 1km Study Area, comprising the former Port Talbot Railway (**B349**). Several lines of this track are no longer extant, although elements of the railway's legacy remain within the landscape, including the Cwm Du Viaduct (**B316**) which is recorded 943m southwest of the Southern Array. This railway extended from Port Talbot through to Maesteg and Pontyrryl, opening in 1897, and eventually merging with Great Western Railway in 1992.

- 3.6.30 The rapid growth of industry and connectivity through the establishment of the railways resulted in increased industry, trade and movement of people away from rural farming communities into larger towns for work. This increase in population sparked a requirement for places for members of the community to gather and congregate. During the 19<sup>th</sup> century, many churches were constructed for the local communities, such as the Grade II listed Capel Saron (**A55**), Grade II\* Salem Welsh Baptist Chapel (**A38**), Grade II\* Bethania Capel y Bedyddwyr Neillduol (**A170**) and Siloh Independent Chapel (**A46**), located across Maesteg.
- 3.6.31 Agricultural use of the Site is reflected through evidence of former sheepfolds and other post medieval structures within the Northern Array (**B148**, **B168**, **B44**). A former sheepfold recorded within the southern area of this array is illustrated on historic maps (**B44**, **Figure 5**). A second sheepfold is identified within the northwestern area of the Site, which is also depicted on historic mapping (**Figure 5**). These structures allude to the historical use of the Site as arable land; a land use which continues through to the present day. While no sheepfold structures are recorded by the HER or NMRW within the Southern Array, the remnants of former field boundaries indicate land organisation and arrangement for agricultural purposes. The proximity of post medieval farmsteads further suggests an agricultural historical land use of the parcels within this array.
- 3.6.32 A total of 21 former and extant farmsteads are recorded within the 1km Study Area, the majority of which represent isolated, rural farmsteads, characteristic of the Llynfi and Gwyr Valleys. The closest farmstead to the Northern Array is recorded 166m south of the Site, Tor-cerryg Farmstead (**B348**), of which is no longer extant. The 1842 parish of 'Llangonoyd' [Llangynwyd] tithe apportionment lists the owner as Lewis Harry and the occupant as Edward Thomas. This farmstead is also associated with land within the southeastern area of the Northern Array, which records field 748 as pastureland under the same ownership and tenancy as Tor-cerryg Farmstead (NLW 2026).
- 3.6.33 Another former farmstead which no longer remains extant comprises Dyffryn-Coegnant Farmstead (**B408**), recorded 717m west from the Northern Array. A large portion of land within the northwestern area of the Site is attributed to 'Coegnant Fferm', under the ownership of Griffith William (NLW 2026). Documents relating to the lease of the farm and land within the Site provide an insight into the historical land use of the Site. A declaration of trust between the Llynvi Iron Company, Michael McCleary and other parties was put together in 1847 in relation to 'Coegnant Farm in Llangynwyd' (Archive Ref: D1101/4/2/28/1). This document relates to the use of land within the Site for mining activities led by the Llynvi Iron Company, who later established a new colliery at Coegnant in 1882, located 280m south of Dyffryn-Coegnant. By the time of the first edition OS map of 1884, industry had formed around the vicinity of Dyffryn-Coegnant and evidence of coal mines, levels and industrial infrastructure are illustrated adjacent to the farmstead, extending within the Northern Array – a stark difference to the landscape depicted within the 1842 tithe map (**Figure 5**). Industrialisation of this area continued through the 19<sup>th</sup> and

20<sup>th</sup> centuries. A document dating to 1854 describes Michael McChlery and other parties leasing to the Llynvi Vale Iron Co. minerals under Coegnant Farm for 99 years (Archive Ref: D1101/4/2/20/51). Over 50 years later, a lease is recorded detailing Morgan Griffiths and others: 'surface land and buildings, part of Dyffryn Coegnant farm in Llangynwyd' for 22 years from 29<sup>th</sup> September 1906 (Archive Ref: D1101/4/2/11/7). The farmstead was demolished sometime during the early 20<sup>th</sup> century.

- 3.6.34 The closest surviving farmstead to the Northern Array comprises Blaen-cwm-du, located 400m southeast of the Site. The farmstead is recorded in the tithe map of 1842 under the ownership of Jenkin Thomas, and several historic assets are associated with this area in relation to mining activities (**B264, B329, B331**).

### Historic Cartographic Regression (Post Medieval – Modern)

#### *Northern Array*

- 3.6.35 A tithe map titled 'A plan the Lower Hamlet of Langonoyd in the County of Glamorgan' of 1842 (**Figure 4**) shows the Site almost entirely within fields (NLW 2026). All of the plots are described as pasture. The tithe apportionment gives the available information on the plots within the Site, as presented in **Table 2** below.

**Table 7A.2: Tithe Apportionment – Northern Array**

| Plot no. | Owner                                      | Occupier                                   | Description                         | State of cultivation |
|----------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 402H     | Traherne Morgan Popkin Esq                 | Cambrian Company                           | Mynydd Bach, Tirgwyn bach Fferm     | Pasture              |
| 403H     | Griffith William                           | Griffith William                           | Craig y duffrin, Coegnant Fferm     | Pasture              |
| 738      | Company Old Maestag Leased under Mr Gwynne | Company Old Maestag Leased under Mr Gwynne | Mynydd                              | Pasture              |
| 739      | Lewis Harry                                | Edward Harris                              | Tor Cerrig Fferm, Mynydd tor Cerrig | Pasture              |

- 3.6.36 The Ordnance Survey (OS) 1<sup>st</sup> edition 6": mile map of 1884 (**Figure 5**) depicts the Site as unenclosed upland moorland on Mynydd Bach, with no buildings and little formal land division. A network of linear features crosses the Site, likely streams or mineral working routes. Evidence of extractive activity is concentrated along the western boundary and immediately beyond, including multiple air shafts, trial shafts, and references to nearby coal levels, indicating 19<sup>th</sup> century mining. A 'Pile of Stones' is recorded to the east, possibly marking clearance or navigational features. The surrounding landscape is similarly open, with more intensive mining remains to the west and sparse agricultural enclosure to the south.



- 3.6.37 The OS 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 25": mile map of 1899 shows the Site remains largely unchanged as open moorland with no structural development. However, extractive activity is more clearly defined, with additional 'old' quarries, old coal levels, and trial shafts labelled, suggesting that mining, immediately west of the Site and inside the Site itself had ceased by this date. A quarry is shown encroaching slightly into the southwest of the Site. Internal linear routes persist, including the 'Pile of Stones' and boundary aligned east–west. The surrounding landscape continues to show extensive former mining to the west, while the eastern and southern areas remain relatively unenclosed upland with minimal agricultural use. A structure in the south of the Site is labelled 'Old Sheepfold', and the earth around it is illustrated as rough pastoral vegetation.
- 3.6.38 The OS 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 25": map of 1949 illustrates a reservoir present to the south, beyond the Site boundary, reflecting some infrastructure expansion in the wider area.
- 3.6.39 The OS 4<sup>th</sup> edition 25": map of 1964 shows that the Site continues as open moorland with no built development or enclosure. Earlier extractive features are no longer prominently labelled within the Site, suggesting either cartographic generalisation or further assimilation into the landscape. The Old Sheepfold is no longer extant, and the area of rocky banks has been labelled as Pant Y Ffald. The most notable change is in the immediate surroundings, where coniferous plantation woodland has been established to the north and east, indicating mid-20<sup>th</sup> century afforestation. Field boundaries remain visible across the Site, maintaining the same route from the 19<sup>th</sup> century Tithe map. The wider landscape appears more managed than in earlier maps, though the Site itself retains a largely unchanged, undeveloped character.

#### *Southern Array*

- 3.6.40 A tithe map titled 'Map of the Parish of Bettws in the County of Glamorgan' dating to 1843 (**Figure 5**) shows the Site almost entirely within fields (NLW 2026). All of the plots are described as pasture. The tithe apportionment gives the available information on the plots within the Site, as displayed below in **Table 3**.

**Table 7A.3: Tithe Apportionment – Southern Array**

| Plot no. | Owner                       | Occupier          | Description                             | State of cultivation |
|----------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 74       | Traherne Morgan Popkin Esqr | Williams Williams | Maes y Bettws hill, Maes y Bettws       | Pasture              |
| 140      | Griffiths Thomas Aubrey Esq | William Thomas    | Llettu brongu bryn, Llettu Brongu fferm | Pasture              |
| 269      | Thomas Revnd Edward         | John David        | Mynydd cyngordy, Cyng ordy fferm        | Pasture              |
| 270      | Jenkins Richard Hoare Esqr  | John David        | Sheep Walk, Tor Ffron Fferm             | Pasture              |
| 273      | Jenkins Richard Hoare Esqr  | John David        | Cae Newydd, Tor Ffron Fferm             | Pasture              |

| Plot no. | Owner                                   | Occupier         | Description                             | State of cultivation |
|----------|-----------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 73       | Vaughan Nash<br>Vaughan<br>Edwards Esqr | Christopher John | Mynydd blaen<br>cedfew, Celfidd<br>Evan | Pasture              |
| 72       | Traherne Morgan<br>Popkin Esq           | Thomas Thomas    | Mynydd vole cae<br>ricca, Cwm<br>Coedfw | Pasture              |

- 3.6.41 The Ordnance Survey (OS) 1<sup>st</sup> edition 6": mile map of 1884 shows the Site comprises irregular parcels of unenclosed upland moorland across Moel Cynnordy, with no buildings and little formal enclosure. The interior is characterised by rough grazing and stony ground, with limited vegetation improvement. A north–south footpath crosses the Site, linking to routes extending east–west along the upland plateau. Extractive activity is evident within and adjacent to the Site, including trial levels, air shafts, and quarries, particularly to the south and east, indicating active or recent mining. Two springs run north-south, framing the central slope. The eastern one, now called Nant Cedfww, runs down from a trial level. More organised field systems and enclosure are present immediately to the south around Betws and Cwmnordy. The surrounding landscape reflects a transitional upland environment, with pastoral use within the Site and more intensive industrial and agricultural activity developing at its margins.
- 3.6.42 The OS 2<sup>nd</sup> edition 25": mile map of 1899 shows the Site as largely unchanged, as open upland moorland with no built development. Extractive features are more explicitly defined, with 'Old Trial Level' and quarrying features labelled within the southern portion of the Site, indicating that mining activity had ceased by this date. Enclosure and agricultural improvement have increased immediately to the south, where more regularised field parcels extend toward the Site edge.
- 3.6.43 By the mid-20<sup>th</sup> century, the OS 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 25": map of 1949 illustrates undeveloped upland moorland, with no structural encroachment. A network of footpaths traverses the Site, following ridgelines and connecting to routes extending into the wider uplands. Springs are recorded along slopes and valley edges, reflecting natural drainage patterns. Industrial activity is confined to the wider landscape, including nearby disused collieries, while enclosure remains concentrated to the south. The Site itself retains its open, unenclosed character.
- 3.6.44 In the southern part of the Site, the OS 4<sup>th</sup> edition 25": map of 1964 shows a pronounced steep-sided valley (Cwm Cedfww) depicted in detail, with extensive hachuring indicating sharply incised slopes and rough ground. A sheepfold is present on the valley floor, confirming continued pastoral use. A dismantled tramway runs along the valley line, reflecting earlier industrial infrastructure associated with mining activity. Drainage features and minor watercourses follow the valley course. To the east and north-east, extensive coniferous plantation woodland encloses parts of the valley edge.

### Modern (1900 – Present)

- 3.6.45 There are 16 designated historic assets recorded within the 5km Study Area and 13 HER / NMRW assets recorded within the 1km Study Area relating to the modern period, one of which related to the site of a World War Two aircraft crash, which has been previously appraised by WSP in March 2026 (WSP 2026a and **paragraph 3.6.50**).

- 3.6.46 Two Grade II\* listed and 14 Grade II listed buildings are recorded within the 5km Study Area, the closest of which comprises Nanttyffyllon Workmen's Institute (**A178**). Recorded 1.2km west of the Northern Array; this Grade II listed building was constructed between 1924-1926 on behalf of North Navigation Collieries as a communal hub for those working in the mining community. By this time, North Navigation Collieries had purchased the Llynvi Company and operated nearby mine workings including Coegnant, Caerau, Measteg Deep Drift and St John's.
- 3.6.47 Several Grade II listed buildings and structures from the modern period are recorded in the town of Maesteg, including Zoar Chapel (**A175**), Cenotaph (**A173**), North Company Offices (**A174**), Post Office (**A176**). Two Grade II\* listed buildings are recorded in Maesteg, comprising Bethania Capel y Bedyddwyr Neillduol (**A170**) and Maesteg Council Offices (**A171**). Each constructed during the early 20<sup>th</sup> century, these assets reflect the industrial communities living and working in the area, exhibited through the establishment of places of worship, commerce and local administration. This community aspect is particularly visible through the dedication of a monument to William Hopkin Thomas, a prominent surgeon practising in the area between the 1860s and 1890s (**A177**), recorded 1.8km southwest of the Northern Array.
- 3.6.48 The impact of the industrial revolution on the communities extends beyond the town of Maesteg – within the village of Pontycymer, to the east of the Site, the Grade II listed Ffaldau Workmen's Institute (**A182**) and a cemetery monument dedicated to the first secretaries of the workmen's institute, Benjamin and Elizabeth Noyle (**A183**), are recorded 1.8km west of the Southern Array.
- 3.6.49 Industrial activity continued within proximity to the Site throughout the modern period. Evidence of mineral extraction is recorded 27m north of the Northern Array at Dunraven Quarry, identified on historic mapping from 1900 (**B353**). A second quarry is recorded at Cwmdy, situated 120m east of the Northern Array, and two quarry features relating to workings at Lluest Colliery are recorded near Pontyrhyl (**B354**, **B355**), approximately 700m east of the Southern Array. Garw-fechan colliery (**B357**) is recorded 547m east of the Southern Array, with a modern railway siding also located in this area (**B358**).
- 3.6.50 A Technical Note was produced to provide all available evidence regarding the loss of a Second World War aircraft, believed to be a Supermarine Spitfire Mk VB, serial number BM575, which crashed on the north-facing slope of Moel Cynhordy, near St. John's Colliery (**B60**) around 10.30 on Tuesday 29 September 1942. While the location of a nearby crash site is recorded by NMRW (**B350**), this appears to be 1.4km away from the site identified within the Technical Note. The appraisal included a site visit, during which a large depression in the ground was observed around 140m west of the Southern Array boundary, and preliminary metal detecting within a 60m radius of the purported impact site identified several locations of potential non-ferrous wreckage material (**WSP24**). The site of a memorial to Sgt Norman Mackay was also identified approximately 50m south of the crash site (**WSP25**) (**Figure 3**).
- 3.6.51 In general, the modern period within the Study Area is characterised by continuation of industrial activities relating to coal mining and mineral refinery, preserved in record and *in situ* through the remains of buildings, structures and archival material.

## LiDAR

- 3.6.52 Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) is a useful resource in determining the potential for buried earthworks which may be indicative of archaeological remains. For the purpose of this assessment, LiDAR data in the format of hillshade imagery was procured from DataMapWales (2026a) and imported into GIS mapping software for analysis. The LiDAR data and identified features as discussed below are presented on **Figure 7A.8**.

- 3.6.53 Natural geological features indicative of the upland topography and character of the Site are visible across the Northern and Southern Arrays. Evidence of land enclosures corresponding to historic tithe mapping within the Site is also visible as linear features within the LiDAR imagery, particularly within the southern area of the Northern Array (**WSP3**).
- 3.6.54 Within the Northern Array, evidence of earthworks corresponding to the NMRW entries concerning the three recorded cairns at Mynydd Bach are partially visible as sub-circular features (**B1**, **B2**, **B3**). Areas of ground disturbance typical of previous quarrying activity, as recorded in proximity to the aforementioned cairns, are also exhibited in the LiDAR imagery (**B92**, **B97**, **B175**). A further quarry feature is visible along the southwestern boundary of the Northern Array (**B150**), correlating to illustrations on historic mapping from 1884.
- 3.6.55 Evidence of previous ground disturbance is also prevalent across the Southern Array, with quarry-like depressions visible in the central area (**WSP8–WSP19**). These impacts may be associated with post medieval and modern mining activities recorded in the vicinity, including New Mountain Level (**B632**) which connected with West Rhondda Colliery via a tramway, of which has been dismantled and removed from the Site.
- 3.6.56 Overall, LiDAR imagery of the Site provides an insight into the archaeological potential, particularly in relation to previous mining activities. While some areas have been identified in the HER and NMRW datasets – primarily derived from historic maps and plans – it is acknowledged that unknown areas of previous mining are highly probable, given the historical background of the Site and its wider context. While the LiDAR has identified further areas of previous ground disturbance which may be indicative of historical mining, the available dataset is limited in its provision of detail sufficient to examine any further possible areas of quarrying / pitting relating to mineral extraction works.

### Aerial Imagery

- 3.6.57 The earliest aerial photography available of the Site was captured in May 1949 and displays the Northern Array as an empty plot of land. The photography from the same collection displaying the Southern Array is of poor quality and is unfortunately covered by the original template title of the aerial photo (NLS 2026).
- 3.6.58 Satellite imagery from 2020 shows regular, narrow north-south linear features in the southwestern portion of the Northern Array, indicating potential medieval ridge and furrow (ESRI 2026). However, post medieval cartographic evidence documents that this site had a purely pastoral function in later centuries, and the site is classified as very poor agricultural land by Natural Resources Wales (DataMapWales 2026b).
- 3.6.59 An undated possible trapezoidal feature measuring 310m by 195m, is visible on aerial satellite imagery dating from 2013, but is not recognisable through LiDAR. It is possible that this feature may represent a tip line or some structure relating to the nearby mining infrastructure within the Site itself; however, earth compaction like this would likely show both on LiDAR, and on aerial photography from before 2013, considering mining activities within the Southern Array largely predate the mid-20<sup>th</sup> century. It is also possible that these markings represent modern surface disturbance, such as vehicle track marks.

### Undated

- 3.6.60 There are 48 undated historic assets recorded by the HER within the 1km Study Area. These primarily comprise farmsteads and sheepfold structures of unknown date (**B370**, **B372**, **B378**, **B396–B408**), features associated with fords, footbridges and railway bridges are vastly recorded (**B382–B389**, **B393–B395**) and undated earthworks (**B365–B367**, **B377**, **B409**, **B411**).

- 3.6.61 Three undated assets are recorded within 300m of the Northern Array boundary, comprising Cwmdru Structure I (**B368**), Cwmdru Structure II (**B369**), and an irregular enclosure (**B365**). The two structures are noted by the HER from review of the 1884 OS map; upon further investigation, there are no structures identifiable on this map series, instead the area appears to be heaving quarried, indicated by hasher markings (**Figure 7A.5**).
- 3.6.62 Three further undated assets are recorded within 300m of the Southern Array boundary. These relate to two farmsteads: Cynnordy (**B401**), a working farmstead located 220m south of the Site; and Tor-fron-uchaf (**B399**), of which is depicted on historic maps up to the mid-20<sup>th</sup> century but is no longer extant today. Due to the proximity of the historic farmstead of Cynnordy to the Site, further appraisal of this asset has been set out within **Section 5**.
- 3.6.63 Overall, the undated assets within the 1km Study Area likely relate to post medieval farmsteads with no confirmed date of origin; ancillary infrastructure to railways, roads and bridges, also like to be of a post medieval date; and buried earthworks which display consistency with other known earthworks of a medieval date, although such a date is not able to be confirmed. These assets identify the potential for further undated assets to be present within the 1km Study Area, and potentially within the Site itself, due to its historical use as agricultural land and location on the periphery of known historical mine workings.

## Site Visit Description

### Walkover Survey

- 3.6.64 A site walkover of the Northern and Southern Arrays was conducted on 15<sup>th</sup> June 2026 in sunny and cloudy weather conditions with very good visibility. Due to access constraints including the presence of livestock and fencing dividing the Site into individual land parcels, some areas were not subject to a full walkover. However, the majority of areas proposed for wind turbines and associated infrastructure were assessed during the walkover survey. The following description is accompanied by photographs captured during the site visit, of which are displayed as **Plates** in **Annex 7A.D**.

### *Northern Array*

- 3.6.65 The Northern Array comprises moorland divided into separate parcels by post-and-rail fencing, seemingly for the purpose of livestock management. The Northern Array is situated on an elevated plateau to the east of Maesteg town, bound to the north by modern forestry plantation, and to the west, east and south by pastureland (**Plates 1-4**). Ground level varies considerably across this area of the Site, with the Site sloping to the northern, western and southern edges.
- 3.6.66 Evidence of previous ground disturbance was identified in locations recorded by the HER and NMRW, including the Mynydd Bach quarry pits and purported burial cairns recorded by NMRW – although, the recorded burial cairns exhibited closer characteristics to quarrying activities (**B2, B18, B92, B175; Plates 5-12**). Further features comprising possible quarry pits were identified during the walkover survey – the locations of which are shown on **Figure 7A.10**. Two of these features were identified during the walkover survey within the northwestern area of the Site (**WSP1 & WSP2; Plates 13-15**).
- 3.6.67 A linear feature indicative of a ditch and bank boundary was identified within the western area of this array, running parallel to the western Site boundary (**WSP4; Plates 16-18**). One potential interpretation of this feature may be that it reflects a continuation of the medieval boundary identified by the HER beyond the southern Site boundary (**B11**). Upon



review of the LiDAR data, the medieval earthwork recorded by the HER is visible traversing northwards into the Site boundary, aligning with the ditch and bank identified during the site visit. While the date and purpose of this asset is unclear, and there is no indication of this boundary in historic mapping, similarities can be drawn with medieval defensive ditch systems recorded elsewhere within the 5km Study Area, such as the Clawdd Mawr, Mynydd Caerau scheduled monument recorded 2.6km to the northeast (**A11**) and the defensive embankments at Llangynwyd Castle 3.2km to the southwest (**A15**).

- 3.6.68 A second boundary, which may exhibit a continuation of another medieval boundary (**B9**), was observed in the centre of the Site, aligned northwest to southeast (**WSP5**). Part of this feature is marked by a drystone wall, as visible in the background of **Plate 6**.
- 3.6.69 A buried and collapsed drystone wall is visible traversing through the centre of the Site. This feature represents a historic field boundary, as recorded on the tithe map of 1842, and was identified during the walkover (**WSP3**; **Plates 19-20**; **Figure 4**).
- 3.6.70 Historic mapping from 1884 identifies the presence of a boundary through the Site, the western terminus of which is illustrated and labelled as 'Pile of Stones'. While a pile of stones was not observed during the site visit, the alignment of this boundary was marked with a post-and-rail fencing, as visible in **Plate 21**.
- 3.6.71 In general, the terrain across the Northern Array was rugged, exhibiting signs of widescale ground disturbance most likely caused by historical mining activity. Such activity within the Site is likely to be more extensive than the available evidence suggests through analysis of the HER, NMRW and historic mapping.

#### *Southern Array*

- 3.6.72 The Southern Array spans across multiple fields, the majority of which are used as pastureland for livestock grazing. The terrain across the Southern Array varies considerably, comprising high ground and steep sloping valley sides characteristic of the Llynfi Valley uplands.
- 3.6.73 Evidence of historical land use for the purpose of both agriculture and mineral extraction was visible across this array. The northern area of the Southern Array is bound by woodland plantation to the north and east, and by rolling valley slopes to the west. Remains of agricultural machinery were observed within this area (**WSP6**; **Plate 22**) and modern cable infrastructure traverses through the western area of this array (**Plate 23**). The boundaries within this area of the Southern Array appear to correspond with those visible on the 1843 tithe map and are therefore considered to be historic boundaries; although, some of these have been modernised over time and replaced with post-and-rail fencing (**Plates 24-25**).
- 3.6.74 The westernmost area of this array was covered in crop, therefore it was difficult to ascertain the presence of potential archaeological features here (**Plates 26-27**). Although, general observation within this area of the Site indicates that there is likely to be sporadic evidence of quarrying and mineral extraction compared to areas further south and east within the Southern Array, and to the west beyond the Site boundary.
- 3.6.75 Evidence of possible quarrying and mining was observed within the central eastern area of the Southern Array (**WSP7**; **Plates 28-29**) and a waterlogged area / pond likely used for livestock management was also identified (**Plate 30**). Further evidence of mineral extraction works was identified within the central and eastern areas of this array. These include isolated possible quarry pits which likely relate to historical workings at the nearby West Rhondda Colliery located 100m south of this array, and various levels and trial pits which were sunk within this area (**B341**, **B279**, **B281**, **B324**, **B319**). A total of twelve



potential features were identified through LiDAR analysis, with six of these clearly visible during the walkover survey (**WSP8-WSP13**). A large area of disturbance was observed both within LiDAR and during the site visit towards the eastern part of the Southern Array, likely reflecting mineral extraction works associated with the New Mountain Level, Garw Valley (**B362**; **WSP14-WSP16**) (**Plates 31-34**).

- 3.6.76 Earthworks relating to historic field boundaries which are no longer extant were observed within the central part of the Southern Array and align to those identified on LiDAR and within historic mapping from the 19<sup>th</sup> century (**WSP20, WSP21**) (**Plates 35-36**). The linear feature aligned north to south in this area is not comparable with boundaries illustrated on historic mapping (**WSP21**); therefore, this might exhibit an earlier ditch or channel. The site of a purported medieval platform house (**B12**) recorded by NMRW is located 30m west of the linear **WSP21** – it could be suggested that these features (or possible features) could be associated.
- 3.6.77 A curvilinear earthwork was identified during the site visit within the central western area of the Southern Array (**WSP22**), aligned northeast to southwest, and terminating at the pond feature (**Plates 37-38**). Analysis of LiDAR suggests that this feature may continue further eastward towards the valley. The purpose and date of this feature is unknown.
- 3.6.78 The eastern area of the Southern Array is characterised by pastureland used for grazing livestock. The elevated terrain within this area provides far-reaching views across the Llynfi and Garw Valleys towards the coastline southwards, and north towards the uplands of the South Wales Valleys. No previously unidentified features of possible archaeological nature were observed during the walkover survey in this area (**Plates 39-41**). However, due to the proximity of previous mine workings associated with the New Mountain Level (**B362**), it is probable that historical mine workings may have extended into this area.
- 3.6.79 Overall, the Southern Array reflects the rural character of the surrounding Llynfi and Garw Valleys, with evidence of historical mining activities juxtaposed by the current use of the landscape for farming and agriculture. The agricultural workings of the land appear to be consistent throughout history, as evidenced by an upstanding structure identified during the site visit, which is likely to be of a post medieval date due to its inclusion on tithe mapping and subsequent historic maps (**WSP23**; **Plate 42**). It is likely this feature is associated with the working farm at Cynnordy, recorded 215m from the southern Site boundary (**B401**).

### Setting Survey

- 3.6.80 An assessment of the setting of historic assets which were deemed likely to be impacted by the Proposed Development was conducted on 16<sup>th</sup> June 2026. Visibility conditions ranged between poor and very good, gradually improving throughout the duration of the day. Observations of areas of intervisibility were noted and are discussed below, and the assets were visited where publicly and safely accessible, due to restrictions on assets being situated on private land.
- 3.6.81 Views towards the Northern Array were observed from the eastern edge of the Margam Mountain Registered Historic Landscape (**A26**), despite partial fog coverage across to the Site (**Plates 43-45**). The topography of the historic landscape is undulating, characterised by dense forests and extending across to the coastline towards Port Talbot. Therefore, it is expected that visibility towards the Proposed Development would be observed from multiple locations within the historic landscape.
- 3.6.82 Llangynwyd Conservation Area (**A30**) comprises the historic village core of Llangynwyd settlement, of which dates to at least the early medieval period, with evidence of earlier settlement within the surrounding landscape. The Grade II\* listed Church of St Cynwyd (**A33**) is the oldest surviving building within the conservation area, dating to the 6<sup>th</sup>

century; although, the extant building comprises fabric of the 13<sup>th</sup> century and later. Multiple elements within the churchyard are also listed, including Grade II listed funerary monuments (**A77, A78, A81, A82, A83**) and the Grade II listed churchyard walls (**A84**) (**Plates 46-48**). A heritage information board is positioned adjacent to the Grade II listed telephone box (**A172**), which describes the history and setting of the conservation area (**Plates 49-50**). To the south of these features is the Grade II listed The Old House Inn (**A45**), which exhibits a 17<sup>th</sup> century thatched dwelling later converted into a public house, with 18<sup>th</sup>, 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> century alterations (**Plates 51-52**). The Grade II listed Hopcyn Cross (**A148**) is located northwest of the Inn and southeast of the Church, acting as a landmark and central point for the village (**Plate 53**). Overall, there were no direct views towards the Site from these assets within the conservation area. The setting of the conservation area is defined by its sense of isolation and historically rural surroundings, of which remained untouched by the intense industrialisation of the wider Llynfi Valley during the post medieval and modern periods.

- 3.6.83 The Church of St David, Bettws, is a Grade I listed building located over 2.5km south of the Site (**A32**). The building is believed to date to the 12<sup>th</sup> century, with later restoration works during the 19<sup>th</sup> century, and contains important features including the medieval western bellcote (**Plates 54-55**). There was no direct intervisibility observed between this asset and the Site due to the presence of modern built form blocking views to the north of the churchyard (**Plate 56**).
- 3.6.84 Bryngarw is a Grade II listed park located 3.5km south of the Site in the Garw Valley (**A23**). The asset represents an Edwardian park, landscaped with woodland and water gardens with oriental features and planting. The gardens enshroud Bryngarw House which is in the centre of the parkland. Due to the extensive planting across the parkland, there are no direct views towards the Site visible from the centre of the park and Bryngarw House. The area was designed to be inward facing towards the house, with limited regard of the surrounding landscape, reflected in the plantation of tall trees to create a sense of isolation and tranquillity within the otherwise industrialised landscape (**Plates 57-58**).
- 3.6.85 The upstanding remains of the former Llynfi Ironworks comprise the blast furnace structures, which are both Grade II listed and registered as a scheduled monument (**A18, A53**), and associated engine house which presently functions as a sports centre (**A36, Plates 59-61**). The preserved relationship of these features contributes to their significance. The current setting of these assets has changed significantly from its original setting, now consisting of a Tesco superstore and large car park. Direct views towards the Northern and Southern Arrays were observed (**Plates 62-63**). These remains do not form part of the Maesteg Town Centre Conservation Area (**A29**).
- 3.6.86 The Maesteg Town Centre Conservation Area (**A29**) contains multiple listed buildings within its boundary, including the following which were subject to field observations:
- Maesteg Council Offices, Grade II\* listed (**A171, Plate 64**)
  - Colonel North Memorial Hall, Grade II listed (**A58, Plate 65**)
  - Post Office, Grade II listed (**A176, Plate 66**)
  - Church of St David, Grade II listed (**A57, Plates 67-69**)
  - Cenotaph, Grade II listed (**A173, Plate 67**)
  - North Company Offices, Grade II listed (**A174, Plate 70**)
  - William Hopkin Thomas Memorial, Grade II listed (**A177, Plate 71**)
  - Neuadd y Dref (Town Hall), Grade II listed (**A54, Plate 72**)
  - The Star Public House, Grade II listed (**A59, Plate 73**)

- 3.6.87 The conservation area is listed for its special character and appearance, with buildings reflecting those relating to the administration of industry and local governance throughout the Industrial Era. There were no direct views between these assets and the Site, and the introspective streetscape as well as modern built form prevents such views from being observed within the core of the conservation area.
- 3.6.88 The Grade II listed Capel Saron (**A55**) is recorded 1.5km southwest of the Site and exhibits a mid-19<sup>th</sup> century provincial chapel in Gothic style (**Plate 74**). The prominent, elevated position of the church within the local streetscape commands views across the valley towards the Site, with uninterrupted views towards the Northern Array (**Plate 75**)
- 3.6.89 Two Grade II listed buildings within Nanttyffyllon community were visited as part of the setting assessment, comprising Siloh Independent Chapel (**A46**) and Nanttyffyllon Workmen's Institute (**A178**). Direct views towards the Site were blocked from Siloh Independent Chapel by dense vegetation and built form (**Plates 76-77**). The former workmen's institute shared direct intervisibility with the Northern Array from the northwestern elevation (**Plate 78**).
- 3.6.90 A terrace of Grade II worker's cottages, Gelli Houses, is located around 2.8km north of the Site (**A156-A167**). The immediate setting of the cottages comprises a roadside location, fronting the River Afan, within the wider Gelli farm estate (**Plates 79-80**). A heritage information board is positioned opposite the River Afan and displays information on the history of Gelli farm estate (**Plate 81**).

## Historic Landscape Character

- 3.6.91 The Site is situated within the Llynfi & Garw Uplands and Forestry Landscape Character Area (LCA), as appraised in 2013 (LUC 2013). The key characteristics of the landscape comprising the Northern and Southern Arrays consists of the following:
- **Topography:** rolling upland landscape with escarpments and steep slopes. Mynydd Caerau forms the highest point of this LCA, measuring 556m above Ordnance Datum (aOD). The area contains an array of waterfalls and streams, which feed into the Llynfi and Garw valleys below and have influenced the shape of the undulating, steep valley sides.
  - **Woodland Cover:** modern woodland plantation has influenced the character of this area through plantation of Norway spruce, combined with bands of semi-natural woodland of native species including oak, ash and birch.
  - **Agricultural Land Use and Field Patterns:** majority of this LCA functions as pastureland for sheep grazing. Towards the lower levels of the valley slope, evidence of organised field patterns and enclosures is visible.
  - **Archaeology and Cultural Heritage:** industrial activities throughout the post medieval and modern periods have physically impacted this LCA, owing to the mineral-rich Upper Coal Measures deposits which underly the Site and surrounding areas. Evidence of agricultural land use is preserved with the scattered remains of sheepfolds and boundary markers, and earlier human activity is reflected through the presence of burial cairns along the elevated ridgeway of the upland's terrain.
  - **Views and Perceptual Qualities:** The elevated terrain allows for vast, long-reaching views to be experienced across the South Wales Valleys, to the south towards the coastline, and to the north towards Bannau Brycheiniog. The LCA appraisal notes that the lower slopes retain strong visual relationships with the adjacent Llynfi and Garw valleys and the settlements within these valleys.
- 3.6.92 The Site also extends across two Historic Landscape Character Areas (HLCAs). The main HLCA comprises Mynydd Caerau and Garw Forest (NRW Ref: **CYNONHL224**), while the

southwestern area of the Southern Array and northwestern area of the Northern Array are situated within the Llynfi Valley Agricultural landscape (NRW Ref: **CYNONHL581**; NRW 2026).

- 3.6.93 The Mynydd Caerau and Garw Forest is characterised by modern forestry plantation atop the ridge between the Llynfi and Gar Rivers. While these plantation activities have obscured much of the earlier landscape of unenclosed moorland, some evidence of moor survives. Historically, the area is further characterised by its prehistoric monuments, with the presence of burial cairns and medieval defensive boundaries recorded in proximity to the Site – although in general, the landscape area has lost a degree of coherence over time due to the modern forestry plantation. Mining and mineral extraction works have influenced the development of the HLCA over time, but somewhat less extensively than in other local areas; such evidence is reflected through quarry/coal pits, levels, tramways and other industrial workings associated with the workings of nearby collieries. Agricultural characteristics comprise the presence of sheepwalks and sheepfolds throughout the HLCA, with some areas functioning as pastureland for grazing livestock, as visible within the Site boundary (NRW 2026).
- 3.6.94 In comparison to the Mynydd Caerau and Garw Forest HLCA, the Llynfi Valley Agricultural landscape is characterised by arable farmland organised into enclosures, with both regular and irregular land enclosure creating a visually cohesive landscape. These field patterns are largely defined by hedgerows and hedge banks, as well as post-and-rail fencing and drystone walls, examples of which are visible within the Site. With regard to the HLCA's historic environment, evidence of pre-medieval archaeology is relatively sparse, with medieval activity concentrated to the settlement at Bettws and the substantial former medieval manorial complex at Plas-y-Betws (**A19**). Industrial workings are observable within this HLCA, as identified during the site visit within the Southern Array, and as visible on historic maps from the 19<sup>th</sup> century onwards. The preservation of isolated, dispersed farmsteads is characteristic of this rural landscape, despite the moderate industrialisation of the area during the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. The NRW description suggests that there is opportunity for further investigation to be undertaken of the irregular fieldscape within this character area (NRW 2026).

### 3.7 Factors Affecting Archaeological Survival

- 3.7.1 Historical land use of the Site, most notably that of previous mine workings, has the potential to affect the survival of buried archaeological deposits pre-dating the post medieval and modern periods. Several sources have been consulted to identify the extent and location of previous mining activity on site, including the HER and NMRW records, historic mapping, aerial imagery, LiDAR analysis, and data held by the British Geological Survey and Mining Remediation Authority, as assessed within **Chapter 11: Ground Conditions** of the Environmental Statement (WSP 2026b).
- 3.7.2 Data gathered from BGS and MRA, collated by Groundsure, identifies a total of 43 potentially contaminative land-use features and nine features of historical mining and ground workings within the Southern Array. The distribution of activity appears to be confined to the areas of mine workings associated with West Rhondda Colliery, who worked the New Mountain Level (**B362**) along the western slope of the eastern land parcel within the Southern Array.
- 3.7.3 Mining activities appear to be more extensively recorded within the Northern Array. A total of 59 historical industrial land-use features are identified in this array, which largely correspond to those identified during the historic environment baseline research. A concentration of industrial land workings is identified within the northwestern part of the Site and features corresponding to those found during the site walkover survey were also identified (**WSP1-WSP2, WSP4**).

- 3.7.4 Historical documents and sources identify that mining activities occur within the Site from the mid-19<sup>th</sup> century through to the 20<sup>th</sup> century, although it is likely that earlier open-cast quarrying was conducted throughout history for the use of local materials in construction. Due to the extensive nature of mining identified, and the potential for further unidentified mine workings to be present within the Site, it is likely that any remains pre-dating the post medieval and modern periods may have been truncated through historical mining activities, within areas of known impact.
- 3.7.5 Unlike arable farmland, historical pastureland would have sustained very limited ground impacts. The tithe maps and apportionments associated with the Site note that land use was predominantly pastureland, and thus in areas not affected by industrial workings, the potential for archaeological remains to be present is deemed to be higher.



## 4. Archaeology: Statement of Significance

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### 4.1 Palaeoenvironment

- 4.1.1 An area of peat is shown on the BGS geology viewer (BGS 2026a) and Groundsure report (2026) approximately 20m north of the Northern Array, and an area of deep peat is recorded by the Peatlands of Wales map 50m north of the Southern array (DataMapWales 2026c). No peat is recorded within the Site.
- 4.1.2 A Phase 1 Peat and Preliminary Soil Survey has been conducted across the Site. The results of this survey have identified three areas of high peat potential within the Site, located within the northern part of the Northern Array and the northwestern part of the Southern Array. The results of the survey identified that there were no peat profiles within the Site existing at levels above 0.3m bgl. However, coring data retrieved from the survey showed that peat horizons were identified below 0.3m depth bgl.
- 4.1.3 Areas of peat that survive within the Site would be of high palaeoenvironmental potential, as they may contain well preserved organic material. Elsewhere, the palaeoenvironmental potential is considered to be low, especially in areas where quarrying or mining works would have resulted in destruction of any peat deposits. Overall, the potential for remains of palaeoenvironmental interest to survive within the site is **low**. Any preserved organic remains would, depending on their content, be of **high archaeological significance**.

### 4.2 Prehistoric

- 4.2.1 The prehistoric period within the Study Areas is characterised by the buried remains of funerary monuments, comprising barrows and cairns, as well as isolated findspots. In regard to the Site, the topography of the landscape within the Site, particularly the elevated terrain of Mynydd Pwll-yr-Iwrch (the Northern Array) and Moel Cynhordy (the Southern Array), retains some potential to contain prehistoric archaeological remains. While the archaeological record generally suggests that earlier prehistoric settlements during the palaeolithic and neolithic periods favoured lower-lying terrain, there appears to be a gradual shift away from lowland settlement patterns. By the time of the Bronze Age and Iron Age, human activity is increasingly visible within upland areas situated on elevated topography, exhibited through the presence of funerary monuments and hillfort settlements. The Site is situated on elevated terrain, with the topography sloping down westwards to Maesteg, and eastwards to the Garw valley settlements.
- 4.2.2 In consideration of the above, it is deemed that archaeological potential for prehistoric remains to be present within the site is **medium**. If present, any finds, deposits or features would likely represent those associated with burial practises, as purported within the centre of the Northern Array (**B18**), which would reflect up to a **high archaeological significance**. Other archaeological finds may comprise isolated, chance findspots representative of casual loss, which would retain **low archaeological significance**.

### 4.3 Roman

- 4.3.1 There is no evidence of Roman activity recorded within the Site or 5km Study Area. In general, the valley uplands contain few known Roman sites, and activity was

concentrated to predominantly fertile lowlands within the Vale of Glamorgan and, through recent discovery, within the vicinity of Margam Park. The archaeological record for Roman activity within the wider South Wales Valley uplands includes defensive settlements and encampments; transient activity reflecting the expansion of military campaign through the mid-1<sup>st</sup> century CE.

- 4.3.2 In consideration of the above, it is deemed that archaeological potential for Roman remains to be present within the site is **low**. If present, any finds, deposits or features would likely represent those associated with transient activity, through findspots representing casual loss, and would be deemed to be of **low archaeological significance**. There is limited evidence attesting to the potential for Roman domestic / settlement activity within the Site and surrounding areas.

## 4.4 Early Medieval

- 4.4.1 Evidence of early medieval activity within the 5km Study Area is relatively scarce but can be characterised by the establishment of settlements centred around religious buildings and defensive structures. There are no known early medieval historic assets recorded within the Site, and the closest asset comprises a defensive ditch along the Forestry Access Track, recorded 2.6km away from the Site. In general, it is noted that preservation of the archaeological record from this period is challenged by the acid-rich soil of burial environments, owing to a poor condition of preservation (RFAW 2023).
- 4.4.2 In consideration of the above, it is deemed that archaeological potential for early medieval remains to be present within the site is **low**. If present, any finds, deposits or features would likely comprise findspots representing casual loss and would be deemed to be of **low archaeological significance**. There is limited evidence attesting to the potential for early medieval domestic / settlement activity within the Site and surrounding areas.

## 4.5 Medieval

- 4.5.1 The medieval period is generally characterised by settlement and land management activities, reflected through the remains of medieval boundaries and platform houses across the landscape, the closest of which is recorded within the central area of the Southern Array (**B12**). Further to observations during the site walkover and analysis of LiDAR, two recorded medieval boundaries potentially extend into the Northern Array, one traversing parallel to the western Site boundary and the other through the centre in a northwest to southeast alignment (**B11 / WSP4; B9 / WSP5**). An unknown linear feature was also identified within the Southern Array, which may be related to the purported medieval platform house (**WSP21**). While the majority of the Site likely served as agricultural hinterland and open moorland, these potential medieval earthworks within the Northern Array could reflect the defensive activities recorded within the wider landscape during this period.
- 4.5.2 In consideration of the above, it is deemed that archaeological potential for medieval remains to be present within the site is **medium**. If present, any finds, deposits or features would likely represent the two possible medieval boundaries within the Northern Array, or settlement activity associated with platform houses, which would be deemed to be of **low to medium archaeological significance**. Isolated findspots representing casual loss from this period would be considered to retain **low archaeological significance**.

## 4.6 Post Medieval

- 4.6.1 The post medieval period within the Study Areas is predominantly characterised by the Industrial Revolution, which demonstrated the most dramatic and widespread changes to the landscape from the 18<sup>th</sup> century through to the 20<sup>th</sup> century. Prior to Industrialisation, the early post medieval period was characterised by isolated, dispersed settlements within a rural landscape, with upland areas around the Llynfi and Garw Valleys including the land within the Northern Array comprising open moorland. Evidence of field enclosure and land reorganisation is visible through the preserved traditional drystone wall boundaries, examples of which are visible within the Southern Array.
- 4.6.2 With the establishment of industry and growth of mine workings in the area, this was met with an increasing population and requirement for housing, shops, churches, administrative buildings, and other communal services. This is primarily visible with the expansion of Maesteg, to the west of the Site, which demonstrates a 19<sup>th</sup> century mining town with significant growth and development throughout the 20<sup>th</sup> century.
- 4.6.3 In consideration of the above, it is deemed that archaeological potential for post medieval remains to be present within the site is **high**. If present, any finds, deposits or features would likely represent historical mine workings and ground disturbance, ancillary infrastructure to these mine workings, and structures / buildings / deposits associated with the historical use of the Site as pastureland. The significance of these finds would likely be deemed between **low to medium archaeological significance**. Isolated findspots representing casual loss from this period would be considered to retain **low archaeological significance**.

## 4.7 Modern

- 4.7.1 Evidence of modern activity within the Study Area is characterised by the continuation of industrial activities relating to coal mining and mineral refinery, preserved in record and *in situ* through the remains of buildings, structures and archival material. The archaeological record also preserves assets relating to historically significant events, specifically World War Two, with the purported site of an RAF airplane crash recorded in proximity to the Southern Array. During this period, intensive 20<sup>th</sup> century forestry plantation was conducted adjacent to the Site, although it seems the Northern and Southern Arrays retained an agricultural function throughout recent history.
- 4.7.2 In consideration of the above, it is deemed that archaeological potential for modern remains to be present within the site is **high**. If present, any finds, deposits or features would likely represent 20<sup>th</sup> century mine workings and ground disturbance, ancillary infrastructure to these mine workings, and structures / buildings / deposits associated with the current use of the Site as pastureland. The significance of these finds would likely be deemed to be of **low archaeological significance**. Isolated findspots representing casual loss from this period would not necessarily be considered archaeological in nature.

## 5. Statement of Significance

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### 5.1 Introduction

- 5.1.1 The following section includes the results of a scoping exercise which has scoped in assets deemed sensitive to changes occurring from changes to their setting as a result of the Proposed Development. The following definition of setting is provided by Cadw:

*‘The setting of a historic asset includes the surroundings in which it is understood, experienced and appreciated, embracing present and past relationships to the surrounding landscape. Its extent is not fixed and may change as the asset and its surroundings evolve. Elements of a setting may make a positive, negative or neutral contribution to the significance of an asset’ (Cadw 2017b).*

- 5.1.2 Assets which have been scoped out of the assessment are tabulated in **Annex 7A.C**. These assets are considered not sensitive to change or impact as a result of the Proposed Development for reasons including, but not limited to:

- No direct intervisibility between the Proposed Development and the asset;
- Lack of meaningful third-party viewpoints where both the Proposed Development and the asset are visible in one viewshed;
- No visual, functional, spatial relationships or historical affiliations between the land within the Site boundary and the asset;
- Distance between the Proposed Development and the asset which limits potential for impact through changes in distant viewsheds, including no audible changes;
- Lack of affiliation between the Site and the asset’s significance, setting and appreciation of this setting and significance is not impacted by the Proposed Development.

- 5.1.3 The justification for scoping out assets from this assessment is provided in **Annex 7A.C**.

### 5.2 Scoping

- 5.2.1 The following designated historic assets are carried through for further assessment:

- 5 scheduled monuments;
- One registered historic landscape;
- One registered historic park and garden;
- Two conservation areas;
- One Grade I listed building;
- Three Grade II\* listed buildings; and
- 20 Grade II listed buildings.

- 5.2.2 One non-designated built heritage asset recorded by the Heneb HER has also been included for assessment, due to its proximity to the Site and potential to incur impacts through changes to its setting as a result of the Proposed Development.

- 5.2.3 For this scoping assessment, the assets scoped in for assessment have been grouped based on their designated / non-designated status, location, and relationship to the Site, considering their connection with other historic assets, the wider landscape, and any contributions made by the Site itself.
- 5.2.4 Scoping has been influenced by the ZTV model, which is based on a worst-case scenario using blade-to-tip visibility data. The ZTV model and selection of historic assets which lie within the ZTV is presented in **Figure 7A.9**.

### 5.3 Assessment of Significance and Setting

#### **Round Cairn 567m East of Bryn Defaid (A7) – Scheduled Monument**

- 5.3.1 Round Cairn 567m East of Bryn Defaid (**A7**) is a scheduled monument of notable heritage significance and national importance, dating to the Bronze Age. The asset is recorded 8m east of the Forestry Access Track between the Northern and Southern Arrays, and approximately 1.2km from the closest turbine, which is in the Southern Array. As a designated heritage asset, it is considered to be of a **high** heritage significance. This significance is derived from its evidential value.
- 5.3.2 Evidential value is reflected through the asset's physical fabric and buried remains comprising a prehistoric funerary monument. The round cairn measures 7m in diameter and 0.5m in height and exhibits a hollow centre of 1.5m in diameter and 0.5m in depth. Stones are visible around the perimeter of the cairn. The monument has the potential to contain buried archaeological material within and immediately adjacent to the asset, of which would contribute to a wider understanding of prehistoric funerary practises in this region and across the country.
- 5.3.3 Cartographic evidence from the 19<sup>th</sup> century identifies the presence and acknowledgement of this asset as a prehistoric funerary monument. The OS map of 1884 illustrates this asset as a 'Tumulus', marked with hashers to display the shape of the burial mound (**Figure 7A.5**). The recognition of this feature on historic sources highlights the perception of funerary monuments throughout recent history, reflecting its importance as an ancient monument preserved in the landscape from the Bronze Age.
- 5.3.4 Although the significance of the monument is primarily derived from its evidential value, which survives below ground, wider spatial context and setting of this asset does contribute to its significance. The position of the round cairn in an elevated topography reflects the burial practises of this time period, more readily preserved in upland environments. The presence of other nearby assets, including Croes y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn located 850m to the south, contributes to the overall significance of these monuments and their spatial relationship between each other as a group, and with the wider landscape.

#### **Croes y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn (A8) – Scheduled Monument**

- 5.3.5 Croes y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn (**A8**) is recorded in close proximity to the Site, situated 170m north of the Southern Array and approximately 40m west of the Forestry Access Track. The closest turbine is located approximately 400m to the south of the round cairn. The significance of Croes y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn is reflected through its evidential value.
- 5.3.6 Evidential value is reflected through the asset's physical fabric and buried remains which have the potential to contain deposits or artefacts preserved *in situ*. It is acknowledged that previous impacts through mining and tree planting activities may have compromised some elements of this asset's physical remains; however, if present, such remains hold



the potential to improve understanding of prehistoric burial practises on both a regional and national scale. The extant remains of this asset comprise a grass-covered cairn measuring 8m in diameter and 1m in height. It is observed that there is an uneven surface along the northern side of this asset (Cadw 2026).

- 5.3.7 The setting of the round cairn comprises dense vegetation and modern forestry planting, with evidence of modernisation through the establishment of a trackway adjacent to this asset. It is considered that the setting of the round cairn has changed significantly from its historical setting and therefore understanding and appreciation of this asset has been altered. While visually there appears to be limited connectivity with other identified assets in the vicinity, such as the Round Cairn 567m East of Bryn Defaid (**A7**), the spatial relationship between these assets retains some significance. Although the significance of the monument is derived primarily from its evidential value, the setting of the cairn does provide some contribution to its significance, contributing to our understanding of burial practices and the importance that position in the landscape played in those practices. The relationship between Croes y Bwlchwyn Round Cairn and Round Cairn 567m East of Bryn Defaid is crucial to this understanding.

### **Garth Hill Platform House – Scheduled Monument**

- 5.3.8 Garth Hill Platform House (**A17**) is located 1.1km west of the Southern array. It contains the buried remains of a medieval domestic building. The significance of this asset is primarily derived from its evidential value.
- 5.3.9 The medieval platform house comprises a rectangular earthen building platform, with stone foundations, measuring 10m x 5m. Cadw notes that the building may have had two entrances at either side, with a small enclosure and levelled platform to the east which may have supported a timber shelter (Cadw 2026).
- 5.3.10 Historic mapping from the mid-19<sup>th</sup> century illustrated this asset as an unoccupied rectangular structure within heathland, to the south of the peak of Garth Hill. The illustration of this structure indicates that its remains and foundations were likely visible during this time; although, from 1899 onwards, the structure is no longer depicted on historic maps. This monument represents an isolated, rural settlement, characteristic of the later post medieval isolated farmsteads spread across the Llynfi Valley; the physical remains of this monument have the potential to enhance understanding and interpretation of domestic settlement patterns, agricultural techniques and land use patterns during this period, on both a regional and national scale.
- 5.3.11 The asset is located along the slope of Garth Hill to the eastern side of the Llynfi Valley. It is acknowledged that the setting of this asset has changed over time through historical mining activities, which physically truncated and re-shaped the immediate landscape surrounding this asset, particularly to the west with the operation of Garth Pit. Although the significance of the asset is primarily derived from its evidential value, elements of this asset's setting contribute to its significance. They comprise its immediate setting and association with Garth Hill, retaining its historical land use as pastureland (NLW 2026), and its visual and spatial relationship westwards across the valley towards the agricultural landscape of the historic Llangynwyd parish, of which contains evidence of further medieval rural settlement, including Mynydd Ty Talwyn (**A14**).

### **Y Bwlwarcau – Scheduled Monument**

- 5.3.12 Y Bwlwarcau (**A10**) is an Iron Age hillfort recorded 4.1km west of the Southern Array. The significance of this asset is retained to its evidential value comprising the physical, buried remains of a prehistoric settlement site.
- 5.3.13 Y Bwlwarcau hillfort comprises substantial earthworks surrounding a roughly pentagonal area forming the living quarters, enclosed by a ditch and bank measuring up to 2m in

height. This is surrounded by an outer ditch and bank, which sits within a larger complex of banks and ditches, up to three of these in some places. The complexity of layout may be representative of multiple phases of use and change over time of its occupation during the Iron Age. Contrary to other hillforts in the region, it is thought that the scale and extent of the multiple embankments represent a stock-raising function more-so than a defensive function, due to the space between each embankment, comparable with the small size of the central pentagon settlement area. Overall, the buried remains of this site hold the potential to contain finds, features or deposits which would contribute to a wider narrative of Iron Age settlement patterns and land use within South Wales.

- 5.3.14 The hillfort is situated on the eastern slope of Mynydd Margam, within the Registered Historic Landscape of Margam Mountain (**A26**). Its setting is defined by its rural, agricultural surroundings, subject to enclosure throughout history, and the majority of which retain their arable function today. The position of this asset on the slope allows for far-reaching views across the Llynfi Valley to the east, directly towards the Site. While this viewscape is considered an element of the asset's wider setting, it provides a minimal contribution to the significance and understanding of this asset within its immediate agricultural setting and spatial relationship with Mynydd Margam.

### **Maesteg Blast Furnaces – Scheduled Monument**

- 5.3.15 The scheduled monument of Maesteg Blast Furnaces (**A18**) comprises the extant remains of the industrial structures at the former Llynfi Ironworks in Maesteg, situated 1.8km southwest from the Northern Array. The significance of this asset is derived from its evidential, aesthetic and communal values, of which is further reflected through its additional designation as a Grade II listed building (**A53**).
- 5.3.16 The asset's evidential and aesthetic value is derived from its physical fabric as a blast furnace structure, comprising the extant built and buried remains. The monument represents one of the lasting buildings / structures of the extensive Llynfi Ironworks, which operated throughout the 19<sup>th</sup> century with multiple phases of development. The first blast furnace was constructed in 1837 by the Cambrian Iron and Spelter Company, who owned land within the Northern Array for the purpose of mineral extraction, concurrently operating the nearby Coegnant Spelter works which were interconnected to Llynfi Ironworks via a series of tramways and railways (**Figure 7A.5**). Further furnaces were added in 1841, 1846 and 1850, prior to the closure of the ironworks in 1886. Additional nearby preserved structures associated with the former ironworks include the Grade II\* listed Blast Engine House (**A36**), which is discussed in further detail below (**Plates 59-63**).
- 5.3.17 Communal value is derived from the community formed as a result of the operation of the ironworks, and the sense of identity which derived from the town's industrial heritage legacy. The Llynfi Ironworks covered a substantial area to the northwest of Maesteg, containing interconnecting railways and tramways, smithies, coke ovens and associated industrial infrastructure, contributing to the expansion of industry and by consequence, the population. Evidence of population growth as a result of the mining and refining industries is visible through historic mapping analysis, which records the establishment of rows of worker's housing, churches, schools, local administrative buildings and other places of gathering and community (**Figures 7A5-7**).
- 5.3.18 The physical remains of the Ironworks are preserved *in situ* within a public, urban setting and form a direct part of the town's history, which is deeply rooted in its past successes and historically thriving industries, a sense of identity and place which is reflected across the South Wales Valleys.

### **Margam Mountain (A26) – Registered Historic Landscape**

- 5.3.19 The Registered Historic Landscape of Margam Mountain (**A26**) is recorded 2.9km west of the Site. The historic landscape measures over 3000 hectares and presents an area of

upland bordered by the coastal plain of Port Talbot, on the southwest fringe of the *Glamorgan Blaenau* (Glamorgan Uplands).

- 5.3.20 The historic landscape exhibits a narrative of human occupation and use extending from the prehistoric period through to the present day, comprising monuments such as: Bronze Age cairns and barrows; Iron Age hillfort settlements; Roman roads – with new evidence of a Roman villa (Thomas 2026); early medieval ecclesiastic activity; medieval castles; post medieval land organisation; and World War Two defensive systems (Heneb 2026). Within this broader landscape are sub-divided historic landscape areas (HLAs), six of which are located within the Study Area.

### Llangynwyd

- 5.3.21 The Llangynwyd HLA is a multi-period landscape centred on the nucleated medieval settlement of Llangynwyd, to the south of Maesteg town. Heneb describes the HLA as: *‘an evolved agricultural landscape, which retains indications of settlement and enclosure developed from the prehistoric, early medieval, medieval and post medieval periods’* (Heneb 2026). The importance of this HLA is reflected through its evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal values.
- 5.3.22 Evidential value is derived from the extant remains of key significant archaeological sites, including the Iron Age hillfort of Y Bwlwarcau (**A10**), the medieval Llangynwyd Castle (**A15**) and the historical medieval settlement core and extant buildings within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (**A30**), of which is described in more detail below. In addition, domestic activity is reflected through the preservation of medieval platform houses, representing rural, isolated settlements associated with land management and animal husbandry across the open grasslands of Mynydd Margam. Evidence of such practises is reflected through the buried remains of the platform houses in the wider landscape (**A13**, **A14**, **A16**), alongside remnant medieval strip fields, irregular field enclosures and corridors of preserved ancient woodland; attesting to the patterns of land management characteristic of the wider Llynfi Valley during the medieval period. Placename evidence provides an insight into the ancient origin of this area, with the prefix ‘Llan’ meaning ‘an enclosure’ or ‘a church’, denoting the early medieval origins of the Grade II\* listed Church of St Cynwyd (**A33**).
- 5.3.23 Historical value is reflected through associations with historically notable individuals and traditions, including bardic poets recorded from as early as the 14<sup>th</sup> century. Historical value appears to be interlinked with key landmarks within the historical village of Llangynwyd, including the Grade II Hopcyn Cross (**A148**). The cross is attributed to the poet Wil Hopcyn, who is believed to be the author of a famous Welsh love song ‘Bugeilo'r Gwenith Gwyn’. The song tells the tale of the tragic romance between Hopcyn (1700 - 1741) and the ‘Maid of Cefn-Ydfa’ Ann Thomas (1704 – 1727), who was unhappily married to Anthony Maddocks.
- 5.3.24 Communal value is reflected through the sense of identity and place deriving from the historically significant people and events of Llangynwyd; and Hopcyn’s love song is a well-known and highly regarded song often performed by local valley choirs (People’s Collection Wales 2026). The area’s association with tradition and superstition also contributes to the communal significance of Llangynwyd, reflected through the Mari Lwyd and Gŵyl Mabsant.
- 5.3.25 The gentle rolling hills and backdrop of the dramatic Mynydd Margam, juxtaposed with the industrialised core of Maesteg town and its suburban expansion, creates a unique aesthetic to Llangynwyd. The area is defined by its agricultural landscape and historical settlement cores, which comprise the main village of Llangynwyd and other isolated, rural farmsteads.

## Mynydd Margam Forest

- 5.3.26 The Mynydd Margam Forest HLA reflects a multi-period landscape with distinctive 20<sup>th</sup> century plantation, intertwined with pockets of ancient woodland, sited upon formerly open marshland, with different historical phases of enclosure responding to the establishment of settlements. Heneb ascribes the following description to the HLA: *‘Extensive 20th century forestry plantation (Ancient and other broad-leafed woodland); formerly open mountain and enclosed land; former monastic land: grange and chapel; relict multi-period archaeological landscape: prehistoric, medieval, and post-medieval settlement (loose dispersed settlement pattern) and fields, prehistoric funerary and ritual with a prehistoric defensive element; prehistoric, medieval and post-medieval communications corridor; accumulation of blanket peat with environmental potential; industrial archaeological features.’* (Heneb 2026).
- 5.3.27 The closest point of this HLA is recorded approximately 3km southwest of the Northern Array. The principal characteristic of this area is defined by the forestry plantation, and significance is reflected through the asset’s evidential and aesthetic values.
- 5.3.28 Evidential value is derived from the relict archaeological landscape, containing evidence of archaeological monuments dating back to the prehistoric period. These comprise funerary Bronze Age cairns at Ergyd Uchaf (Cadw **GM159**), the site of the Bodvoc Stone (Cadw **GM443**) and the ‘Danish Camp’ settlement site (Cadw **GM056**). The area served as a communication corridor, based on ridgeway routes, and therefore holds potential to contain deposits and features reflective of transient activity through this region throughout history. Although, it is noted that intensive modern plantation is likely to have had a detrimental impact on the preservation and survival of archaeological materials within this area. The area formed part of the monastic lands associated with Margam Abbey (Cadw **GM005**), formerly comprising open mountain grazing/grouse moor with adjacent areas of enclosed, but marginal land.
- 5.3.29 The conformity of 20<sup>th</sup> century plantation forms part of the aesthetic of this HLA. This is complemented with the visible post medieval settlement pattern, and dispersal of isolated farmsteads and cottages, most of which are considered to hold earlier origins of occupation.

## Cwm Dyffryn and Cwm Farteg Railway Corridor

- 5.3.30 The Cwm Dyffryn and Cwm Farteg Railway Corridor HLA reflects the industrial character of the Llynfi Valley and wider landscape. The HLA contours around the northern boundary of the wider Margam Mountain RHL (**A26**) and extends around the south of Maesteg. Heritage significance of this area is derived from its evidential and communal values.
- 5.3.31 The HLA is described by Heneb as: *‘Industrial/public railway/tramroad corridor; industrial railside settlement (terraced housing and large cemetery); former agri-industrial function’* (Heneb 2026). Contrary to the aforementioned landscape areas, this HLA represents the emerging industrialisation of the South Wales Valleys from as early as the medieval period. Land within this area formerly comprised monastic land associated with Margam Abbey and the grange at Hafod-y-Porth. Subsequent to the disillusionment, the land within the area was transferred to the Margam Estate.
- 5.3.32 Evidential value is reflected through the extant remains of the Port Talbot Railway, which extended along the corridor of this area. The precursor to the railway, Goetre Level Tramroad, also contributes to the heritage significance of the HLA. This tramroad extended between Dyffryn Mills and the former Margam Copper Works (HER Ref **08610w**), situated within the west of the HLA.

- 5.3.33 The industrialisation of the landscape and rapid growth of population saw the requirement for the establishment of accommodation for local workers. This predominantly 20<sup>th</sup> century settlement is characterised by linear ribbon and grid street patterns, examples of which are visible at Goetre along East and Emroch Street, consisting of terraced houses with angled chimneys. This streetscape creates a sense of identity, set against the dramatic backdrop of the Margam Mountain historic landscape.

### Upper Cwm Kenfig

- 5.3.34 The Upper Cwm Kenfig HLA is located adjacent to the Llangynwyd HLA, recorded approximately 4.9km southwest of the Southern Array. This multi-period, multi-functional upland landscape retains evidential value contributing to its overarching characteristic as a relict archaeological landscape.
- 5.3.35 Archaeological evidence dating to the Mesolithic and Bronze Age, comprising flint tool findspots and funerary monuments, reflects early human activity within this HLA prior to the establishment of Iron Age hillforts, such as Caer Blaen y Cwm (Cadw **GM58**). Relict features are visible throughout the landscape attesting to transient activity; the ridgeway routes of Heol-y-Moch and Ffordd-y-gyfraith were key communication corridors from the prehistoric period onwards, as exhibited within the neighbouring Mynydd Margam Forest HLA. The presence of blanket peat within this HLA holds potential to contain palaeoenvironmental deposits
- 5.3.36 The Upper Cwm Kenfig HLA is further characterised by its enclosed and semi-improved pastureland, of which formerly comprised open upland grazing. Evidence of land management and reorganisation is further visible during the 19<sup>th</sup> century, when key navigation routes were diverted to avoid crossing Margam Park, including the parish road from Taibach to Llangynwyd in 1829.

### Nant y Gadlys and Nant Bryncynan

- 5.3.37 The Nant y Gadlys and Nant Bryncynan HLA is recorded 2.2km southwest of the Southern Array and is described as: 'Ancient and other broad-leaved woodland; medieval/post-medieval agricultural settlement/fields; post-medieval vernacular buildings; industrial (milling) archaeology' (Heneb 2026). The significance of this HLA is derived from its evidential and aesthetic values.
- 5.3.38 This landscape comprises a complex of woodland, stream valleys, and upstanding evidence of occupation and use dating from the medieval period onwards. The area is centred around the medieval Gadlys estate, comprising a 16<sup>th</sup> century gentry house and documentary evidence of a chapel with a cemetery and a holy well. Nant y Gadlys contains a network of leats, attesting to the area's historical use for milling. The Margam Charters and manorial surveys records the presence of a mill 'Tal-y-Fedw' within the area, dating to the 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> centuries. This site experienced multiple phases of reuse as a flannel / woollen mill, a brewery, and a chemical works, before closing during the 1920s. The HLA is characterised by its interconnectivity and use of natural landscape features in an industrial context.
- 5.3.39 Further characteristics of this area comprise scattered farmsteads exhibiting vernacular architectural design, conforming to the aesthetic and character of the wider Llynfi Valley HLCA (NRW **CYNONHL581**). The post-medieval fieldscape intertwined with footpaths and trackways, combined with the evidence of former industrialisation, overall contribute to the aesthetic of the HLA.



### Waun-y-Gilfach

- 5.3.40 The Waun-y-Gilfach HLA is recorded 3.4km southwest of the Site, adjacent to the Nant y Gadlys and Nant Bryncynan and Llangynwyd HLAs. By contrast to the previously identified HLA, this area is relatively small and focused on a forestry hilltop formerly comprising open moorland.
- 5.3.41 Evidential value of this HLA is limited to the footpaths and tracks through this area, representing historical communication corridors as exhibited throughout the wider Margam Mountain RHL. The area sits between two historical estates – Margam and Gadlys – and the land was divided between these two estates from at least the 19<sup>th</sup> century, but potentially earlier.
- 5.3.42 Aesthetic value is derived from dense 20<sup>th</sup> century forestry plantation atop the hill which formerly comprised a ‘waun’ (open mountain moorland). Land management and ownership division between Margam and Gadlys estates is reflected in the preserved drystone wall field boundaries, contributing to the rural aesthetic of this area, nestled in the historical landscape of Llangynwyd and the wider Margam Mountain historic landscape.

### Bryngarw – Registered Historic Park & Garden

- 5.3.43 The Grade II listed Park and Garden of Bryngarw (**A23**) is recorded 3.5km south of the Site. The significance of this asset is derived from its evidential, historical and aesthetic values as an Edwardian landscaped parkland (**Plates 57-58**).
- 5.3.44 Evidential value is retained to the parkland’s extent, and comprises key features of landscaping including the woodland, water gardens, oriental planting, and the physical fabric of the Tudorbethan-style Bryngarw House, which sits within the centre of the parkland. While the extant features within the park date to the 20<sup>th</sup> century, the area was occupied from at least the 15<sup>th</sup> century, the remains of which are likely to be preserved *in situ* within the park and garden’s boundary.
- 5.3.45 Bryngarw retains aesthetic and historical significance through the landscape design and curation of planting, which was achieved through the design partnership of Alfred Parsons, Captain Walter Partridge and Charles Tudway. Parsons was an artist, illustrator, landscape painter and garden designer who is notable for landscaping multiple gardens across the UK and USA. His previous work includes a joint venture with Captain Walter Partridge, also a landscape designer, on the Grade II listed park and garden at Welbeck Abbey in Nottinghamshire (NHLE **1000556**). The partnership expanded to include Charles Tudway by the time of the landscaping at Bryngarw.
- 5.3.46 The setting of the parkland is retained to its boundary. The gardens enshroud Bryngarw House with dense tree coverage and plantation, with a small patch of open parkland fronting the south-facing principal elevation of the house. Bryngarw House is approached from the south through tree plantation, passing a pond feature to the west. The area was clearly designed to be insular and intimate, centred on the house, with limited regard of the surrounding landscape reflected in the plantation of tall trees to create a sense of isolation and tranquillity within the otherwise industrialised landscape. There are no key views attributed to this park and garden (Cadw 2026).

### Maesteg – Conservation Area & Listed Buildings

- 5.3.47 Maesteg Town Centre Conservation Area (**A29**) is located approximately 1.6km southwest of the Northern Array and 3km northwest of the Southern Array. The conservation area contains eleven listed buildings including the Grade II\* listed Maesteg Council Offices (**A171**), which are discussed individually where relevant for their group value within the wider context and setting of the conservation area. Other Listed Buildings

located without the Conservation Area but within Maesteg, are also discussed here as their significance is intrinsically linked with the development of Maesteg as a whole.

- 5.3.48 The significance of the conservation area derives from its evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal values as a historic town that experienced heavy industrialisation during the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> century which resulted in population growth and expansion. The conservation area comprises the commercial core of the town centre, encompassing Talbot Street, Commercial Street, and the triangular square at the junction of Talbot Street and Castle Street in front of the Town Hall. The majority of buildings within the conservation area date to the 20<sup>th</sup> century. Along Talbot Street buildings are primarily commercial in nature and feature a range of architectural styles including neo-Georgian, Mannerism and Colonial Baroque. The square in front of the town hall acts as an important focal point. Along Commercial Street buildings are primarily small scale residential terraces, but notable buildings include nineteenth and twentieth century ostentatious inns and public houses.
- 5.3.49 The Grade II\* listed Maesteg Council Offices (**A171**) are located behind the town hall on the south side of Talbot Street, within the conservation area. The asset exhibits evidential and aesthetic value through its historic fabric and architectural form. The listed building was built in 1911-1913 by S J Harpur out of rubble stone with painted stone dressings in a baroque style. Within the context of the conservation area the Maesteg Council Offices are considered to have a close relationship with Neuadd Y Dref (Town Hall, **A54**). The buildings are located on the town square and are the administrative centre of Maesteg.
- 5.3.50 The Grade II listed Church of St David, and surrounding churchyard railed wall (**A57**) is in the north part of the Maesteg Town Centre Conservation Area, set in a small graveyard on the corner of Talbot Street and Castle Street. The Church has evidential, architectural and communal value. Built in 1852-3 by Egbert Moxham of Neath in order to serve the growing Maesteg community. The Church retains evidential value through its historic fabric and demonstrates aesthetic value through its vernacular architecture. As a place of worship, the Church has communal value as a place of congregation and gathering. Historical value is evidenced as the Church demonstrates the growth of Maesteg in the 19<sup>th</sup> century.
- 5.3.51 The Grade II listed Colonel North Memorial Hall (**A58**), Cenotaph (**A173**), North Company Offices (**A174**), Post Office (**A176**) and William Hopkin Thomas memorial Lamp and fountain (**A177**) are all located within the north part of Maesteg Town Centre Conservation Area. The buildings retain evidential value through their historic fabric and aesthetic value through their architectural form. The historic value of the buildings is derived from their demonstration of the historic growth of Maesteg during the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries.
- 5.3.52 The Grade II\* listed Maesteg Sports Centre (**A36**) retains evidential, historic and aesthetic value. The building was built as a blast engine house for the Llynfi Ironworks in c.1839-40 and was restored in 1983 by Ogwr Borough Council architect's department and opened as a reception building for a new sports centre. The evidential value of the building is retained through its historic fabric, and the architectural form demonstrates the aesthetic value. Historic value can be through the buildings origins as part of the wider Llynfi Ironworks, which in 1855 employed 1500 people and would have contributed greatly to the growth and development of Maesteg.
- 5.3.53 Three Grade II listed chapels are located along High Street and Piction Street, to the north of the Maesteg Town Centre Conservation Area; Salem West Baptist Chapel, Siloh Independent Chapel and Capel Saron (**A38**, **A46**, **A55**). The chapels retain evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal value. The chapels retain historic fabric dating from the 19<sup>th</sup> century and exhibit vernacular architectural styles. As places of worship the chapels demonstrate communal value as places for congregation and gathering.

Historical value is attributed through the chapels evidence of historic worship practices and evidence the growth of Maesteg as a result of industrialisation.

- 5.3.54 The Grade II listed “Nantyffyllon Workmen's Institute” (**A178**) was built in 1924-1926 by Messrs Jenkin Davies and Owen Jones on behalf of North Collieries. The building retains evidential value through its historic fabric and demonstrates aesthetic value through its architectural form. The building also exhibits historical value. The miners institute was associated with mining activities within and adjacent to site. Individuals from this workmen’s club worked at North Navigation Collieries, which purchased the Llynvi Company and operated nearby mine workings including Coegnant, Caerau, Measteg Deep Drift and St John’s. Some of these mines operated workings associated with the Site.
- 5.3.55 The setting of Maesteg Town Centre Conservation Area and associated Listed Buildings includes the Site, with views available eastward towards the hills where the North and South Arrays are proposed. There are also historic links between key buildings within the conservation area and historic activities within the site, mostly relating to mining and quarrying activity that led to the growth of Maesteg during the 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. The contribution the site makes towards the setting of these assets is primarily in the background of closer, internal views within the conservation area and Maesteg as a whole. The position and relationship between buildings within Maesteg tell the story of its expansion in response to a growing population, and inform on the lives, beliefs and daily practices of those people.

## Llangynwyd – Conservation Area & Listed Buildings

- 5.3.56 Further to the above appraisal of the Llangynwyd HLA, the following text relates to an appraisal of the individual listed buildings within the Llangynwyd Conservation Area (**A30**).
- 5.3.57 The historical core of Llangynwyd village contains 10 listed buildings, with the Grade II\* listed Church of St Cynwyd (**A33**) forming the centre point of the settlement. This asset retains evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal values as a medieval church within a historic, rural village. The church represents the oldest surviving building within Llangynwyd, likely dating to the 6<sup>th</sup> century, while the extant building retains fragments of historic fabric date to the 13<sup>th</sup> and 14<sup>th</sup> centuries. Phases of restoration works have been carried out in 1688 and later between 1891-3 by G E Halliday, through funding by Miss Talbot of Margam Castle. As the focal point of the village, the church would have historically acted as the administrative centre of the wider parish of Llangynwyd, incorporating a vast area across the Llynfi Valley, extending across the Northern Array within the Site (NLW 2026). Aesthetically, the church exhibits vernacular architecture through use of local materials for construction, as visible with other listed buildings within its vicinity, such as the Old House Inn to the immediate south (**A45**). As a centre for congregation and gathering, the church exhibits communal value through its continued use as a church, and the surrounding churchyard which contain several listed tombstones of local importance, including: two chest tombs (**A77**); a group of five tombs (**A78**); a group of four Hopkin and Jenkins tombs (**A81**); a group of nine memorials (**A82**); and Jenkins Monument (**A83**). These are located within the churchyard to the south of the church, situated within the Grade II listed Churchyard Walls (**A84**). These monuments as individuals retain evidential and historical values, but as a group, they also form part of the primary setting of the church, contributing to its significance as a historical, rural ecclesiastic centre. The private churchyard enclosed by stone walls is considered to represent one of the largest in Europe, as noted on a heritage information board located south of the churchyard entrance (**Plates 46-49**).
- 5.3.58 In addition to its immediate setting within the churchyard, the wider setting of the church is considered a contributing factor to its heritage significance. The remnants of medieval to post-medieval landscapes, and retention of an agricultural environment surrounding the

church, alludes to its historical function as a rural, secluded settlement. The historical, spatial and functional relationships appear to be preserved, despite the wider landscape changes which occurred during the Industrial Era and resulted in mineral extraction and intrusive ground workings, particularly the establishment of railways, which cut through the 19<sup>th</sup> century landscape. While marginal parts of the historical parish of Llangynwyd have been subjected to such changes, the historic village core and immediate rural setting remain well-preserved, contributing to the aesthetic and sense of isolation experienced by people within the conservation area.

- 5.3.59 The Old House Inn (**A45**) is located 60m south of the church and represents a 17<sup>th</sup> century Grade II listed building. Evidential value of this asset is retained to its physical fabric as a post-medieval building with distinctive architectural features such as its vernacular rubble stone construction, a large gable fireplace, and a thatched roof, visually conforming to the rural aesthetic of the wider conservation area. The principal elevation of this building faces north, towards the church, while views to the south extend across the undulating landscape of the Llangynwyd HLA (**Plates 51-52 & 82**).
- 5.3.60 The Grade II listed telephone box (**A172**) represents a K6 Mark 2 type dating to the 1940s. This asset retains evidential and aesthetic values through the construction materials and style it exhibits, comprising cast iron, and decorated with a domed roof and lunettes with embossed crowns on each side. The telephone box exhibits an adaptation of the 'Jubilee' kiosk style, manufactured by MacFarlane and Co / Saracen Foundry, Glasgow. The asset contributes to the significance of the wider area through its group value with the Old House Inn (**A45**) and Llangynwyd Conservation Area (**A30**) (**Plate 50**).
- 5.3.61 The Grade II listed Hopcyn Cross (**A184**) is recorded within the centre of the conservation area, located in proximity to the church (**A33**) and Old House Inn (**A45**). This asset demonstrates evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal values as a landmark commemorating a local bardic poet, Wil Hopcyn. As previously noted, Hopcyn's tragic romance with the 'Maid of Cefn-Ydfa' Ann Thomas is told through the famous Welsh love song, 'Bugeilo'r Gwenith Gwyn', of which Hopcyn is believed to have written. The song is well known across the South Wales Valleys, forming part of the local tradition and identity of the area. The architectural style of the Celtic cross symbolises the ancient roots of Llangynwyd and the local sense of identity and connectivity with the past, contributing to the aesthetic of the conservation area (**Plate 53**).

### Church of St David (**A32**)

- 5.3.62 The Grade I listed Church of St David (**A32**) is located approximately 2.5km south of the Site in the village of Bettws. The church may have an early medieval origin, with the current building believed to date from the 12<sup>th</sup> century. The church was substantially remodelled in the 15<sup>th</sup> or 16<sup>th</sup> century and further restored and extended by G Halliday in 1893. The church retains evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal value as a medieval church within a rural village.
- 5.3.63 Evidential value is retained through the historic fabric including medieval elements of potential 12<sup>th</sup> century date surviving in the west bellcote, including important woodwork. The aesthetic value is exhibited through its architectural form, being an example of medieval vernacular styles as well as later 19<sup>th</sup> century additions. The church contributes strongly to the character of Bettws as a historic rural village. Historical value is evidenced through the churches connection with the historic region of Tir Lall, which was known as a literary centre in the later medieval period and two 15<sup>th</sup> century poets, Dafydd Fychan and Llewelyn y Dant known to live in the parish. The church still functions as an active place of worship and has communal value as a place of congregation and gathering.
- 5.3.64 The setting of the church is a key contributor to its significance. The church sits within a churchyard that defines the immediate setting of the asset. A number of modern buildings

have been constructed in the immediate vicinity around the church, which has somewhat isolated it from its rural context, but views to the west across open fields are still retained and are an important contributor to the setting of the church. Longer reaching views to the north and east are more restricted due to the modern development that has taken place within Bettws.

### **Cynnordy Farmstead – Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset**

- 5.3.65 The non-designated built heritage asset of Cynnordy Farmstead (**B14101**) is recorded approximately 400m west of the closest turbine within the Southern Array. This asset represents a post medieval farmstead recorded for its local importance on the Heneb HER, deemed to be of a low heritage significance. An assessment of this significance has been conducted following the same criteria ascribed to designated historic assets.
- 5.3.66 Evidential value is derived from the physical fabric of the building and its place-name origins, associated with the nearby Moel Cynnordy peak, which is located within the northwestern area of the Site. Variations of this place name as recorded on historic OS mapping include: 'Cynhordy'; 'Cyng Ordy'; and 'Cynhordy'.
- 5.3.67 This asset retains historically functional and spatial relationships with the land within the Site. The parish of Bettws tithe map of 1843 notes that Plot 269, situated within the Site, was pastureland owned and occupied by 'Cyng ordy fferm' [Cynnordy Farm].
- 5.3.68 The setting of this asset is defined by its rural, isolated location, of which appears to have been relatively well-preserved to the present day. Whilst other post medieval farmsteads have either been deserted or absorbed into the periphery of a suburban context, Cynnordy Farmstead retains its rural setting and historical, agricultural function utilising the land within the Site for pastureland.



**Annex A – References**

**Annex B – Historic Environment Gazetteer**

**Annex C – Stage 1 Assessment: Scoped Out Assets**

**Annex D – Figures**

# Annex A

## References

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# Annex B

## Historic Environment Gazetteer

### Designated Historic Assets

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                | Designation        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Period      | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|
| A1        | GM243    | Carn y Hyrddod & Neighbouring Cairn | Scheduled Monument | Remains a burial cairn, probably dating to the Bronze Age (c. 2300 - 800 BC), situated in a commanding position on top of the ridge. The cairn is turf covered and measures 14m in diameter and 1.7m high. A small cairn has been built on top and on the southern side there are several disturbance hollows. On the northern side there is a slight ditch measuring c.2m wide by 0.2m deep.                                                                                                                                                                                                | Prehistoric | 4300              |
| A2        | GM246    | Bwlch yr Avan Dyke                  | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of the remains of a dyke, a defensive boundary or earthwork, dating to the later prehistoric or medieval period. It measures approx. 155m long, running east-west across the top of the ridge on open moorland. It comprises a ditch with turf-covered banks on both sides, the northern one being somewhat slighter than that on the southern side. The northernmost bank measures 1.2m high and the southern 1.5m high                                                                                                                                               | Prehistoric | 4900              |
| A3        | GM232    | Mynydd Caerau Round Cairns          | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains of a number of burial cairns, probably dating to the Bronze Age (c. 2300 - 800 BC). The Mynydd Caerau Round Cairns are a cemetery of up to nine Bronze Age cairns, measuring in diameter between 20 to 30 metres                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Prehistoric | 1870              |
| A4        | GM238    | Cairn Lwyd                          | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains a burial cairn, probably dating to the Bronze Age (c. 2300 - 800 BC), situated on a north-east facing slope of the ridge on open moorland. The cairn consists of an oval bank of turf and stones measuring 12m east/west and 10m north/south by 0.3m high. There is no bank on the upper west side. The stones are spread over irregular areas on the north and south sides of the cairn, being spread the widest on the north side. In the middle there is a rectangular reed-filled hole aligned east-west measuring 5m long by 1.2m wide by 0.7m deep. | Prehistoric | 2100              |
| A5        | GM244    | Nant Herbert Camp                   | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of the remains of a small, circular earthwork enclosure probably dating to the later prehistoric period (c. 800BC - AD 74). Located on the slope of a hill, it measures approx. 24m in diameter, surrounded by a single bank and ditch. The ditch is more deeply cut on the west and south-west where the external height is nearly a metre high. The bank and ditch are absent on the northern half of the enclosure. A modern stone wall bisects the site from east to west                                                                                          | Prehistoric | 4300              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                        | Designation        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Period         | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| A6        | GM245    | Cefn yr Argoed Camp                         | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of the remains of an oval/sub-rectangular, enclosure probably dating to the later prehistoric period (c. 800BC - AD74). It measures about 45m long from north-east to south-west by 33m wide, enclosing an area of 0.1ha, and is bounded by a substantial bank with external ditch                                                                                                                                                     | Prehistoric    | 3100              |
| A7        | GM249    | Round Cairn 567m East of Bryn Defaid        | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains a burial cairn, probably dating to the Bronze Age (c. 2300 - 800 BC). The cairn is situated on a ridge top. The grass covered mound measures 7m in diameter and 0.5m high. The centre is hollowed out, the hollow being 1.5m in diameter and 0.5m deep. Stones protrude from the turf on the outer sides of the cairn.                                                                                                    | Prehistoric    | 1030              |
| A8        | GM250    | Croes y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn               | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains a burial cairn, probably dating to the Bronze Age (c. 2300 - 800 BC). It is situated on the west side of the ridge top. The cairn is grass covered and measures 8m in diameter by 1m high. The surface is uneven - particularly on the north side                                                                                                                                                                         | Prehistoric    | 170               |
| A9        | GM499    | Round Barrow on the Werfa                   | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains of a earthen built round barrow, which probably dates to the Bronze Age (c. 2300 - 800 BC). The barrow is circular in shape and has a rounded profile. It is between 20m and 25m in diameter and about 1m high. The cairn is situated on high moorland                                                                                                                                                                    | Prehistoric    | 3900              |
| A10       | GM059    | Y Bwlwarcau                                 | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains of a hillfort probably dating to the Iron Age (800 BC – AD 74). Located on the eastern facing slope of Mynydd Margam, this is one of the largest and best preserved forts in the area of a type which appears to have been primarily pastoral. Its hill-slope position and small central enclosure with widely spaced banks outside are best explained by a stock-raising function rather than the defence of a territory | Prehistoric    | 4000              |
| A11       | GM231    | Clawdd Mawr, Mynydd Caerau                  | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of a linear earthwork, a substantial bank and ditch forming a major boundary between two adjacent landholdings. It may date from the medieval period. The dyke runs almost straight for 192 metres WNW to ESE at about 490m above OD. It is located roughly 15m above the floor of a narrow saddle running east from Mynydd Caerau, on a slope running steeply westwards                                                               | Early Medieval | 2600              |
| A12       | GM086    | British Fortified Residence                 | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains of a deserted rural settlement. Probably dating to the medieval period (AD 1066-1485), a complex of earthworks contains a number of square house platforms and holloway. The site lies at 215m above OD on ground falling to the east                                                                                                                                                                                     | Medieval       | 3400              |
| A13       | GM340    | Earthwork & Platform Houses N of Nant Fadog | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of the remains of ten platform houses. A platform house is a levelled area of ground on which a house is built and probably dates to the medieval period. The platforms are located on the southern slope of Mynydd Ty Talwyn, and are spread out over a large distance                                                                                                                                                                | Medieval       | 4110              |
| A14       | GM093    | Mynydd Ty Talwyn                            | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of a platform house, a levelled area of ground upon which a house is built. Mynydd Ty Talwyn is situated on the north facing slope of the hill and comprises a                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Medieval       | 3800              |



| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                      | Designation        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Period                 | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
|           |          | Ancient Farms                             |                    | shallow platform of c. 26 x 14m, with some low bumps in the turf. Faint traces of the hollow way down to the rivulet are visible                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                        |                   |
| A15       | GM085    | Llangynwyd Castle                         | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the masonry and earthwork remains of a medieval castle, occupying a strong position on the promontory above the confluence of two streams. The castle is thought to date from the thirteenth century AD, although the earthwork upon which it stands may well be earlier. The outer enclosure probably represents an associated bailey. The castle comprises an impressive gatehouse (probably built c. 1262-3), partially surviving curtain wall and the visible footings of several buildings within. | Medieval               | 3200              |
| A16       | GM092    | Mynydd Ty Talwyn Ancient Farms            | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of a platform house probably dating to the medieval period. A platform house is a levelled area of ground upon which a house is built. Mynydd Ty Talwyn is situated on the north facing slope of the hill and comprises a low bank and ditch approximately 0.10m high and deep                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Medieval               | 4100              |
| A17       | GM552    | Garth Hill Platform House                 | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains of a rectangular earthen building platform, which probably dates to the medieval period. The foundations are stone and the platform measures 10m by 5m. The building probably had two opposite entrances on its long sides and may have been a longhouse. Attached to the western side is a small enclosure and a levelled platform on the east, which could have supported a timber shelter                                                                                                | Medieval               | 1100              |
| A18       | GM418    | Maesteg blast furnaces                    | Scheduled Monument | The monument consists of the remains of the Maesteg blast furnaces dating to the 19th century. The original blast furnace was built here in 1837 by the Cambrian Iron and Spelter Company. The blowing engine house was added later in 1839-40. Further furnaces were added in 1841, 1846 and 1850. The ironworks ceased production in 1886                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval / Modern | 1800              |
| A19       | GM589    | Plas-y-Betws relict garden                | Scheduled Monument | Plas-y-Betws is a ruined, substantial manor house dating principally to the sixteenth or early seventeenth century. Its relict gardens consist of three walled enclosures, the largest of which is terraced, and a further terraced area. They include two raised platforms, which may have been the bases for summerhouses, and a domed pigcote. The gardens are of national importance as being a rare example of the structure of a garden of the Tudor period                                                              | Post Medieval / Modern | 2800              |
| A20       | GM433    | Remains of Tondy Ironworks                | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains of several buildings, including a blast furnace, coke oven and leat, and an open excavated area related to the production of iron. Tondy Ironworks was initially a complex of rolling mills, prior to 1853. The works were expanded sometime between 1854 and 1875 to include 23 puddling furnaces and brick stacks, 10 balling furnaces, 4 rolling mill engines and 4 sets of rolling mills, with an associated boiler house of 8 Lancashire boilers and 2 chimneys                        | Post Medieval / Modern | 4700              |
| A21       | GM547    | Cae'r Mynydd Ventilation Furnace and Mine | Scheduled Monument | The monument comprises the remains of a ventilation furnace dating to the 19th century. The structure housed a brazier for ventilating a nearby drift mine. The entry to a level is immediately adjacent, with the base of a small haulage engine in front of it, and coal tip downhill of the furnace                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval / Modern | 3570              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref        | Name            | Designation                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A22       | PGW(Gm) 65(BRI) | Coytrahen House | Registered Historic Park and Garden | Coytrahen is registered for the survival of a late eighteenth-century & mid-nineteenth-century landscape park, contemporary with the building of an important country house. Coytrahen House is located to the north of Bridgend in the Llynfi valley. The house lies on the east side of the valley, towards the upper north-west boundary of a small landscape park. The site has a long history, but the present house is identified with the ownership of John Popkin, between 1772 and 1797, and it is from this time that the park and gardens were developed.                                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | 3740              |
| A23       | PGW(Gm) 5(BRI)  | Bryngarw        | Registered Historic Park and Garden | Bryngarw is registered for its extensive informal Edwardian woodland and water gardens, which include some oriental features and planting. Planting features some fine specimen trees and shrubs, including Japanese maples, magnolias and rhododendrons. Bryngarw is important for its historical associations with the landscape design partnership of Alfred Parsons, Captain Walter Partridge and Charles Tudway who were involved in the design and planting. The gardens at Bryngarw are located in the Garw valley, on slopes immediately west of the river, laid out around the Tudorbethan-style Bryngarw house.                                                                                                           | Post Medieval | 3550              |
| A24       | PGW(Gm) 65(BRI) | Coytrahen House | Kitchen Garden                      | The kitchen garden lies a short distance to the north-west of the house and is laid out as five conjoining stone-walled compartments on ground sloping down north-south; those at the west and south ends are on the natural slope while the other three are terraced. The uppermost compartment, west of the farm courtyard, is now laid out as an ornamental garden but the others below it are variously used. The two longest are, at least in part, under cultivation. Evidence of their former use as orchards and a Victorian nuttery survive. The westernmost bay is partly wooded and overgrown, but footings of cold frames are visible. The easternmost is the former stable yard and contains outbuildings still in use | Post Medieval | 3880              |
| A25       | HLW (MGI) 5     | The Rhondda     | Registered Historic Landscape       | This historic landscape area of the Rhondda was dramatically and prodigiously created in the second half of the 19th century and is one of the largest and best known mining conurbations and coalfield communities in Britain. This renowned area, prior to its relatively sudden and dynamic exploitation, was famous for its natural beauty and solitude, its hillsides covered with small farms, sheep walks, dense indigenous woodland and streams rich in trout and salmon. The Rhondda, although devoid of its former economic base, retains intact its supporting infrastructure and is the most important industrial and cultural landscape of its kind surviving in Wales                                                 | Multi-Period  | 4890              |
| A26       | HLW (WGI/MGI) 2 | Margam Mountain | Registered Historic Landscape       | Margam Mountain is a distinctive block of South Wales uplands on the south west fringe of the Glamorgan Blaenau, where they meet the Bro and overlook and visually dominate the narrow coastal plain near the modern port and industrial town of Port Talbot. Much of the area is now afforested, though archaeologically it benefited from the early landscape studies undertaken in the 1930s. The area displays continuity, density and diversity of human occupation. This was originally concentrated and scattered on the mountain itself, though recently it grew rapidly, forcing itself into the narrow confines of the coastal plain,                                                                                     | Multi-Period  | 2930              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                       | Designation       | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Period         | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                            |                   | where the natural topographical limitations and physical constraints at the junction of the Blaenau and Bro of Glamorgan allowed.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                |                   |
| A27       |          | Derllwyn Road, Tondy       | Conservation Area | Derllwyn Road Conservation Area was designated in 1986 for its special character and appearance as a preserved 19th century industrial centre. The former Ironworks, of which are a scheduled monument, and associated listed buildings contribute to the industrial character of the area. This conservation area contains 59 listed buildings, largely relating to remains of the relict Ironworks, and the preserved workers houses to the west of the area.                                                                                                                                                                                        | Multi-Period   | 4430              |
| A28       |          | Nantymoel                  | Conservation Area | Nantymoel Conservation Area was designated in 1973 for its special character and appearance. The conservation area appraisal states: " <i>The distinct character of the area lies within the terraces of worker's housing which sprawl up the valley in a ribbon effect. The contours of the rural landscape add to the appearance of this characteristic coal mining community. The terrace gardens aid the merger between the physical and natural elements of the setting, with the mountains in the distance acting as borrowed views</i> "                                                                                                        | Multi-Period   | 4620              |
| A29       |          | Maesteg Town Centre        | Conservation Area | Maesteg Town Centre was designated in 2001 for its special character and appearance. The conservation area reflects the historic core of Maesteg, including the Church of St David and multiple buildings dating between the 19th and 20th centuries reflecting the expansion of trade and commerce in the area, resulting in the requirement of formal administration. This led to the establishment of the town hall, local mining company offices, and public houses. There are a total of 11 listed buildings within Maesteg Town Centre conservation area.                                                                                        | Multi-Period   | 1600              |
| A30       |          | Llangynwyd                 | Conservation Area | Llangynwyd Conservation Area was designated in 1973 for its special character and appearance. The conservation area is centred around the historic core of Llangynwyd, focussed on the Church of St Cynwyd which retains 6th century origins. The area is characterised by the vernacular architectural design, comprising rubble stone and whitewash finish, as well as the intimate medieval streetscape along which fronts the listed Old House Inn public house. The inclusion of surrounding fields within the conservation area creates a distinctive sense of isolation, reflecting the historical and preserved rural character of Llangynwyd. | Multi-Period   | 2480              |
| A31       |          | Llangeinor                 | Conservation Area | Llangeinor Conservation Area was designated in 1975 for its special character and appearance. The area comprises the extant remains of the rural settlement of Llangeinor, which presently comprises a small, nucleated settlement surrounding the listed Church of St Cein. The rural and preserved location of the conservation area creates a distinctive sense of isolation and place, with limited evidence of modern expansion visible in the immediate setting.                                                                                                                                                                                 | Multi-Period   | 3120              |
| A32       | 18626    | Church of St David, Bettws | Grade I           | The church may have an early medieval origin, the dedication to St David being later, and the original churchyard boundary roughly circular; this building is believed to date from C12 and is probably identifiable in a charter of the Bishop of Llandaff who died in 1183.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Early Medieval | 2500              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                  | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Period         | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                                       |             | Substantially remodelled in C15-C16. Until 1885 a curacy of Newcastle, together with Laleston and Tythegston with revenues paid first to Tewkesbury Abbey and from C13 to Margam Abbey. Bettws was within the boundaries of Tir Iarll held by the Lords of Glamorgan and was a literary centre in the later Middle Ages, with two named C15 poets, Dafydd Fychan and Llewelyn Goch y Dant, living in the parish. Church was restored and extended by addition of N aisle by G Halliday in 1893, the work paid for by Miss Olive Talbot of Margam.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                |                   |
| A33       | 11243    | Church of St Cynwyd                   | Grade II*   | The church and village is probably of early origin, reputedly of the C6, St Cynwyd Cynwydion being a little known saint of the congregation of Cattwg, son of Cynfelyn ap Garthwys. The present building of the C14 incorporates fragments in the porch of the previous building of the C13 and was itself extensively restored by G E Halliday of Cardiff in 1891-3, the cost of £3,000 being funded by Miss Olive Talbot of Margam Castle. The restoration removed the curious bridge gallery in the nave. An inscription formerly recorded on the chancel wall plate denotes an earlier restoration of 1688, when 3 windows were put in the S wall and the roof replaced.                                                                                                                                                            | Early Medieval | 2700              |
| A34       | 18635    | Church of St Cein                     | Grade II*   | Medieval church dedicated to a Celtic saint, possibly on an early medieval site though present building believed to have been founded in C12 after Norman expansion into Vale of Glamorgan, the Lordship of Ogmore unusually consisting not only of the lowland vale but this upland area known as Eglwysceinor or Ceinwyr. Under Maurice de Londres who held Lordship of Ogmore from 1126, flocks owned by Cistercian monks from Margam Abbey grazed these upland pastures, the monastic connection surviving in nearby place names Cae and Ty Abbot. Most surviving medieval fabric of church dates from a probably C15 - C16 rebuilding. Major restoration by G Halliday 1894, Llandaff Diocesan Architect, paid for by Miss Olive Talbot of Margam cost £3000, and is responsible for much of the present appearance of the church. | Medieval       | 3146              |
| A35       | 11256    | Llwydarth farmhouse                   | Grade II*   | Originally built in the C16 and altered in the C17. Noted by Rice Merrick as 'dwelling house of Thomas ap Hywel ap John Coch, by him built'. His son, Antony Powel was steward to Sir Thomas Mansel in 1605. The bard, Dafydd Benwyn recorded the unstinting generosity of the Llwydarth family.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval  | 2417              |
| A36       | 11257    | Maesteg Sports Centre, The Cornstores | Grade II*   | Built as a blast engine house for the Llynfi Ironworks (Yr Waith Newydd) in c.1839-40 probably to house two Cornish double acting beam engines serving four blast furnaces which lay under the hill immediately to the N. A range of Lancashire boilers stood on the S side. The Company, which began in 1839, had in 1855, in addition to the blast furnaces, 54 puddling furnaces, 4 rolling mills, 26 coal levels, iron ore pits, 9 smithies and 107 coke furnaces, and employed 1500 men, women and children and 100 horses. Its operations were gradually supplanted after the introduction of the Bessemer Process (invented 1856) and eventually closed in 1889. The beam engine was removed in 1890 after which time the building was used to store grain for feed for the colliery ponies. After a period of decay the         | Post Medieval  | 1800              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                     | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                                                          |             | building was renovated by Ogwr Borough Council architect's department and opened as the reception building for a new sports centre in 1983. At its height, the ironworks produced 400 tons of cast iron a week.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |               |                   |
| A37       | 11331    | Iron bridge over River Llynfi                            | Grade II*   | Cast 1835, probably by the Maesteg Ironworks, and delivered to the Cambrian Ironworks, which was floated in 1839. for erection to carry the parish road which provided access for their workers from housing areas across the Afon Llynfi to 'Yr waith newydd'. The date, MAESTEG 1835 is cast twice on the inside face of each of the outer frames.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | 1691              |
| A38       | 18495    | Salem Welsh Baptist Chapel                               | Grade II*   | Built in 1872 to the design of H Morgan of Briton Ferry and erected by Thomas Morgan & Davies of Abertawe at the cost of £2877.4s.7d to seat 1150 worshippers. A new seating plan, involving alterations to the doors, was implemented in 1908.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Post Medieval | 1350              |
| A39       | 20763    | Former Blast Engine Houses at Tondy Ironworks            | Grade II*   | 1854 lease shows blast/blowing engine houses in their current shape, as they are on first edition OS map 1875 and thus part of the early development of the site by Sir Robert Price who owned the works from 1837-54. Structural evidence shows the smaller was built after the larger. Engine appears to have been a beam engine but one without a central wall (the bob or lever wall), instead it had a column with cross beam on top (entablature) on which the beam pivoted. Further strengthening of the framework for the working beam was invariably provided by spring beams on top of the entablature and flanking the working beam of the engine. Power and blowing cylinders were originally mounted on a solid core of brick or stone and bolted securely to it. Both engine houses have later concrete suspended floors probably associated with steam turbines, compressors etc installed following the end of the ironmaking late C19; larger building underpinned with brick to form a basement. Many alterations are shown by blocked features and inserted later ones, including adaptation from when the structure was part of railway works C20. Described in the Oxford Archaeological Unit's assessment as probably unique in Wales as a pair of engine houses rather than an engine house for two engines. | Post Medieval | 4793              |
| A40       | 20816    | Calcining Kilns and attached abutment at Tondy Ironworks | Grade II*   | Sir Robert Price developed ironworking here from 1837 and the kilns appear to belong to the first stage of development and are shown in 1854 lease. Iron ore was burnt with coal for 3 days and calcined to eliminate moisture and impurities before smelting, the ore being drawn from the bottom of the kiln. Coke produced in nearby banks of coke ovens and the calcined ore were then charged into the top of stone blast furnaces built into the furnace bank opposite. The Dyffryn Llynvi Porthcawl Railway, the early tramroad built c 1828 to transport iron and coal from the valley to the port of Porthcawl, ran NW above the site with connecting tramway to the calcining kilns. This section was maintained after the rest of the railway was abandoned in 1861 and replaced by the Llynfi Valley Railway, the route along the valley below the ironworks.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Post Medieval | 4757              |
| A41       | 20817    | Lift Tower at Tondy Ironworks                            | Grade II*   | Sir Robert Price developed ironworking here from 1837. This structure appears to belong to the second stage of development under John Brogden who purchased the ironworks in 1854. The lift was used to hoist materials to the charging platforms and was possibly                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Post Medieval | 4772              |



| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                           | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                                                                |             | worked by water balance, water-filled tanks beneath the tram cars being used as counter-balance, with the water being discharged as required by weight. Possibly powered by steam, as was more common in later years, but this would be a unique survival. Only other ironworking site in Britan still retaining a hoisting tower is Blaenafon in Gwent.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |               |                   |
| A42       | 11218    | Cefn-ydfa farmhouse and adjoining ruins.                       | Grade II    | The lands around Cefn-ydfa appear to have originally been a possession of Margam Abbey. There is an extant list of occupants from c.1450. The original core of the farmhouse, at one time known as Cefn-y-gndfa, consists of a single bay gable-stack structure with a rear service wing, all of c.1600. This was extended to the W c.1625 by a 2-bay structure, further extended by another bay incorporating an axial double-sided stack, perhaps replacing an earlier gable stack, in the early-mid C18. At the same time the house was greatly enlarged to the E as a gentry house, built by Anthony Maddocks Jnr, son of Anthony Maddocks of Cwm Risca.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 2746              |
| A43       | 11329    | Gelli-siriol farmhouse                                         | Grade II    | An early house on the site was rebuilt in the early C17 and extended by a further narrow bay to the E in the mid-late C17 incorporating a lateral stair. A 1-bay extension, perhaps a dairy, was added to the N side of the hall, and a smaller, perhaps originally lean-to porch added on the S in the late C18, the latter enclosing the original entrance to a lobby beside the stack. The building has been extensively modernised in the 1990s, including the addition of a further bay at the E end, and small additions on the N and S sides at the W end.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Post Medieval | 1552              |
| A44       | 11335    | Former Truck Shop Tondy Ironworks now Foxtroy Residential Home | Grade II    | The Company or Truck Shop for the ironworkers was established early and appears on Tithe Map of 1842-3 with only 2 other houses nearby. The truck system obliged workers to purchase goods from the company whose prices were substantially higher than local suppliers. Accounts at the shop were directly debited from wages, credit was recorded in the 'Shop Book' and only any balance remaining was paid in cash. The Tondy Ironworks were founded by Robert Price in 1830s on the land of the former Tondy Farm, beginning production possibly early 1840s and developing fairly slowly through that decade. Truck shop used for a number of purposes since ironworks closed in late C19: stables for colliery horses with hayloft above, left wing a former house; whole property now a nursing home with an added wing to rear. Late C20 changes to exterior include modern glazing and door openings. | Post Medieval | 4636              |
| A45       | 11352    | The Old House Inn PH                                           | Grade II    | The building has a later C17 origin, possibly as a single unit dwelling. It was enlarged by one bay to the W in the C18 and further added to at the E in the early C19, now the kitchen, and subsequently. It received further extensions at the rear in 1988.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Post Medieval | 2733              |
| A46       | 11356    | Siloh Independent Chapel                                       | Grade II    | Built 1876-7 by George Harman, architect, to serve the Welsh Independent community formed out of the Carmel church of Maesteg for the greater convenience of members in Nantyffyllon. It replaced a smaller chapel built in 1858 and was designed to seat 959 members.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 1319              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                        | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A47       | 11366    | Tynton                                      | Grade II    | Probably a late C17 house. Dr Richard Price, the internationally eminent philosopher and politician, was born here in 1723.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Post Medieval | 2550              |
| A48       | 11367    | Tabor Eglwys Presbyteriadd Cymru            | Grade II    | Designed by the well-known chapel architect, W. Beddoe Rees of Cardiff, and built in 1907-8 by Lewis Williams, contractor, to replace an earlier chapel of the Calvinist Methodist community built on the same site in 1840. It is known locally as the place where the Welsh National Anthem was first sung                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 1842              |
| A49       | 11373    | Pentre Farmhouse, with attached farm range. | Grade II    | Built on a downhill platform site in the early-mid C17, with a later rear outshut. A farm occupying this site is shown on the Rees map of Wales.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | 3163              |
| A50       | 11375    | Gilfach-ganol farmhouse                     | Grade II    | The building began as a single-unit dwelling with gable entry from the W beside an axial stack. It was modified by being subdivided into hall and inner room and a newel stair to an attic room c.1700 and extended by a small chamber to the rear. Further extensions in the C19 and again in the late C20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 4006              |
| A51       | 14175    | Gelli Farm                                  | Grade II    | Gelli Farm occupies the original hall and cow house, with the parlour at the uphill end. A longhouse built in the early C17 with a hall, passage and cow house, and a separate bakehouse providing additional accommodation for farm hands. A N wing was added in the early C18, possibly in 1717 when other improvements to the farm are dated. A parlour, with integral dairy and a new stair, were added c1820. Finally, the N wing was extended by the addition of 2 cottages, which appear to be shown on the Llangynwyd Tithe map of 1842. The house was also divided into 2 dwellings, the N wing and cottages becoming a separate dwelling from the main farmhouse.                                                           | Post Medieval | 2919              |
| A52       | 14559    | Tyle-coch                                   | Grade II    | Late C16 house with detailing suggesting gentry status but also some earlier C17 modifications. Tyle Coch was the home of Hywel ap Gwilym who married into a Welsh gentry family. Some alteration to windows C20.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Post Medieval | 1679              |
| A53       | 18492    | Blast Furnace at Maesteg Sports Centre      | Grade II    | Built c.1850 for the Llynfi Ironworks, and one of a battery of four, of which three were hot blast and one operated by cold blast. The Llynfi Ironworks (Yr Waith Newydd) was the second ironworks in the valley. The first furnace was blown in 1839. The Llynfi valley blast furnaces were exceptionally tall due to the particular strength of the local coke. The works continued production until the advent of the Bessemer process made local ores uneconomic to exploit, and it was eventually closed in 1886. The structure has since decayed and the upper part of the stack is now missing, whilst some facing stones were taken for the building of St Michael's Church, Maesteg. The structure was consolidated in 1995. | Post Medieval | 1800              |
| A54       | 18494    | Neuadd y Dref (Town Hall)                   | Grade II    | Designed by Henry Harris of Cardiff in a Queen Anne style and built in 1881 to provide a covered market and assembly rooms for the growing community of Maesteg. The front,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Post Medieval | 1741              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                                                              | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                                                                                                   |             | which was originally bowed and approach by a wide flight of steps, was remodelled by S J Harper in an austere classical style in 1913-4.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |               |                   |
| A55       | 18496    | Capel Saron                                                                                       | Grade II    | Originally built in 1852 and remodelled in 1900. Converted as a Chapel of Rest c.1991.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Post Medieval | 1521              |
| A56       | 18500    | Church of St Michael and All Angels, Llangynwyd with Maesteg, including enclosing graveyard wall. | Grade II    | Built 1895-8, on the eve of the heyday of development in Maesteg to plans by G E Halliday of Cardiff, which were considerably simplified after the death of the patron, Miss Olive Talbot, in 1894. Built by William McGaul, contractors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | 1985              |
| A57       | 18502    | Church of St David, and surrounding churchyard railed wall.                                       | Grade II    | Built by Egbert Moxham of Neath in 1852-3 as a chapel of ease for Llangynwyd parish church, to provide more convenient orthodox Anglican service for the growing community of Maesteg.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Post Medieval | 1649              |
| A58       | 18503    | Colonel North Memorial Hall                                                                       | Grade II    | Following a visit to the Llynfi Reading Room and Library in 1889, Col J J North, chairman of North's Navigation Collieries, gave a donation of £500 to be used for the benefit of the company's employees in Maesteg. A further £1,500 was raised by weekly contributions from the workmen. The building, on the site of the former Reading Room, was designed by a local architect E W Burnett and dedicated to the memory of Col. North who had died in 1896.                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 1688              |
| A59       | 18506    | The Star Public House                                                                             | Grade II    | Built by David Harris between 1897 and 1901 as a public house and hotel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | 1881              |
| A60       | 18600    | Fingerpost at the junction of High Street and Glyn Street                                         | Grade II    | The direction post was probably set up shortly after the formation of the Ogmore and Garw Urban District Council in 1894. The post and arms were cast by the Tondu Engineering Works.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 3541              |
| A61       | 18601    | Bethlehem Capel Bedyddwyr, with front retaining wall and gates.                                   | Grade II    | The chapel was first built in 1871. Due to a rapid growth in the size of the congregation, it soon became inadequate and the original chapel was demolished and rebuilt on a larger scale in 1876. Following closure, it was converted in 1995 into a performance hall, with social and practice rooms for the Ogmore Valley Male Voice Choir. It is the best surviving example of the external design, which was also used at Libanus, Gilfach Goch, and Bethel, Nant-y-moel, and with modifications at Bethania, Ogmore Vale and Noddfa, Gilfach Goch. | Post Medieval | 3566              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                                    | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A62       | 18603    | Paran Capel y Bedyddwr                                                  | Grade II    | The chapel was built in 1819 for the earliest Baptist community in the valley, although not registered as a house of nonconformist worship until 1831. It was enlarged in 1856 and altered again in 1898 when the gallery was added. Extensions to the rear of more than one date. It was renowned particularly for the associated school which ran from 1817 to 1948.                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4579              |
| A63       | 18605    | Fox and Hounds PH                                                       | Grade II    | Late C18 or early C19 public house in late Georgian style.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 4607              |
| A64       | 18607    | Jenkins monument in the graveyard, Paran Chapel                         | Grade II    | 1830. Of sandstone. A square die raised over two steps, with base and necking mouldings and a large cavetto capital carved with bold anthemion. The cornice over has an egg moulding and is weathered on top to a crowning lidded urn. Inscribed on the sides to the memory of William, son of William Jenkins, minister of this chapel, d.1830, to children Thomas and Ebeneser, to which is added the Rev Hopkin Jenkins, d.1887 and his wife. Also, other members of the family. | Post Medieval | 4589              |
| A65       | 18608    | Evans chest tomb in graveyard of Paran Chapel                           | Grade II    | Chest tomb of sandstone, comprising a chest with inset baluster corners and a slightlyhipped ledger with ogee rolled edges, all set on a stone base. Inscribed on the sides to Mary, wife of Henry Evans of Black Mill, d.1868.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Post Medieval | 4593              |
| A66       | 18610    | Blaenogwr Farmhouse                                                     | Grade II    | Probably built in the late C18 or early C19.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4640              |
| A67       | 18627    | Bethania Capel y Bedyddwyr (Welsh Baptist Chapel)                       | Grade II    | Founded 1890 rebuilt 1912 by W Beddoe Rees. No longer in use as a chapel. Very similar to Mount Calvary Manselton Swansea by same architect.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 2701              |
| A68       | 18628    | United Reformed Church including vestry wing                            | Grade II    | Originally the English Congregational Church, the Cause founded 1893 by members of the nearby Tabernacle Welsh Congregational Church. First church on site was a zinc chapel and present church designed by P J Thomas and built by P. Gaylard, both of Bridgend, 1904-6. Affiliated to United Reformed Church in 1972.                                                                                                                                                             | Post Medieval | 1602              |
| A69       | 18629    | Tabernacl Capel yr Annibynwyr (Welsh Independent) including vestry wing | Grade II    | Main chapel 1889, vestry block 1884. First Non-Conformist Cause in Garw Valley was at 'City' in Bettws; Cause established in Pontycymer 1883 in stable loft and moved to vestry in 1884.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | 1546              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                         | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A70       | 18630    | Former Cooperative Bakery                    | Grade II    | Cooperative Societies together with Housing Clubs were established to counter the problem of shopkeeper landlords introducing clauses in leases which compelled tenants to buy goods only from their shops, often at inflated prices: the societies became increasingly popular as the mining industry developed. This building c 1890 was formerly a cooperative bakery and was converted to a harp making and engineering workshop in 1975. Main unit left (no 10) was purpose built, second unit right (no 11) was bought and converted c 1908. Former adjacent houses nos. 12 and 13 were bought 1928 and converted as a bakery extension for cake making but have since been returned to residential use.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 1513              |
| A71       | 18632    | Mortuary Chapel                              | Grade II    | Pontycymmer Cemetery was established 1888 under control of Llangeinor Burial Board.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Post Medieval | 1820              |
| A72       | 18634    | Pontycymer Cemetery Entrance                 | Grade II    | Pontycymer Cemetery was established 1888 under the control of the Llangeinor Burial Board.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Post Medieval | 1774              |
| A73       | 18636    | Hooped Grave Cover in Llangeinor churchyard  | Grade II    | Unusual survival of a metal grave cover, possibly installed to prevent theft of bodies for medical purposes during C18 -19. It is a series of metal hoops fixed to a framework forming a semicircular grille and is modest in size compared to some stronger larger illustrated versions. Some anti body-snatching devices were used only temporarily and moved to new graves as needed. An alternative possible use is as a temporary grave cover, a development of the more customary wicker version. The modest headstone at top is now illegible; small footstone at opposite end. Churchyard has a number of unusual coffin shaped kerb graves with very small head and footstones.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Post Medieval | 3165              |
| A74       | 18637    | Ty Isaf                                      | Grade II    | Apparently of two main building periods: the E core unit C16, and W wing, porch, separate kitchen block NW and rear service wing NE of C17.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 2161              |
| A75       | 18638    | Small Tramroad bridge over Nant Cedfyw, Shwt | Grade II    | Small scale drift mines at Shwt developed 1820s and a tramway down the Cwm Nant Cedfyw was built 1828 by Vaughan Edwards Vaughan to transport the coal. This linked via an Incline Plane W of the Llynfi with the Dyffryn Llynfi Porthcawl Railway established 1825 primarily to transport iron from the works in the Llynfi Valley. Coal from Shwt was used by the early ironworks at Tondy to SW in 1830s under Robert Price, who, in order to avoid paying tolls to the Railway, extended this tramroad to Tondy; known as Sir Robert Price's Private Line, it ran along the W bank of the Llynfi, roughly parallel with the Railway though at a lower level, together with a leat built to provide water to the ironworks. This bridge, near the beginning of the line, crosses the stream to the right of the main track leading to Shwt and probably served the small mines along the tributary; some of the adits and ventilation shafts can still be traced. | Post Medieval | 1700              |
| A76       | 20807    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                  | Grade II    | Terraced housing built for the ironworkers to replace the early temporary wooden huts and known as company houses, the rent deducted from workers' wages. Constructed near the works, which were in operation day and night, in 1856 (dated at number 28) and thus                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Post Medieval | 4712              |



| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                                                              | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                        | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                                                                                                   |             | shortly after John Brogden and Son took over the Ironworks in 1854 from Sir Robert Price who had established them in the 1830s.                                                                    |               |                   |
| A77       | 20430    | Two chest tombs on S side of the Church of St Cynwyd                                              | Grade II    | One chest tomb and one railed enclosure with a chest tomb and ledger slab, erected in the early C19.                                                                                               | Post Medieval | 2708              |
| A78       | 20431    | Group of five tombs S of the tower of the Church of St Cynwyd                                     | Grade II    | Five graveyard monuments, comprising 4 chest tombs and one railed slab, all of the late C18 and early C19.                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 2719              |
| A79       | 20432    | Bee boles and stile in garden wall at Gilfach-uchaf farm                                          | Grade II    | Gilfach uchaf is a farmhouse of early C19 date, incorporating slight evidence of an earlier building on a platform site. The bee boles are probably of the early C19 but possibly earlier in date. | Post Medieval | 4019              |
| A80       | 20433    | Ty'n-y-waun farmhouse                                                                             | Grade II    | A 3-part house of mid C18 date, with central living hall, a parlour at the E end, and a service room, now the kitchen/dining room beyond the axial stack on the W.                                 | Post Medieval | 2148              |
| A81       | 20434    | Group of 4 Hopkin and Jenkins tombs within iron railings on the W side of the path to the S porch | Grade II    | A railed family burial ground including tombs from the later C18 to the early C20.                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | 2730              |
| A82       | 20435    | Group of nine memorials on the W side of the path to the S porch, Church of St Cynwyd             | Grade II    | Group of churchyard monuments of the early to mid C19.                                                                                                                                             | Post Medieval | 2732              |
| A83       | 20436    | Jenkins Monument in the                                                                           | Grade II    | The monument was erected c.1915 following the death of Rees Thomas Jenkins, JP.                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 2726              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                            | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          | churchyard,<br>Church of St Cynwyd                              |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |               |                   |
| A84       | 20437    | Churchyard walls around the graveyard, Church of St Cynwyd      | Grade II    | The church at Llangynwyd is probably of pre-Norman origin, and a building is recorded in 1173. The churchyard is D-shaped, closely surrounded by the road, and is walled all round, the S quadrant consisting of up to 2.3m high retaining walls of Pennant sandstone, probably of early origin and now largely C18-C19, with a gate on the S, and a further gate on the W side leading to the large graveyard extension. The S gate piers are of ashlar, with stepped cappings and an iron overthrow with a central lantern. The W pier has an inserted granite panel, a memorial to the 1914-1918 war, inscribed in Welsh, the E pier has a similar panel in English for the 1939-1945 war. The E piers are large, of rock-faced rubble and domed tops, also with iron gates. | Post Medieval | 2695              |
| A85       | 20808    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                                     | Grade II    | As below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4712              |
| A86       | 20809    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                                     | Grade II    | As below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4711              |
| A87       | 20810    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                                     | Grade II    | As below                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4709              |
| A88       | 20742    | Cildeudy tunnel                                                 | Grade II    | The tunnel was built by Sir Robert Price, industrialist, MP for Herefordshire between 1837 and 1847, to carry his private line under Cildeudy Road to transport coals from Bettws Colliery to his ironworks at Tondy. The private tramway was built when Sir Robert, originally a major shareholder in the Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Tramway, considered the level of haulage tolls charged by the Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway were too great to be borne.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 3842              |
| A89       | 20743    | Pont-y-rhyd-ddu (partly in Garw Valley community)               | Grade II    | 19th century. Built of squared Pennant sandstone rubble. A segmental arch of narrow rubble voussoirs springing from vertical stone abutments and spanning c. 8.4m between the margins of the river. The spandrels rise to an angled square string course at the base of the flush parapets, coped with roughly shaped semicircular rubble stones. Total height of the bridge coping from the water level is 6.3m. The abutment curves round on the W side.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | 2739              |
| A90       | 20744    | Walls flanking the inclined plane joining the Bettws tramway to | Grade II    | Built c.1825-6 to provide direct access from the tramway from Sir Robert Price's coal workings at Bettws to the approximately contemporary Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway running along the higher contours on the W side of the valley. The lower end of the plane was damaged when the A4063 was widened.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Post Medieval | 3230              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                                                    | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          | the DLP Railway.                                                                        |             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |               |                   |
| A91       | 20745    | Nicholls Arms PH                                                                        | Grade II    | Built probably in the early C19 as a public inn in an isolated position to serve travellers on the Llynfi valley road. In 1875 it was known as the Nicholl Arms, named after Sir John Nicholl, MP and industrial entrepreneur of Merthyr-mawr.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 3410              |
| A92       | 20746    | Abutments to overbridge/ loading bay on the former Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway | Grade II    | The Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway was built following a bill, 6 Geo IV c, civ, receiving royal assent on 10.6.1825. It was opened in 1828 and extended N to Caerau in 1829-30. Robert Gabb was the surveyor and John Hodgkinson the designing engineer. The line climbed from near sea level at Porthcawl dock to 149m (490ft), with an average gradient of 1:180. The single line, of 4ft 6in (1.372m) gauge, with passing places, was set in a 4.6m wide reservation, bounded by stone walls through farmland and at other appropriate places. It provided links to Porthcawl dock and served the many small mineral extraction enterprises along its route. The drift mine with its associated loading arrangements are amongst the best preserved features surviving from this important railway | Post Medieval | 3963              |
| A93       | 20747    | North portal and wings of the Rock-fawr Bridge on Sir Robert Price's private tramway.   | Grade II    | Sir Robert Price, landowner, MP for Herefordshire, entrepreneur and owner of both Bettws drift mine and the Tondy Iron and brick works, built a private tramway between 1837 and 1847 to transport coals after his disagreement with his fellow directors of the Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway over the level of tolls charged. The line closely follows the roadway at a lower level, and includes a parallel leet conducting water from the Afon Llynfi near Shwt to the ironworks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | 4326              |
| A94       | 20760    | Park House                                                                              | Grade II    | House probably associated with the second stage of development of Tondy Ironworks in mid C19 under John Brogden and Sons. It appears to have been built after no. 26 to which it is joined and then extended by an additional wing to left which is already shown on first edition OS map of 1875.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 4663              |
| A95       | 20761    | Park Cottage                                                                            | Grade II    | Cottage associated with early development of Tondy Ironworks early- mid C19 under owner Sir Robert Price. It appears to have been built before number 27 to which it is attached and is probably one of two houses shown near the Truck shop on the Tithe Map of 1842-3, the other being the former Inn at number 23. Tenant claims to have traced it back to 1824.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4660              |
| A96       | 20762    | 23 Derllwyn Road                                                                        | Grade II    | House, reported as former Inn, associated with the early industrial development of Tondy Ironworks in mid C19 under Sir Robert Price, since it is probably one of two houses shown on Tithe Map of 1842 together with the Truck Shop. Originally the wing left sharing the same roof line was part of this property and had a carriage entrance, but a later division aligned it with number 24, and this property division already appears to be on OS 1:2500 map of 1897 and possibly of 1875.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | 4611              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                       | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A97       | 20764    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | Terraced housing built for the ironworkers to replace the early temporary wooden huts and known as company houses, the rent deducted from workers' wages. Constructed near the works, which were in operation day and night, in 1856 (dated at number 28) and thus shortly after John Brogden and Son took over the Ironworks in 1854 from Sir Robert Price who had established them in the 1830s.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4725              |
| A98       | 20765    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | One of a double row of terraced housing facing each other across pavements, road and a narrow green. Houses built in pairs with a door to side, one window above and one to ground floor, shared central stack and roofline, with the steps in roofline necessary to accommodate the rising ground occurring between pairs. Built of snecked roughly dressed ironstone, each opening bordered by large stones with massive single lintels, some brick to stacks; originally Welsh slate roofs though mostly now replaced with concrete tiles, blue brick ridge tiles. Windows were originally 8/8 pane sashes of which a few remain, later adaptations being some horned sashes; most glazing now late C20 PVC-U though original openings and deep sills are unaltered. Rear elevations had similar glazing and are shown on OS Map of 1875 with no rear outshuts, though these are now ubiquitous, few dividing fences between properties but a separate stone and slate WC and coal shed at end of each double plot, many of which survive in adapted form. At each terrace end except SE is a later house varying from the standard pattern. | Post Medieval | 4726              |
| A99       | 20766    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4727              |
| A100      | 20767    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4728              |
| A101      | 20768    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4729              |
| A102      | 20769    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4730              |
| A103      | 20770    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4730              |
| A104      | 20771    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 4731              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                       | Designation | Description | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A105      | 20772    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4732              |
| A106      | 20773    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4732              |
| A107      | 20774    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4734              |
| A108      | 20775    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4734              |
| A109      | 20776    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4736              |
| A110      | 20777    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4736              |
| A111      | 20778    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4737              |
| A112      | 20779    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4738              |
| A113      | 20780    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4738              |
| A114      | 20781    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4740              |
| A115      | 20782    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above    | Post Medieval | 4740              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                        | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A116      | 20783    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4741              |
| A117      | 20784    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4742              |
| A118      | 20785    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4743              |
| A119      | 20786    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4744              |
| A120      | 20787    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4745              |
| A121      | 20788    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4746              |
| A122      | 20789    | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 4747              |
| A123      | 20790    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | Terraced housing built for the ironworkers to replace the early temporary wooden huts and known as company houses, the rent deducted from workers' wages. Constructed near the works, which were in operation day and night, in 1856 (dated at number 28) and thus shortly after John Brogden and Son took over the Ironworks in 1854 from Sir Robert Price who had established them in the 1830s.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Post Medieval | 4728              |
| A124      | 20791    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | One of a double row of terraced housing facing each other across pavements, road and a narrow green. Houses built in pairs with a door to side, one window above and one to ground floor, shared central stack and roofline, with the steps in roofline necessary to accommodate the rising ground occurring between pairs. Built of snecked roughly dressed ironstone, each opening bordered by large stones with massive single lintels, some brick to stacks; originally Welsh slate roofs though mostly now replaced with concrete tiles, blue brick ridge tiles. Windows were originally 8/8 pane sashes of which a few remain, later adaptations being some horned sashes; most glazing now late C20 PVC-U though original openings and deep sills are unaltered. Rear elevations had similar glazing and are shown on OS Map of 1875 with no rear outshuts, though these are now ubiquitous, few dividing | Post Medieval | 4727              |



| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                        | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                             |             | fences between properties but a separate stone and slate WC and coal shed at end of each double plot, many of which survive in adapted form. At each terrace end except SE is a later house varying from the standard pattern. |               |                   |
| A125      | 20792    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4726              |
| A126      | 20793    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4726              |
| A127      | 20794    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4725              |
| A128      | 20795    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4724              |
| A129      | 20796    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4722              |
| A130      | 20797    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4722              |
| A131      | 20798    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4721              |
| A132      | 20799    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4720              |
| A133      | 20800    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4718              |
| A134      | 20801    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 4718              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                        | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                           | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A135      | 20802    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4717              |
| A136      | 20803    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4716              |
| A137      | 20804    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4713              |
| A138      | 20805    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4714              |
| A139      | 20806    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4715              |
| A140      | 20811    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4710              |
| A141      | 20812    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4709              |
| A142      | 20813    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4708              |
| A143      | 20814    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4708              |
| A144      | 20815    | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 4705              |
| A145      | 22166    | Jerusalem Baptist Chapel    | Grade II    | Built in 1858 (date on building). The present baptistery and pulpit were added late C19, the present pews early C20, while the render to the front is also early C20. | Post Medieval | 4896              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                          | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A146      | 22167    | Kiln block at former Bryn Brickworks          | Grade II    | Bryn Brickworks was constructed after 1894 and continued production into the 1920s. The kiln block stood at the SE end of the works adjacent to a siding of the Port Talbot Railway. The clay preparation and drying sheds do not survive. The kilns are typical of a small brickworks of the late C19 or early C20 as they are intermittent, i.e. they were allowed to cool after firing, in contrast to continuous kilns, which had numerous chambers and where the heat was maintained. The kilns were linked with a pair of round chimney stacks, neither of which have survived, which demonstrates that they were of the downdraught type. | Post Medieval | 3681              |
| A147      | 23843    | Cymmer Viaduct                                | Grade II    | Opened in 1878 and built by the Great Western Railway to link the South Wales Mineral Railway (which ran from the Glynclonwg collieries to Briton Ferry) with the same company's Bridgend-Abergwynfi line. The piers are of locally quarried stone and are shown in the process of erection on the first edition Ordnance Survey. The line closed in 1970.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | 2772              |
| A148      | 23844    | Croeserw Viaduct                              | Grade II    | Built by the Rhondda & Swansea Bay Railway, which was incorporated in 1882 and was established to attract coal from the Rhondda Fawr collieries to the newly opened Prince of Wales Dock in Swansea. Croeserw Viaduct opened in 1890, although the line was not fully opened until 1900. The viaduct and the nearby Gelli Tunnel both suffered from mining subsidence and was the first section of the line to close. The viaduct was closed in 1959. It is now a footpath.                                                                                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | 2614              |
| A149      | 23845    | Nantewlath including attached barn and stable | Grade II    | Probably built c1700, the house is of 3 units comprising hall, parlour and a dairy between. This specific plan form with a central dairy was a late development in sub-medieval Glamorgan houses. A lean-to kitchen was added late C19, and the original winding stair was blocked and a new stair built. The barn attached at the S end is earlier.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Post Medieval | 4546              |
| A150      | 23847    | Gelli Farm Cottage                            | Grade II    | Gelli Farm and Gelli Farm Cottage A longhouse built in the early C17 with a hall, passage and cow house, and a separate bakehouse providing additional accommodation for farm hands. A N wing was added in the early C18, possibly in 1717 when other improvements to the farm are dated. In the later C20 the dairy was demolished and a small lean-to built in its place. The house was also divided into 2 dwellings, the N wing and cottages becoming a separate dwelling from the main farmhouse.                                                                                                                                           | Post Medieval | 2936              |
| A151      | 23848    | Old longhouse at Nantfyedw                    | Grade II    | An early C17 longhouse. The house was superseded when a new farmhouse was built in the late C19, subsequent to which the old house was used for animal accommodation and latterly for storage.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Post Medieval | 2564              |
| A152      | 23849    | Stable at Nantfyedw                           | Grade II    | Probably built in the C18 and later than the longhouse. The stable is shown on the Llangynwyd Tithe map of 1842 as part of a much longer range and was subsequently partly rebuilt.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 2573              |
| A153      | 23850    | Animal House at Nantewlath                    | Grade II    | A C19 animal house of whitewashed rubble stone and corrugated iron roof on original trusses. Facing the yard on the S side is a central doorway under a drip stone and with a boarded door. To its L is a small square opening protected by a curving whitewashed wall.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | 4541              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                             | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
|           |          |                                  |             | The W gable end is built into the bank, from where there is a loft doorway also under a drip stone and with double boarded doors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |               |                   |
| A154      | 23852    | Bakehouse at Gelli Farm          | Grade II    | The bakehouse was probably built in the early C17 contemporary with the farm house. It is mentioned in wills of 1701 and 1727, where Thomas Jenkins and Jenkin Thomas respectively left the bakehouse for the use of their wives, indicating that the loft above provided sleeping accommodation in addition to the main house, although it was probably originally used by farm hands. An additional unit, probably incorporating a granary given its external stair, was added on the N side c1820. | Post Medieval | 2900              |
| A155      | 23853    | Barn and Cow House at Gelli Farm | Grade II    | Built in 1717, the date placed on a lintel over the N doorway, now removed. It was extended in 1820 (date on building).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Post Medieval | 2921              |
| A156      | 23854    | 1 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | Erected in 1883 for colliers at nearby pits owned by the Glyncorrwg Coal Mining Company. The single-storey construction is unusual, and the Gelli Houses represent one of the latest examples of the type. Of four-room construction with a lean-to pantry at the back, only two of the rooms were originally heated. The houses originally shared a communal bakehouse, but this had been demolished by 1904.                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 2866              |
| A157      | 23855    | 2 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | Erected in 1883 for colliers at nearby pits owned by the Glyncorrwg Coal Mining Company. The single-storey construction is unusual, and the Gelli Houses represent one of the latest examples of the type. Of four-room construction with a lean-to pantry at the back, only two of the rooms were originally heated. The houses originally shared a communal bakehouse, but this had been demolished by 1904.                                                                                        | Post Medieval | 2873              |
| A158      | 23856    | 3 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | 1-12 Gelli Houses Two rows of 6 double-fronted houses are placed end-to-end but not quite parallel. The rubble-stone walls are now rendered, the roofs have been renewed and most of the brick stacks survive, some rendered. The windows and doors are replaced, mostly in original openings. Replaced tile roof.                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 2880              |
| A159      | 23857    | 4 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 2888              |
| A160      | 23858    | 5 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 2895              |
| A161      | 23859    | 6 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 2903              |
| A162      | 23860    | 7 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 2915              |
| A163      | 23861    | 8 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | 2922              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                    | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Period        | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| A164      | 23862    | 9 Gelli Houses                                          | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 2929              |
| A165      | 23863    | 10 Gelli Houses                                         | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 2936              |
| A166      | 23864    | 11 Gelli Houses                                         | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 2944              |
| A167      | 23865    | 12 Gelli Houses                                         | Grade II    | As above                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | 2952              |
| A168      | 23866    | Hebron Chapel                                           | Grade II    | Built in 1903 (date on building) by R.A. Griffiths, architect, and Daniel Lloyd of Cymmer, contractor and chapel member, for £1700.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | 2942              |
| A169      | 87889    | Catholic Church of Our Lady and St Patrick              | Grade II    | Church built 1906-7 in the Gothic Revival style to designs of Sebastian Pugin Powell of Pugin & Pugin (London). In 1902 Dom Maurus Kelly OSB acquired the site of the current church from Mr James O'Brien for £9,300. The adjacent school was built 1908-9.                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | 1841              |
| A170      | 18493    | Bethania Capel y Bedyddwyr Neillduol                    | Grade II*   | Built in 1908 on the site of 2 earlier chapels (1832 and 1841), and designed by W. Beddoe Rees, architect of Cardiff and a native of Maesteg, to seat 1001 worshippers. The mother church of the Baptist community in the valley which was first established in 1828.                                                                                                                                       | Modern        | 1855              |
| A171      | 18499    | Maesteg Council Offices, with flanking walls and piers. | Grade II*   | Built in 1911-1913 by S J Harpur, surveyor to the council.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Modern        | 1768              |
| A172      | 11353    | Telephone call box in front of the Old House PH         | Grade II    | King George VI, type K6 Mark 2 call box as the standard design adapted from the "Jubilee" kiosk designed in 1936 by Giles Gilbert Scott, architect of London and introduced as standard in a modified form by the General Post Office in 1936. The Mark 2 of which this is one, was introduced in 1939, and has the manufacturer's plate to the rear, reading MacFarlane and Co / Saracen Foundry, Glasgow. | Modern        | 2740              |
| A173      | 18497    | Cenotaph                                                | Grade II    | Originally erected to commemorate Maesteg's dead of the First World War, the inscription extended to cover the Second World War, and a further inscription added for the Falklands War 1982. The sculpture is signed by L F Roslyn 1926 and was cast by E J Palenti & Co of London.                                                                                                                         | Modern        | 1648              |
| A174      | 18498    | North Company Offices                                   | Grade II    | Built 1908 as the offices of the North's Navigation Collieries (1889), Ltd, which undertook the coal mining in the valley which had been started c.1800. It took over the assets of the iron companies in 1889, and eventually, by 1922, was the main controlling company of the                                                                                                                            | Modern        | 1659              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                              | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Period | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
|           |          |                                                   |             | area until the great depression from 1928 saw the gradual closures of the pits. Col. North 'the Nitrate King' of Fullerton and Eltham, died 1896.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |        |                   |
| A175      | 18501    | Zoar Chapel                                       | Grade II    | Built in 1911 as a Welsh Independent Chapel to the design of W Beddoe Rees of Cardiff, replacing a smaller earlier chapel. The contractor was Turner and Sons of Cardiff. It closed in 1978 and has now become a Chapel of Rest.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Modern | 1587              |
| A176      | 18504    | Post Office                                       | Grade II    | Built 1938 by Office of Works for the Royal Mail. Built of a brindled brick with Bath stone dressings, on a low granite plinth. Slate roof. The main elevation is symmetrical, of 5 bays, sweeping up to 3 bays at first floor level and an unmoulded pediment-gable. The central pilastered and pedimented doorcase has a narrow overlight and panelled doors. To either side, 20-pane sash windows with a pronounced stone keystone in a flat brick arch, and three similar 16-pane sash windows above. To the left of the elevation, brick piers with iron gates giving access to the rear yard. | Modern | 1669              |
| A177      | 18505    | William Hopkin Thomas memorial Lamp and fountain. | Grade II    | Designed by W H Rees, architect, and sculpted by J L Jenkins, and erected in 1900.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Modern | 1699              |
| A178      | 18507    | Nantyffyllon Workmen's Institute                  | Grade II    | Built 1924 - 1926. Designed by Oswal Davies and built by Messrs Jenkin Davies and Owen Jones on behalf of North Collieries.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Modern | 1240              |
| A179      | 18599    | Former Co-operative Wholesale Society Building    | Grade II    | The building was erected c.1910 by the Co-operative Wholesale Society as a local department store serving the Ogmore Valley. The ground floor contained a grocery shop, and the 'Co-op Shop' where payment was made, whilst the upper floor was for haberdashery, drapery and millinery. The shop closed c.1977.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Modern | 3496              |
| A180      | 18606    | Blackmill War Memorial                            | Grade II    | Erected following the 1914-1918 war to commemorate local men killed in action.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Modern | 4626              |
| A181      | 18609    | Edwards monument in the graveyard of Paran Chapel | Grade II    | Built of pink and grey coloured granite. The obelisk stands at the foot of a grave enclosure which is enclosed by boldly modelled cast iron railings. It consists of a tapered die set on a stepped base. Moulded cap with sarcophagus shape and acroteria, and a short, channelled pyramid carrying a small square granite urn, etched on each face. Gilded lettering to Sarah, wife of Colwyn Edwards of Black Mill, d.1909, with Colwyn Edwards added at death, 1935.                                                                                                                            | Modern | 4586              |
| A182      | 18631    | Ffaldau Workmen's Institute and                   | Grade II    | Main Institute building erected 1901, builder J Maddock, providing miners with library, reading and meeting rooms and a domino room. Former Medical Aid Society building, forerunner of NHS, established in 1908 with Llewellyn Jones as secretary was originally to rear                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Modern | 1484              |



| Asset Ref | Cadw Ref | Name                                                           | Designation | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Period | Distance (Metres) |
|-----------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|
|           |          | attached Billiard Hall                                         |             | and surgeries were held in the basement of the Institute, which also housed the Office. Although designed to improve facilities for miners' health and welfare, the scheme was open to all people of the town on payment of standard contribution, and eventually it owned a car and ambulance to transport members to Cardiff Royal Infirmary where a Garw ward had been established. Ffaldau, originally the name of a hillside farm, gave its name to a colliery sunk on the Earl of Dunraven's land in 1876. It became well known for its technological innovation, such as the use of the Belgian Coke Ovens and the Siemens-Schukert aerial ropeway to remove colliery waste and was one of the first in South Wales to undergo major modernisation in 1947. A Billiard Hall was added in 1906 to the designs of P J Thomas. |        |                   |
| A183      | 18633    | Monument to Benjamin and Elizabeth Noyle, Pontycymmer Cemetery | Grade II    | Benjamin Noyle who died 1900 (Elizabeth died 1906) was the first secretary to the Ffaldau Workmen's Institute and lived at nearby Ffaldau House. Monumental mason B Nicholas of Trealaw.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Modern | 1799              |
| A184      | 20429    | The Hopcyn Cross                                               | Grade II    | The memorial cross was designed by Christopher Williams and raised in 1927-8, replacing the former direction post in the same position. It commemorates the famous and tragic liason between Ann Thomas, the maid of Cefn-ydfa, and the tyler-poet Wil Hopcyn, who is believed to be the author of the poignant love song 'Bugeilo'r Gwenith Gwyn'.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Modern | 2752              |
| A185      | 23842    | Cymmer Bridge                                                  | Grade II    | Built in 1925 at a cost of £11,251 and opened in 1926. It was part of a scheme for road development formulated by Glamorgan County Council and the Ministry of Transport, although it was maintained by Glyncoirwg Urban District Council. The bridge was designed by W.P. Jones, Surveyor to the Glyncoirwg UDC, in association with the engineers L.G. Mouchel & Partners of London, pioneers of ferro-concrete construction. The contractor was John Sutherland of Abercynon. The bridge was constructed using pre-cast component parts, which were subsequently rendered. The deck is 90 feet (27.5m) above the river bed. When built, its span of 150 feet (45.7m) was one of the longest single-span ferro-concrete road bridges in Britain.                                                                                 | Modern | 2867              |

### Non-Designated Historic Assets

| Asset Ref | Name                          | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Period      | Type     | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B1        | Mynydd Bach, Cairn II         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Bronze Age  | Cairn    | Unknown   | SS8679492839 | 516832         | Within Site                 |
| B2        | Mynydd Bach, Cairn III        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Bronze Age  | Cairn    | Unknown   | SS8678092853 | 516438         | Within Site                 |
| B3        | Mynydd Bach, Cairn I          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Bronze Age  | Cairn    | Unknown   | SS8677692928 | 516439         | Within Site                 |
| B4        | Croes Y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn | Grass-covered mound cut through by an irregular E-W gully and a hole in the W side in which stone (sandstone) can be seen. Otherwise entirely covered in vegetation. Difficult to define edges. In a clearing in mature forest. Dimensions: ?c7.5m diameter | Bronze Age  | Cairn    | Damaged   | SS8891390791 | 00111m         | 50                          |
| B5        | Findspot, Llangynwd           | Find spot of a Neolithic leaf-shaped arrowhead, donated to NMGW.                                                                                                                                                                                            | Neolithic   | Findspot | Not known | SS88199218   | 01646m         | 60                          |
| B6        | Findspot, Maesteg             | Prehistoric (not further defined) scatter, One tool type and material, Number not known. No function ascribed. Exposure not specified. GGAT 66 Lithics survey 2000.                                                                                         | Prehistoric | Findspot | Not known | SS885922     | 02032m         | 100                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                         | Period   | Type            | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B7        | Platform House, Pantyffold (1 of 2) Maesteg | Large stone-Bank enclosure containing numerous stones and two-three stone Platforms with traces of Walling. DRS Site Visit: 1999. GGAT 65 Deserted Rural Settlements in Glamorgan and Gwent (2001). | Medieval | Long hut        | Damaged   | SS87009224   | 02504m         | 265                         |
| B8        | Platform House, Pantyffold (2 of 2) Maesteg | Large stone-Bank enclosure containing numerous stones and two-three stone Platforms with traces of Walling. DRS Site Visit: 1999. GGAT 65 Deserted Rural Settlements in Glamorgan and Gwent (2001). | Medieval | Long hut        | Damaged   | SS87009224   | 02505m         | 265                         |
| B9        | Parish boundaries, Maesteg                  | GGAT waunbant cafn hirgoed a090 laleston newcastle parish boundaries aligned on standing stones                                                                                                     | Medieval | Hedge           | Damaged   | SS8732192568 | 03550.0m       | Within Site                 |
| B10       | Mynydd Bach 2                               | Two further examples like 4197m, on Boundary Wall. DRS Site Visit: 1999. GGAT 65 Deserted Rural Settlements in Glamorgan and Gwent (2001)                                                           | Medieval | Shelter         | Damaged   | SS8636092500 | 04198m         | 120                         |
| B11       | Boundary, Maesteg                           | GGAT Waunbant Cefn Hirgoed A090 Boundary between marcher lordships of kenfig and Newcastle. (See also PRN 03549.0m)                                                                                 | Medieval | Boundary        | Not known | SS86399250   | 04205m         | 110                         |
| B12       | Moel Cynhordy                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Medieval | Platform; House |           | SS8910089770 | 305727         | Within Site                 |
| B13       | Craig-yr-Hudol                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Medieval | Platform; House |           | SS8968088600 | 305726         | 790                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                            | Description | Period        | Type                 | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B14       | Pant y Ffald, Long Hut          |             | Medieval      | Long Hut             |           | SS8687992609 | 516430         | Within Site                 |
| B15       | Garth Hill House Platforms      |             | Medieval      | House Platform       |           | SS8737090210 | 408381         | 985                         |
| B16       | Panttyffald, Maesteg, Glamorgan |             | Medieval      | Earthwork; Earthwork |           | SS8700092240 | 96550          | 265                         |
| B17       | Tor Cerrig, Long Hut            |             | Post Medieval | Long Hut             |           | SS8719692365 | 516427         | 70                          |
| B18       | Mynydd Bach, Marker Cairn       |             | Post Medieval | Marker Cairn         |           | SS8673692858 | 516817         | Within Site                 |
| B19       | Lluest Cottages                 |             | Post Medieval | Settlement           |           | SS9074489234 | 523346         | 992                         |
| B20       | Mynydd Bach, Tramway VII        |             | Post Medieval | Tramway              |           | SS8593892832 | 516815         | 489                         |
| B21       | Mynydd Bach, Quarry VII         |             | Post Medieval | Quarry               |           | SS8625592869 | 516389         | 221                         |
| B22       | Mynydd Bach, Trackway I         |             | Post Medieval | Tramway; Trackway    |           | SS8643393155 | 516396         | 154                         |
| B23       | Mynydd Bach, Tramway IX         |             | Post Medieval | Tramway              |           | SS8649093523 | 516826         | 131                         |
| B24       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap         |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap           |           | SS8648593609 | 516473         | 210                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                   | Description | Period        | Type         | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B25       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap IX             |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap   |           | SS8639393514 | 516463         | 90                          |
| B26       | Cae'r Defaid, Winding Drum II          |             | Post Medieval | Winding Drum |           | SS8618892144 | 516223         | 521                         |
| B27       | Mynydd Bach, Tramway V                 |             | Post Medieval | Tramway      |           | SS8620193338 | 516445         | 142                         |
| B28       | Carmel Independent Chapel, Pont-yr-Hyl |             | Post Medieval | Chapel       |           | SS9047089640 | 9540           | 604                         |
| B29       | Cae'r Defaid, Gully                    |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine   |           | SS8618492108 | 516349         | 555                         |
| B30       | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway VIII             |             | Post Medieval | Tramway      |           | SS8652691968 | 516334         | 603                         |
| B31       | Cae'r Defaid, Reservoir II             |             | Post Medieval | Reservoir    |           | SS8635092322 | 516220         | 296                         |
| B32       | Cae'r Defaid, Level VI                 |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine   |           | SS8608992174 | 516358         | 548                         |
| B33       | North's Navigation Railway             |             | Post Medieval | Railway      |           | SS8560093280 | 305498         | 745                         |
| B34       | Nant Llwyn Cria                        |             | Post Medieval | Quarry       |           | SS9076189308 | 523288         | 975                         |
| B35       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap I              |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap   |           | SS8648293541 | 516466         | 145                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                             | Description | Period        | Type               | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B36       | Mynydd Bach, Field System II     |             | Post Medieval | Field System       |           | SS8647493095 | 516849         | 152                         |
| B37       | Cae'r Defaid, Hollow VI          |             | Post Medieval | Quarry             |           | SS8619692097 | 516844         | 560                         |
| B38       | Mynydd Bach, Quarry IX           |             | Post Medieval | Quarry             |           | SS8659292583 | 516432         | Within Site                 |
| B39       | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway XI         |             | Post Medieval | Tramway            |           | SS8654891941 | 516333         | 628                         |
| B40       | Cae'r Defaid, Level XII          |             | Post Medieval | Level              |           | SS8655992079 | 516214         | 489                         |
| B41       | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway I          |             | Post Medieval | Trackway; Tramway  |           | SS8634292214 | 516414         | 403                         |
| B42       | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap VII     |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap         |           | SS8677391939 | 516339         | 615                         |
| B43       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap VIII     |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap         |           | SS8647693518 | 516458         | 122                         |
| B44       | Pant y Ffald, Sheep Fold I       |             | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold         |           | SS8703192622 | 516208         | Within Site                 |
| B45       | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap Complex |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap Complex |           | SS8616192222 | 516923         | 467                         |
| B46       | Mynydd Bach, Level XIV           |             | Post Medieval | Level              |           | SS8649993507 | 516457         | 119                         |



| Asset Ref | Name                          | Description | Period        | Type             | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B47       | Mynydd Bach, Bank III         |             | Post Medieval | Bank (Earthwork) |           | SS8605192885 | 516816         | 406                         |
| B48       | Mynydd Bach, Level XXIII      |             | Post Medieval | Level            |           | SS8657993212 | 516235         | 49                          |
| B49       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XII   |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap       |           | SS8603292719 | 516382         | 372                         |
| B50       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap VI    |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap       |           | SS8649493574 | 516471         | 180                         |
| B51       | Cae'r Defaid, Winding Drum I  |             | Post Medieval | Winding Drum     |           | SS8630592157 | 516219         | 467                         |
| B52       | Cae'r Defaid, Leat            |             | Post Medieval | Leat             |           | SS8633492018 | 516329         | 589                         |
| B53       | Cae'r Defaid, Slag Heap       |             | Post Medieval | Slag Heap        |           | SS8666992065 | 516341         | 495                         |
| B54       | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway IV      |             | Post Medieval | Tramway          |           | SS8650292159 | 516411         | 416                         |
| B55       | Mynydd Bach, Quarry XI        |             | Post Medieval | Quarry           |           | SS8643093044 | 516394         | 182                         |
| B56       | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap XIII |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap       |           | SS8619592083 | 516348         | 573                         |
| B57       | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap X    |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap       |           | SS8675091971 | 516340         | 586                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                        | Description | Period        | Type          | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B58       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XV  |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap    |           | SS8630592943 | 516391         | 220                         |
| B59       | Mynydd Bach, Level VII      |             | Post Medieval | Level         |           | SS8642493586 | 516475         | 168                         |
| B60       | St John's Colliery, Maesteg |             | Post Medieval | Coal Mine     |           | SS8756891682 | 435            | 757                         |
| B61       | Cae'r Defaid, Boiler House  |             | Post Medieval | Boiler House  |           | SS8632791861 | 516325         | 741                         |
| B62       | Cae'r Defaid, Bank I        |             | Post Medieval | Boundary Bank |           | SS8611792447 | 516367         | 338                         |
| B63       | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry VI     |             | Post Medieval | Quarry        |           | SS8680791980 | 516338         | 567                         |
| B64       | Cae'r Defaid, Hollow I      |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine    |           | SS8642892278 | 516830         | 313                         |
| B65       | Mynydd Bach, Earthwork      |             | Post Medieval | Winding Drum  |           | SS8661193380 | 516478         | 38                          |
| B66       | Llangynwyd Viaduct          |             | Post Medieval | Viaduct       |           | SS8745089320 | 34817          | 943                         |
| B67       | Mynydd Bach Mine Workings   |             | Post Medieval | Coal Workings |           | SS8600092000 | 86991          | 741                         |
| B68       | Ty'n y Crier                |             | Post Medieval | House         |           | SS9072889297 | 523287         | 950                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                          | Description | Period        | Type               | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B69       | Cae'r Defaid, Platform        |             | Post Medieval | Platform           |           | SS8633592149 | 516412         | 466                         |
| B70       | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap II   |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap         |           | SS8667292247 | 516420         | 313                         |
| B71       | Mynydd Bach, Shelter VI       |             | Post Medieval | Shelter            |           | SS8651092534 | 516442         | 44                          |
| B72       | Mynydd Bach, Quarry VIII      |             | Post Medieval | Quarry             |           | SS8647693463 | 516459         | 70                          |
| B73       | Mynydd Bach, Wall             |             | Post Medieval | Wall               |           | SS8616592833 | 516386         | 281                         |
| B74       | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway III     |             | Post Medieval | Tramway            |           | SS8672392245 | 516421         | 313                         |
| B75       | Cae'r Defaid, Hollow II       |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine; Quarry |           | SS8621592087 | 516347         | 562                         |
| B76       | Cae'r Defaid, Winding Drum IV |             | Post Medieval | Winding Drum       |           | SS8666792117 | 516343         | 443                         |
| B77       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XXIII |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap         |           | SS8623093321 | 516446         | 116                         |
| B78       | Cae'r Defaid, Shelter         |             | Post Medieval | Shelter            |           | SS8595592503 | 516365         | 461                         |
| B79       | Cae'r Defaid, Level XIV       |             | Post Medieval | Level              |           | SS8662292186 | 516216         | 377                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                         | Description | Period        | Type                                       | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B80       | Mynydd Bach, Level XIII      |             | Post Medieval | Level                                      |           | SS8644793367 | 516398         | Within Site                 |
| B81       | Cae Chwarel, Quarry I        |             | Post Medieval | Quarry                                     |           | SS8570092464 | 516375         | 717                         |
| B82       | Mynydd Bach, Shelter VII     |             | Post Medieval | Shelter                                    |           | SS8650393147 | 516404         | 126                         |
| B83       | Mynydd Bach, Structure IV    |             | Post Medieval | Structure; Structure; Structure; Structure |           | SS8646593373 | 516399         | Within Site                 |
| B84       | Cae'r Defaid, Building I     |             | Post Medieval | Building; Building; Building               |           | SS8683391934 | 516337         | 604                         |
| B85       | Mynydd Bach, Quarry V        |             | Post Medieval | Quarry                                     |           | SS8661293528 | 516480         | 177                         |
| B86       | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap XII |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap                                 |           | SS8624092121 | 516408         | 521                         |
| B87       | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XXII |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap                                 |           | SS8638793348 | 516450         | Within Site                 |
| B88       | Cae Chwarel, Trial Shaft     |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                                 |           | SS8580792314 | 516225         | 672                         |
| B89       | Mynydd Bach, Bank II         |             | Post Medieval | Bank (Earthwork)                           |           | SS8624492710 | 516819         | 161                         |
| B90       | Mynydd Bach, Level X         |             | Post Medieval | Level                                      |           | SS8650393547 | 516470         | 158                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                                                     | Description | Period        | Type             | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B91       | Methodist Church, Pont-y-Rhyl,                                           |             | Post Medieval | Chapel           |           | SS9074089360 | 13801          | 935                         |
| B92       | Mynydd Bach, Quarry III                                                  |             | Post Medieval | Quarry           |           | SS8673692862 | 516231         | Within Site                 |
| B93       | Mynydd Bach, Shelter V                                                   |             | Post Medieval | Shelter          |           | SS8648092519 | 516441         | 68                          |
| B94       | Cae'r Defaid, Pit                                                        |             | Post Medieval | PIT              |           | SS8610092173 | 516357         | 542                         |
| B95       | Mynydd Bach, Shelter I                                                   |             | Post Medieval | Shelter          |           | SS8656692627 | 516435         | Within Site                 |
| B96       | Mynydd Bach, Bank I                                                      |             | Post Medieval | Bank (Earthwork) |           | SS8653193566 | 516827         | 185                         |
| B97       | Mynydd Bach, Quarry XIV                                                  |             | Post Medieval | Quarry           |           | SS8675892836 | 516437         | Within Site                 |
| B98       | Nazareth Calvinistic Methodist Chapel, Bryn Villa s, Lluest, Pont-y-Rhyl |             | Post Medieval | Chapel           |           | SS9073089360 | 9553           | 926                         |
| B99       | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry IV                                                  |             | Post Medieval | Quarry           |           | SS8625892040 | 516345         | 592                         |
| B100      | Cae'r Defaid, Engine House I                                             |             | Post Medieval | Engine House     |           | SS8633691873 | 516316         | 728                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                          | Description | Period        | Type              | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B101      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap V    |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap        |           | SS8680991902 | 516336         | 642                         |
| B102      | Mynydd Bach, Trial Shaft I    |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine        |           | SS8637092879 | 516465         | 130                         |
| B103      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway VII     |             | Post Medieval | Tramway           |           | SS8672691958 | 516335         | 600                         |
| B104      | Mynydd Bach, Tramway II       |             | Post Medieval | Tramway           |           | SS8656493384 | 516479         | 26                          |
| B105      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway V       |             | Post Medieval | Tramway           |           | SS8628692089 | 516407         | 537                         |
| B106      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XIV   |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap        |           | SS8605692761 | 516384         | 356                         |
| B107      | Cae'r Defaid, Level XIII      |             | Post Medieval | Level             |           | SS8664792036 | 516215         | 525                         |
| B108      | Mynydd Bach, Linear Earthwork |             | Post Medieval | Trackway; Tramway |           | SS8640293086 | 516395         | 223                         |
| B109      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap VII   |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap        |           | SS8601293410 | 516824         | 335                         |
| B110      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap IV    |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap        |           | SS8646093581 | 516474         | 175                         |
| B111      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap VI   |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap        |           | SS8683492250 | 516425         | 298                         |



| Asset Ref | Name                           | Description | Period        | Type                                       | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B112      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XI     |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap                                 |           | SS8602792684 | 516381         | 372                         |
| B113      | Cae'r Defaid, Structure II     |             | Post Medieval | Structure; Structure; Structure; Structure |           | SS8628491868 | 516326         | 747                         |
| B114      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap I     |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap                                 |           | SS8658192258 | 516419         | 309                         |
| B115      | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry V         |             | Post Medieval | Quarry                                     |           | SS8602792198 | 516359         | 571                         |
| B116      | Cae'r Defaid, Hollow IV        |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                                 |           | SS8642592266 | 516831         | 325                         |
| B117      | Cae'r Defaid, Linear Earthwork |             | Post Medieval | Tramway; Trackway                          |           | SS8647792146 | 516413         | 433                         |
| B118      | Mynydd Bach, Level I           |             | Post Medieval | Level                                      |           | SS8641593576 | 516476         | 156                         |
| B119      | Cae'r Defaid, Level XI         |             | Post Medieval | Level                                      |           | SS8641992107 | 516213         | 481                         |
| B120      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway IX       |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                                    |           | SS8624692364 | 516370         | 302                         |
| B121      | Mynydd Bach, Shelter III       |             | Post Medieval | Shelter                                    |           | SS8656693267 | 516403         | 2                           |
| B122      | Mynydd Bach, Level VI          |             | Post Medieval | Level                                      |           | SS8598693353 | 516820         | 356                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                         | Description | Period        | Type                                                | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B123      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XVI  |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap                                          |           | SS8634592991 | 516392         | 209                         |
| B124      | Cae'r Defaid, Wall           |             | Post Medieval | Wall                                                |           | SS8617992402 | 516369         | 319                         |
| B125      | Cae'r Defaid, Structure I    |             | Post Medieval | Shelter; Structure; Structure; Structure; Structure |           | SS8647492284 | 516371         | 297                         |
| B126      | Cae Chwarel, Mining Features |             | Post Medieval | Coal Workings                                       |           | SS8558292559 | 516376         | 818                         |
| B127      | Cae'r Defaid, Building II    |             | Post Medieval | Building; Building; Building                        |           | SS8681392037 | 516212         | 511                         |
| B128      | Cae'r Defaid, Level V        |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                                          |           | SS8631492027 | 516330         | 587                         |
| B129      | Mynydd Bach, Level XVII      |             | Post Medieval | Level                                               |           | SS8633092931 | 516390         | 192                         |
| B130      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap II   |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap                                          |           | SS8647993558 | 516467         | 160                         |
| B131      | Cae'r Defaid, Level I        |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                                          |           | SS8597892211 | 516360         | 597                         |
| B132      | Mynydd Bach, Tramway IV      |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                                             |           | SS8604793328 | 516434         | 296                         |
| B133      | Cae'r Defaid, Level VIII     |             | Post Medieval | Level                                               |           | SS8675692262 | 516423         | 295                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                         | Description | Period        | Type       | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B134      | Cae'r Defaid, Level IV       |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine |           | SS8611292150 | 516356         | 554                         |
| B135      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XX   |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap |           | SS8616493315 | 516443         | 182                         |
| B136      | Mynydd Bach, Level XI        |             | Post Medieval | Level      |           | SS8613093321 | 516821         | 214                         |
| B137      | Cae'r Defaid, Level VII      |             | Post Medieval | Level      |           | SS8639491996 | 516331         | 595                         |
| B138      | Pant y Ffald, Wall           |             | Post Medieval | Wall       |           | SS8711492498 | 516429         | Within Site                 |
| B139      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap X    |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap |           | SS8595992749 | 516378         | 448                         |
| B140      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XVII |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap |           | SS8598993367 | 516825         | 353                         |
| B141      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap V    |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap |           | SS8639593603 | 516477         | 178                         |
| B142      | Mynydd Bach, Structure II    |             | Post Medieval | Shelter    |           | SS8614292842 | 516400         | 305                         |
| B143      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap III |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap |           | SS8675192202 | 516422         | 355                         |
| B144      | Cae'r Defaid, Level X        |             | Post Medieval | Level      |           | SS8665092017 | 516829         | 544                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                          | Description | Period        | Type           | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B145      | Cae Chwarel, Quarry II        |             | Post Medieval | Quarry         |           | SS8591092591 | 516377         | 488                         |
| B146      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap VIII |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap     |           | SS8661992147 | 516344         | 416                         |
| B147      | Mynydd Bach, Level II         |             | Post Medieval | Ironstone Mine |           | SS8608492760 | 516383         | 328                         |
| B148      | Mynydd Bach, Structure I      |             | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold     |           | SS8664193263 | 516481         | Within Site                 |
| B149      | Cae'r Defaid, Earthwork       |             | Post Medieval | Shed           |           | SS8607192221 | 516351         | 524                         |
| B150      | Mynydd Bach, Quarry I         |             | Post Medieval | Quarry         |           | SS8656592593 | 516229         | Within Site                 |
| B151      | Cae'r Defaid No. 9 Drift      |             | Post Medieval | Level          |           | SS8636591933 | 516327         | 662                         |
| B152      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XVIII |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap     |           | SS8641893209 | 516397         | 109                         |
| B153      | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry II       |             | Post Medieval | Quarry         |           | SS8590692339 | 516363         | 574                         |
| B154      | Mynydd Bach, Level XX         |             | Post Medieval | Level          |           | SS8646992918 | 516405         | 65                          |
| B155      | Mynydd Bach, Level XVI        |             | Post Medieval | Level          |           | SS8641293525 | 516462         | 106                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                 | Description | Period        | Type                              | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B156      | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry VIII            |             | Post Medieval | Quarry                            |           | SS8656392290 | 516927         | 279                         |
| B157      | Cae Chwarel, Tramway II              |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                           |           | SS8582792307 | 516373         | 658                         |
| B158      | Mynydd Bach, Trackway II             |             | Post Medieval | Trackway                          |           | SS8634792702 | 516818         | 60                          |
| B159      | Cae Chwarel, Quarry III              |             | Post Medieval | Quarry                            |           | SS8565092533 | 516228         | 753                         |
| B160      | Mynydd Bach, Level XIX               |             | Post Medieval | Level                             |           | SS8632192782 | 516406         | 119                         |
| B161      | St Paul's, Pontycymer                |             | Post Medieval | Chapel                            |           | SS9000091000 | 9557           | 969                         |
| B162      | Cae'r Defaid, Trial Working          |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                        |           | SS8609892449 | 516366         | 352                         |
| B163      | Mynydd Bach, Shaft                   |             | Post Medieval | Mine Shaft                        |           | SS8652993559 | 516469         | 178                         |
| B164      | Cwm Du Colliery and Ironstone Quarry |             | Post Medieval | Coal Workings; Ironstone Workings |           | SS8767591917 | 86933          | 556                         |
| B165      | Tor Cerrig, Wall                     |             | Post Medieval | Wall                              |           | SS8696692348 | 516426         | 170                         |
| B166      | Cae'r Defaid, Level II               |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                        |           | SS8613892146 | 516355         | 543                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                         | Description | Period        | Type                | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B167      | Pant y Ffald, Sheep Fold III |             | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold          |           | SS8687992472 | 516896         | 71                          |
| B168      | Mynydd Bach, Shelter II      |             | Post Medieval | Shelter             |           | SS8656993273 | 516402         | Within Site                 |
| B169      | Cae'r Defaid, Reservoir I    |             | Post Medieval | Reservoir           |           | SS8668792118 | 516211         | 441                         |
| B170      | Tor Cerrig, Shelter          |             | Post Medieval | Shelter; Sheep Fold |           | SS8719992397 | 516428         | 41                          |
| B171      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XIX  |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap          |           | SS8638893404 | 516453         | Within Site                 |
| B172      | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry VII     |             | Post Medieval | Quarry              |           | SS8623292065 | 516346         | 576                         |
| B173      | Mynydd Bach, Level XII       |             | Post Medieval | Level               |           | SS8644693204 | 516401         | 103                         |
| B174      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap     |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap          |           | SS8642892038 | 516928         | 547                         |
| B175      | Mynydd Bach, Quarry IV       |             | Post Medieval | Quarry              |           | SS8670092885 | 516232         | Within Site                 |
| B176      | Mynydd Bach, Level XVIII     |             | Post Medieval | Level               |           | SS8637492971 | 516393         | 174                         |
| B177      | Mynydd Bach, Level XV        |             | Post Medieval | Level               |           | SS8622892842 | 516388         | 230                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                           | Description | Period        | Type                         | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B178      | Mynydd Bach Mine Workings      |             | Post Medieval | Coal Workings                |           | SS8590092600 | 86987          | 497                         |
| B179      | Cae Chwarel, Cultivation Marks |             | Post Medieval | Cultivation Marks            |           | SS8568892529 | 516814         | 716                         |
| B180      | Pant y Ffald, Sheep Fold II    |             | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold                   |           | SS8687492464 | 516209         | 80                          |
| B181      | Mynydd Bach, Level IV          |             | Post Medieval | Level                        |           | SS8649693590 | 516472         | 196                         |
| B182      | Cae'r Defaid, Building III     |             | Post Medieval | Building; Building; Building |           | SS8632691925 | 516328         | 680                         |
| B183      | Mynydd Bach, Level XXII        |             | Post Medieval | Level                        |           | SS8600992492 | 516222         | 413                         |
| B184      | St Mary's Church, Pontyrhyl    |             | Post Medieval | Church                       |           | SS9044789580 | 420756         | 590                         |
| B185      | Mynydd Bach, Ironstone Level   |             | Post Medieval | Ironstone Mine               |           | SS8629093315 | 516447         | 65                          |
| B186      | Mynydd Bach, Quarry XII        |             | Post Medieval | Quarry                       |           | SS8663192574 | 516431         | Within Site                 |
| B187      | Mynydd Bach, Level IX          |             | Post Medieval | Level                        |           | SS8619293515 | 516823         | 200                         |
| B188      | Cae'r Defaid, Hollow III       |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                   |           | SS8643192305 | 516415         | 286                         |



| Asset Ref | Name                            | Description | Period        | Type               | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B189      | Mynydd Bach, Tramway III        |             | Post Medieval | Tramway            |           | SS8642793519 | 516464         | 106                         |
| B190      | Mynydd Bach, Structure III      |             | Post Medieval | Shelter            |           | SS8672492824 | 516436         | Within Site                 |
| B191      | Mynydd Bach, Field System I     |             | Post Medieval | Field System       |           | SS8657192377 | 516848         | 191                         |
| B192      | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry III        |             | Post Medieval | Quarry             |           | SS8587092421 | 516364         | 569                         |
| B193      | Cae'r Defaid, Bank II           |             | Post Medieval | Boundary Bank      |           | SS8617092410 | 516368         | 320                         |
| B194      | Mynydd Bach, Level XXI          |             | Post Medieval | Level              |           | SS8629392382 | 516221         | 261                         |
| B195      | Cae'r Defaid, Air Shaft         |             | Post Medieval | Ventilation Shaft  |           | SS8652092304 | 516217         | 270                         |
| B196      | Cae'r Defaid, Winding Drum III  |             | Post Medieval | Winding Drum       |           | SS8609192221 | 516224         | 510                         |
| B197      | Pont Rhyd-y-Cyff Mining Remains |             | Post Medieval | Coal Workings      |           | SS8760089200 | 86989          | 895                         |
| B198      | Mynydd Bach, Tramway VIII       |             | Post Medieval | Tramway            |           | SS8650393524 | 516456         | 136                         |
| B199      | Cae'r Defaid, Hollow V          |             | Post Medieval | Quarry; Trial Mine |           | SS8616592125 | 516354         | 548                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                        | Description | Period        | Type           | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B200      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap XI |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap     |           | SS8653092284 | 516418         | 288                         |
| B201      | Mynydd Bach, Level VIII     |             | Post Medieval | Ironstone Mine |           | SS8604793443 | 516822         | 308                         |
| B202      | Tor Cerrig, Level           |             | Post Medieval | Level          |           | SS8732992395 | 516416         | 27                          |
| B203      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap IV |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap     |           | SS8677092255 | 516424         | 301                         |
| B204      | Mynydd Bach, Quarry X       |             | Post Medieval | Quarry         |           | SS8610892793 | 516385         | 316                         |
| B205      | Pont-y-Cymmer View          |             | Post Medieval | DWELLING       |           | SS9000091000 | 19755          | 969                         |
| B206      | Mynydd Bach, Trial Shaft II |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine     |           | SS8651793012 | 516233         | 99                          |
| B207      | Mynydd Bach, Tramway X      |             | Post Medieval | Tramway        |           | SS8640393437 | 516454         | 21                          |
| B208      | Cae Chwarel, House          |             | Post Medieval | House          |           | SS8569792324 | 516227         | 766                         |
| B209      | Cae'r Defaid, Watercourse   |             | Post Medieval | Watercourse    |           | SS8632992183 | 516410         | 436                         |
| B210      | Cae'r Defaid, Level XV      |             | Post Medieval | Level          |           | SS8633992021 | 516218         | 585                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                        | Description | Period        | Type                         | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B211      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway XII   |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                      |           | SS8617292113 | 516350         | 556                         |
| B212      | Mynydd Bach, Building I     |             | Post Medieval | Building; Building; Building |           | SS8615193312 | 516444         | 195                         |
| B213      | Moel Cynhordy Mine Workings |             | Post Medieval | Coal Workings                |           | SS8810090100 | 86990          | 289                         |
| B214      | Cae'r Defaid, Level III     |             | Post Medieval | Level                        |           | SS8607792239 | 516352         | 506                         |
| B215      | Mynydd Bach, Quarry XIII    |             | Post Medieval | Quarry                       |           | SS8641093435 | 516455         | 21                          |
| B216      | Mynydd Bach, Tramway VI     |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                      |           | SS8606092825 | 516387         | 372                         |
| B217      | Mynydd Bach, Shelter IV     |             | Post Medieval | Shelter                      |           | SS8681392803 | 516440         | Within Site                 |
| B218      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway II    |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                      |           | SS8662192264 | 516417         | 299                         |
| B219      | Mynydd Bach, Building II    |             | Post Medieval | Mine Building                |           | SS8639793362 | 516449         | Within Site                 |
| B220      | Mynydd Bach, Level II       |             | Post Medieval | Level                        |           | SS8606592677 | 516380         | 334                         |
| B221      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway VI    |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                      |           | SS8591392247 | 516361         | 621                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                                                           | Description | Period        | Type                              | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B222      | Cae Chwarel, Level                                                             |             | Post Medieval | Trial Mine                        |           | SS8576392280 | 516226         | 727                         |
| B223      | Cae'r Defaid, Level IX                                                         |             | Post Medieval | Level                             |           | SS8626192160 | 516409         | 477                         |
| B224      | North's Navigation Railway Bridge, Caerau                                      |             | Post Medieval | Railway BRIDGE                    |           | SS8579094080 | 305499         | 875                         |
| B225      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap III                                                    |             | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap                        |           | SS8645293535 | 516468         | 129                         |
| B226      | Cae'r Defaid, Engine House I                                                   |             | Post Medieval | ENGINE House                      |           | SS8665092077 | 516342         | 484                         |
| B227      | Mynydd Bach, Level V                                                           |             | Post Medieval | Level                             |           | SS8602492746 | 516379         | 384                         |
| B228      | Mynydd Bach, Tramway I                                                         |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                           |           | SS8627293359 | 516448         | 70                          |
| B229      | Old Coal & Ironstone Mining & Quarrying Features on Mynydd Bach Above Coegnant |             | Post Medieval | Coal Workings; Ironstone Workings |           | SS8622093280 | 86986          | 142                         |
| B230      | Cae Chwarel, Tramway I                                                         |             | Post Medieval | Tramway                           |           | SS8584792308 | 516374         | 640                         |
| B231      | Mynydd Bach, Air Shaft                                                         |             | Post Medieval | Ventilation Shaft                 |           | SS8649393088 | 516234         | 133                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                        | Description                                                        | Period        | Type               | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B232      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway X     |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Tramway            |           | SS8655192000 | 516332         | 569                         |
| B233      | Cae'r Defaid, Tramway XIII  |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Tramway            |           | SS8612692145 | 516922         | 551                         |
| B234      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heap IX |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap         |           | SS8605892221 | 516353         | 533                         |
| B235      | Cae'r Defaid, Quarry I      |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Quarry             |           | SS8619692244 | 516362         | 430                         |
| B236      | Mynydd Bach, Quarry II      |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Quarry             |           | SS8645292758 | 516230         | Within Site                 |
| B237      | Mynydd Bach, Spoil Heap XXI |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap         |           | SS8637993376 | 516451         | Within Site                 |
| B238      | Cae'r Defaid, Spoil Heaps   |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap Complex |           | SS8674392054 | 516828         | 503                         |
| B239      | 1-4th ed O                  |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Small Structure    |           |              | 06646m         | 975                         |
| B240      | OS 1/3rd                    |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Unknown            |           |              | 06553m         | 965                         |
| B241      | OS 1/4th                    |                                                                    | Post Medieval | Tramway            |           |              | 06519m         | 820                         |
| B242      | Braich Y Cymmer Structure I | Structure as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map. Same as B310 | Post Medieval | Building           | Not known | SS9038090635 | 06581m         | 948                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                        | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Period        | Type       | Condition      | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B243      | St Mary's Church, Pontyrhyl | Shown on 2nd OS 25" map as a rectangular Building oriented approximately N-S, in a square enclosure not much larger than the Church. There is a small rectangular projections on the E side which looks like a porch as the path leads in this direction (in | Post Medieval | Church     | Not known      | SS90448958   | 00927m         | 177                         |
| B244      | Llynfi and Ogmored Railway  | Disused Railway line between Ogmored and Llynfi.                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Post Medieval | Railway    | Not known      | SS875925     | 01491.0m       | Within Site                 |
| B245      | Tarren Y Bannau             | Linear group of Buildings. Farm House is a hearth-passage House with an added outer unit. Remains of a window outside the entrance, and the fireplace has been narrowed.                                                                                     | Post Medieval | Farmstead  | Near destroyed | SS87409390   | 02513m         | 808                         |
| B246      | Sheepfold, Maesteg          | Sheepfold shown on OS 1900 map. cap forestry                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Not known      | SS8681293887 | 03302m         | 576                         |
| B247      | Sheepfold, Maesteg          | Sheepfold shown on 1900 OS map. cap forestry                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Not known      | SS8681893856 | 03303m         | 548                         |
| B248      | Dunraven Sheepfold          | Stone Structure/sheepfold measuring 9m x 7m and up to 0.7m high.                                                                                                                                                                                             | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Near destroyed | SS8730893927 | 03391m         | 809                         |
| B249      | Bannau Tramway              | Tramway route measuring 0.3m, 3m wide and running NNW to SSE. Used as a footpath.                                                                                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Tramway    | Near destroyed | SS8687294077 | 03392m         | 775                         |
| B250      | Bannau Coal Tip             | Large Coal tip with Corsican pine planted on top of the Site.                                                                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | Spoil Heap | Intact         | SS8686493960 | 03393m         | 660                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                     | Description                                                                                                                           | Period        | Type                | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B251      | Bannau Level I           | Horse shoe shaped Level which has been recently clear-felled measuring 8m x 4m and 6m high.                                           | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Intact    | SS8674293573 | 03394m         | 255                         |
| B252      | Bannau Level II          | Level measuring 10m back Wall x 8m long and 6m wide located on top of the summit.                                                     | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Intact    | SS8682393534 | 03395m         | 250                         |
| B253      | Bannau Tramway II        | Tramway 2- 3m wide and slightly raised in places, used as a footpath and part of the FE road. The actual Tramway has been dismantled. | Post Medieval | Tramway             | Destroyed | SS8645294081 | 03396m         | 660                         |
| B254      | Caerau Level             | 6m x 7m and 8m high cut into the hillside.                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Intact    | SS8657794041 | 03397m         | 648                         |
| B255      | Hywal Boundary Stone I   | Boundary stone as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                            | Post Medieval | Boundary stone      | Not known | SS8829892655 | 03398m         | 730                         |
| B256      | Hywal Boundary Stone II  | Boundary stone as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                            | Post Medieval | Boundary stone      | Not known | SS8835792614 | 03399m         | 783                         |
| B257      | Hywal Trig Point         | Trig point as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                | Post Medieval | Triangulation point | Not known | SS8844292585 | 03400m         | 865                         |
| B258      | Hywal Boundary Stone III | Boundary stone as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                            | Post Medieval | Boundary stone      | Not known | SS8850492511 | 03401m         | 925                         |
| B259      | Cwmdu Sheepfold I        | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold          | Not known | SS8803092585 | 03403m         | 454                         |
| B260      | Cwmdu Sheepfold III      | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold          | Not known | SS8782092528 | 03404m         | 241                         |



| Asset Ref | Name                 | Description                                                                                                                                                                                      | Period        | Type       | Condition      | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B261      | Cwmdu Sheepfold IV   | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Not known      | SS8779592349 | 03405m         | 265                         |
| B262      | Cwmdu Sheepfold V    | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Not known      | SS8752092279 | 03406m         | 165                         |
| B263      | Quarry, Cwmdu        | Quarries as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 not located due to the steep terrain.                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Quarry     | Not known      | SS8785092493 | 03409m         | 272                         |
| B264      | Tramway, Blaen Cwmdu | Tramway as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | Tramway    | Not known      | SS8772592345 | 03410m         | 214                         |
| B265      | Gwilym Level         | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | Colliery   | Not known      | SS8824192261 | 03411m         | 706                         |
| B266      | Cymmer Sheepfold II  | Sheepfold consists of the remains of collapsed Walls but difficult to determine the measurements as the Site is badly damaged.                                                                   | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Near destroyed | SS8957790759 | 03425m         | 484                         |
| B267      | Cymer Tramway I      | Slight evidence of Tramway running SW up the side of the compartment. Approx 3m wide with Coal remains either side. It is less visible running NW as the FE road runs along the original course. | Post Medieval | Tramway    | Near destroyed | SS8992790428 | 03426m         | 483                         |
| B268      | Cymmer Sheepfold III | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Not known      | SS8984190344 | 03427m         | 364                         |
| B269      | Cymmer Air Shaft I   | Shaft as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | Shaft      | Not known      | SS8982490343 | 03428m         | 352                         |

| Asset Ref | Name               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                           | Period        | Type                 | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B270      | Garw-fechan Smithy | Smithy measures 4m x 5m with the remains of the Walls surviving up to 1.5-2m in height. There are steps up to the Building and there are remains of a window. Situated in the corner of the car park. | Post Medieval | Blacksmiths workshop | Damaged   | SS8996790492 | 03429m         | 558                         |
| B271      | Cymer Level I      | Small cutting, 4m x 3m, into hillside covered with trees and ground layer vegetation.                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Colliery             | Intact    | SS8985590537 | 03430m         | 529                         |
| B272      | Cymer Level I      | Small cutting ,5m x 4m, into hillside covered with trees and ground layer vegetation.                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Colliery             | Intact    | SS8991490555 | 03431m         | 577                         |
| B273      | Cymer Level III    | Small cutting, 4m x 4m, into hillside covered with trees and ground layer vegetation.                                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Colliery             | Intact    | SS8987990597 | 03432m         | 592                         |
| B274      | Cymer Level IV     | Level with a 6-8m high back Wall. 4m wide & 6m long. Situated SW of FE road. May be a hazard.                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | Colliery             | Intact    | SS9011890288 | 03436m         | 526                         |
| B275      | Cymer Level V      | Level with a 6-8m high back Wall. 4m wide & 7m long. Situated SW of FE road. May be a hazard.                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | Colliery             | Intact    | SS9014690253 | 03437m         | 525                         |
| B276      | Cymer Level VI     | Level with a 10m high back Wall. 10m wide and 10m long. Situated SW of FE road. May be a hazard.                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | Colliery             | Intact    | SS9013690228 | 03438m         | 502                         |
| B277      | Cymer Air Shaft II | Circular air Shaft 1.5m x 1.5m. Depth unknown. Situated SW of FE road. May be a safety hazard.                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | Shaft                | Intact    | SS9016090214 | 03439m         | 512                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                            | Description                                                                                                                                                  | Period        | Type                | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B278      | Cymer Level VII                 | Level with a 15m high back Wall, 6m wide & 8m long. Situated SW of FE road. May be a safety hazard.                                                          | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Intact    | SS9016090172 | 03440m         | 488                         |
| B279      | Hudol Level I                   | Level with a 3m high back Wall, 3m wide & 2m long with a possible spring exiting the Site.                                                                   | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Intact    | SS8917288836 | 03442m         | 405                         |
| B280      | Water Collection Tank, Hudon    | Large brick/breeze block tank. 8m x 5m & over 1m deep, although unable to ascertain correct depth due to sedimentation within the tank. Carved lip on S end. | Post Medieval | Water tank          | Intact    | SS8916688871 | 03443m         | 371                         |
| B281      | Hudol Level II                  | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Not known | SS8921489190 | 03444m         | 52                          |
| B282      | Hudol Trig Point                | Trig point as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map.                                                                                                       | Post Medieval | Triangulation point | Not known | SS8998689066 | 03446m         | 584                         |
| B283      | Blaen-cwmdu Coal Level I        | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Not known | SS8791492364 | 03465m         | 364                         |
| B284      | Dunraven Trail Shaft            | Trial Shaft as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | Shaft               | Not known | SS8696893383 | 03467m         | 172                         |
| B285      | Blaen-cwmdu Coal Level II       | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Not known | SS8778492211 | 03469m         | 354                         |
| B286      | Blaen-cwmdu Coal Shaft I        | Shaft as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Shaft               | Not known | SS8778192279 | 03470m         | 300                         |
| B287      | Ffynnon Tor-gwely Trial Level I | Trial Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | Colliery            | Not known | SS8841892314 | 03471m         | 861                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Period        | Type            | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B288      | Ffynnon Tor-gwely Trial Level II | Ffynnon Tor-Gwely Trial Level, known from 1st- 3rd edition 1:25,000 OS Maps, though unnamed. Detected during a watching brief by GGAT in 2016 (referred to as Feature 3 in the report), but not disturbed. (Roberts, 2016) | Post Medieval | Colliery        | Not known | SS8854992389 | 03472m         | 977                         |
| B289      | Dunraven Stepping Stones         | Stepping stones as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                | Post Medieval | Stepping stones | Not known | SS8747694055 | 03473m         | 977                         |
| B290      | Ogmore Sheepfold I               | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold      | Not known | SS8833992933 | 03477m         | 767                         |
| B291      | Dunraven Sheepfold               | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                      | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold      | Not known | SS8671893356 | 03479m         | 44                          |
| B292      | Lluest Tramway                   | Tramway as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | Tramway         | Not known | SS9024389815 | 03483m         | 389                         |
| B293      | Quarry, Cwmdy y Cymmer           | Quarry as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | Quarry          | Not known | SS8979090415 | 03485m         | 391                         |
| B294      | Cymmer Level No 3                | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | Colliery        | Not known | SS8985590473 | 03486m         | 476                         |
| B295      | Gilau Air Shaft                  | Air Shaft as noted OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                         | Post Medieval | Shaft           | Not known | SS8982890510 | 03487m         | 491                         |
| B296      | Coal Level, Cwmdy                | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | Colliery        | Not known | SS8977990544 | 03488m         | 494                         |
| B297      | Trial Level, Cwmdy               | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | Colliery        | Not known | SS8944190468 | 03489m         | 338                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                         | Description                                            | Period        | Type     | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B298      | Trial Levels, Cwmdu          | Levels as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.     | Post Medieval | Colliery | Not known | SS8951890412 | 03490m         | 303                         |
| B299      | Rhyll Coal Level             | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.      | Post Medieval | Colliery | Not known | SS9044390272 | 03491m         | 776                         |
| B300      | Coal Level, Cwmdu            | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.      | Post Medieval | Colliery | Not known | SS8966490611 | 03498m         | 515                         |
| B301      | Dunraven Tramway II          | Tramway as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.    | Post Medieval | Tramway  | Not known | SS8673493647 | 03499m         | 324                         |
| B302      | Dunraven Tramway I           | Tramway as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.    | Post Medieval | Tramway  | Not known | SS8677493609 | 03500m         | 299                         |
| B303      | Gwyn Bach Coal Levels        | Levels as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.     | Post Medieval | Colliery | Not known | SS8655894014 | 03501m         | 616                         |
| B304      | Gwyn Bach Tramway I          | Tramway as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.    | Post Medieval | Tramway  | Not known | SS8624794166 | 03502m         | 750                         |
| B305      | Garw Fechan Tramway          | Tramway as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.    | Post Medieval | Tramway  | Not known | SS8981390538 | 03504m         | 506                         |
| B306      | Cymer Tramway II             | Tramway as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.    | Post Medieval | Tramway  | Not known | SS9007290327 | 03506m         | 515                         |
| B307      | Lluest Coal Level            | Coal Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map. | Post Medieval | Colliery | Not known | SS9030789737 | 03507m         | 438                         |
| B308      | Braich Y Cymmer Structure II | Structure as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.  | Post Medieval | Building | Not known | SS9020390616 | 03511m         | 806                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                               | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Period        | Type       | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B309      | Ty'r-defaid Building               | This Building may not belong to the FE.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Post Medieval | Building   | Not known | SS8981390787 | 03512m         | 717                         |
| B310      | Braich Y Cymmer Structure I        | Structure as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | Building   | Not known | SS9038090635 | 03513m         | 948                         |
| B311      | Braich Y Cymmer Level              | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | Colliery   | Not known | SS9029390588 | 03514m         | 851                         |
| B312      | Sheepfold, Ogmored Cwmdau          | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Post Medieval | Sheep Fold | Not known | SS8783992883 | 03515m         | 265                         |
| B313      | Coal Level, Blaen-Cwmdau           | Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Post Medieval | Colliery   | Not known | SS8782792143 | 03516m         | 435                         |
| B314      | Hywel Ironstone Level              | Ironstone Level as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map.                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | Colliery   | Not known | SS8811591909 | 03517m         | 798                         |
| B315      | Ffynnon Tor-gwely Trial Level II   | Small ovoid Shelter on east of Boundary Wall, 3m x 2m, probably recent. DRS Site Visit: 1999. GGAT 65 Deserted Rural Settlements in Glamorgan and Gwent (2001)                                                                                                 | Post Medieval | Colliery   | Not known | SS8854992389 | 03472m         | 977                         |
| B316      | Viaduct, Llangynwyd (Pontrhydyfen) | A fine ten-arch Viaduct which carried the South Wales Mineral Railway over Cwm Du at Pontrhydyfen (Hughes 1989, 47). The Railway ran from Briton Ferry via Cimla, Tonmawr, Gyfylchi Tunnel, Cyonville, Nant y Bar, Abercregan, Cymmer to Glyncoedwg. Engineere | Post Medieval | Viaduct    | Intact    | SS87458932   | 06027m         | 943                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                         | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Period        | Type          | Condition      | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B317      | Pont Rhyd-y-cyff Mine Workings               | The earliest industrial activity at the Pont Rhyd-y-Cyff Mine Workings belongs to Lletty Brongu Colliery (SS8772089250), which was in service from the middle until the end of the 19th century. The same Site was re-opened in the early 20th century under t  | Post Medieval | Coal Workings | Near destroyed | SS8748189272 | 06028m         | 943                         |
| B318      | Moel Cynhordy Mine Workings                  | A large industrial area to the north of the application Boundary consisting of a Coal Level that operated for a short period from the late 19th century through into the early 20th century; although works appear to have ceased by the end of the First World | Post Medieval | Coal Workings | Near destroyed | SS8814590107 | 06029m         | 257                         |
| B319      | Old Trial Level, Craig yr Hudol, Garw Valley | Old Trial Level, Craig yr Hudol, Garw Valley. Shown on 3rd Edition OS map 6"                                                                                                                                                                                    | Post Medieval | Level         | Not known      | SS8908689007 | 06478m         | 260                         |
| B320      | Tramway, Craig yr Hudol, Garw Valley         | Tramway, Craig yr Hudol, Garw Valley. Shown on 3rd Edition OS map 6"                                                                                                                                                                                            | Post Medieval | Tramway       | Not known      | SS8903388897 | 06479m         | 382                         |
| B321      | Cwmdu Isaf Farmstead                         | Cwmdu Isaf Farmstead is a potential historic Farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. This Farmstead appears to be of Loose Courtyard plan type (OS map)                              | Post Medieval | Farmstead     | Intact         | SS8779790562 | 06491s         | 793                         |



| Asset Ref | Name                                   | Description                                                                           | Period        | Type                      | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B322      | Structure, Garw Valley                 | This Structure is depicted on the Fourth Edition Ordnance Survey mapping              | Post Medieval | Structure                 | Not known | SS8908988801 | 06507m         | 453                         |
| B323      | Railway, Garw Valley                   | This Railway is depicted on the Fourth Edition Ordnance Survey mapping                | Post Medieval | Railway                   | Not known | SS8910288591 | 06508m         | 657                         |
| B324      | Old Level, Garw Valley                 | This old Level is depicted on the Third Edition Ordnance Survey mapping               | Post Medieval | Level                     | Not known | SS8907288770 | 06511m         | 488                         |
| B325      | Old Coal Levels, Twmpath Mawr, Maesteg | Old Coal Levels, Twmpath Mawr, Maesteg. Shown on 1st Edition OS map 6"                | Post Medieval | Level                     | Not known | SS8592891937 | 06523m         | 835                         |
| B326      | Tramway, Garw Valley                   | This Tramway is depicted on the First Edition Ordnance Survey mapping                 | Post Medieval | Tramway                   | Not known | SS8905688402 | 06554m         | 851                         |
| B327      | Coal drift and Tramway, Bettws         | This Coal drift and Tramway is depicted on the Second Edition Ordnance Survey mapping | Post Medieval | Coal Mining Site; Tramway | Not known | SS8889188359 | 06558m         | 858                         |
| B328      | Air Shaft, Bettws                      | This air Shaft is depicted on the Fourth Edition Ordnance Survey mapping.             | Post Medieval | Shaft                     | Not known | SS8893088291 | 06559m         | 931                         |
| B329      | Old Coal Level, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg   | Old Coal Level, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg. Shown on 1st Edition OS map 6"                  | Post Medieval | Level                     | Not known | SS8772292009 | 06607m         | 487                         |
| B330      | Old Coal Level, Bryndefaid, Maesteg    | Old Coal Level, Bryndefaid, Maesteg. Shown on 1st Edition OS map 6"                   | Post Medieval | Level                     | Not known | SS8805391680 | 06609m         | 941                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                 | Description                                                                    | Period        | Type             | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B331      | Tramway, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg        | Tramway, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg. Shown on 1st Edition OS map 6"                  | Post Medieval | Tramway          | Not known | SS8774592185 | 06610m         | 352                         |
| B332      | Old Coal Level, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg | Old Coal Level, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg. Shown on 1st Edition OS map 6"           | Post Medieval | Level            | Not known | SS8740591962 | 06612m         | 458                         |
| B333      | Old Coal Level, Llangynwyd Middle    | Old Level, depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map)                         | Post Medieval | Level            | Not known | SS8744989296 | 07017m         | 957                         |
| B334      | Weir, Llangynwyd Middle              | Weir depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map)                               | Post Medieval | Weir             | Not known | SS8746089468 | 07020m         | 867                         |
| B335      | Tyn-Y-Darren, Maesteg                | Complex of Buildings labelled Tyn-Y-Darren on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map)  | Post Medieval | Building Complex | Not known | SS8764490029 | 07021m         | 651                         |
| B336      | Old Levels, Maesteg                  | Old Levels depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map)                         | Post Medieval | Level            | Not known | SS8749790399 | 07022m         | 959                         |
| B337      | Ford, Maesteg                        | Ford depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map)                               | Post Medieval | Ford             | Not known | SS8766090696 | 07024m         | 980                         |
| B338      | Air Shaft, Llangynwyd Middle         | Air Shaft depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map)                          | Post Medieval | Shaft            | Not known | SS8774389302 | 07036m         | 722                         |
| B339      | Coal Level, Llangynwyd Middle        | Coal Level and associated entrance depicted on 1st edition OS Mapping (OS map) | Post Medieval | Level            | Not known | SS8770789269 | 07037m         | 771                         |
| B340      | Trial Levels, Maesteg                | Trial Level recorded on 1st edition OS mapping at this location (OS map)       | Post Medieval | Level            | Not known | SS8788190481 | 07082m         | 679                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                          | Description                                                                           | Period        | Type              | Condition | NGR                      | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B341      | Cwm No. 2 Rhondda Colliery    | Colliery visible on the 4th edition OS Map (1940)                                     | Post Medieval | Colliery          | Not known | SS89018952               | 07375m         | 12                          |
| B342      | Colliery, Cwm Garw Fecham 2   | Series of Levels running northwest/southeast adjoined to Lliest Tramway               | Post Medieval | Coal Mine         | Not known | SS90098990               | 08128m         | 284                         |
| B343      | Ty Gwyn Bach Farmstead        |                                                                                       | Post Medieval | Farmstead         | Intact    | SS8566493862             | 08895m         | 832                         |
| B344      | Bryn-llefrth Farmstead        |                                                                                       | Post Medieval | Farmstead         | Intact    | SS8595293557             | 08898m         | 439                         |
| B345      | Craig-Yr-Hudol Outstead       |                                                                                       | Post Medieval | Farmstead         | Intact    |                          | 08980m         | 609                         |
| B346      | Cwm-Cedfyw Farmstead          |                                                                                       | Post Medieval | Farmstead         | Intact    |                          | 08981m         | 540                         |
| B347      | Cwm-Cedfyw Barns              |                                                                                       | Post Medieval | Farmstead         | Intact    |                          | 08983m         | 417                         |
| B348      | Tor-cerryg Farmstead          |                                                                                       | Post Medieval | Farmstead         | Intact    |                          | 09171m         | 166                         |
| B349      | PORT TALBOT Railway           | Dismantled Railway that once extended from Port Talbot through Maesteg to Pont-y-rhyl | Post Medieval | Railway           | Destroyed | SS86859086<br>SS90808910 | 01435.0m       | 582                         |
| B350      | Supermarine Spitfire Vb Bm575 |                                                                                       | Modern        | Air Crash Site    |           | SS8805491754             | 515481         | 883                         |
| B351      | Spelter Industrial Estate     |                                                                                       | Modern        | Industrial Estate |           | SS8630093350             | 705287         | 42                          |

| Asset Ref | Name                                        | Description                                                                                              | Period | Type           | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B352      | Mynydd Bach, Quarry VI                      |                                                                                                          | Modern | Quarry         |           | SS8657392603 | 516433         | Within Site                 |
| B353      | Dunraven Quarry                             | Quarry as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map                                                        | Modern | Quarry         | Not known | SS8700493206 | 03466m         | 27                          |
| B354      | Lluest Quarry I                             | Quarry as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map                                                        | Modern | Quarry         | Not known | SS9051489437 | 03496m         | 696                         |
| B355      | Lluest Quarry II                            | Quarry as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map                                                        | Modern | Quarry         | Not known | SS9052189405 | 03497m         | 715                         |
| B356      | Quarry I, Cwmdu                             | Quarry as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map                                                        | Modern | Quarry         | Not known | SS8769692556 | 03503m         | 120                         |
| B357      | Garw-fechan Colliery                        | Colliery as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map. There is now a car park where this Site was located | Modern | Colliery       | Destroyed | SS8998790461 | 03509m         | 547                         |
| B358      | Garw Fechan Siding                          | Siding as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map                                                        | Modern | Railway siding | Not known | SS9001190413 | 03510m         | 527                         |
| B359      | Llynfi Valley Railway Lletty Brongu Maesteg | Llynfi Valley Railway Lletty Brongu Maesteg. Shown on 3rd Edition OS map 6"                              | Modern | Railway        | Not known | SS8788189023 | 06513m         | 687                         |
| B360      | Small Structure, Llangynwyd Middle          | Structure depicted on 3rd edition OS Mapping (OS map).                                                   | Modern | Structure      | Not known | SS8743089366 | 07018m         | 938                         |
| B361      | Structure, Llangynwyd Middle                | Structure depicted on 3rd edition OS Mapping (OS map).                                                   | Modern | Structure      | Not known | SS8748589418 | 07019m         | 865                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                    | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Period  | Type                | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B362      | New Mountain Level, Garw Valley         | Level and associated Structure. Linked to West Rhondda Colliery by Tramway. Visible on the 4th edition OS Map (1940)                                                                                                                                       | Modern  | Coal Mine           | Not known | SS89268975   | 08127m         | Within Site                 |
| B363      | Lluest Colliery [Disused] , Pont-y-Rhyl |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unknown | Coal Mine           |           | SS9060089400 | 402659         | 791                         |
| B364      | Croes-y-Bwlchgwyn, Mound                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Unknown | Round Barrow        |           | SS8891090780 | 307408         | 167                         |
| B365      | Irregular Enclosure, Pantyffold         | Group of Earthworks and Platforms (2503-7M). The remains appear to be a Platform House Farmstead, and although there are similar Earthworks nearby associated with old Coal Mines, this Site is probably genuine since it is overlain by C19th Field Walls | Unknown | Enclosure;Farmstead | Damaged   | SS8702892264 | 02503m         | 230                         |
| B366      | Circular Platform, Pantyffold (1 of 2)  | Group of Earthworks and Platforms (2503-7M). The remains appear to be a Platform House Farmstead, and although there are similar Earthworks nearby associated with old Coal Mines, this Site is probably genuine since it is overlain by C19th Field Walls | Unknown | Earthwork           | Damaged   | SS87009224   | 02506m         | 261                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Period  | Type       | Condition      | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B367      | Circular Platform, Pantyffold (2 of 2) | Group of Earthworks and Platforms (2503-7M). The remains appear to be a Platform House Farmstead, and although there are similar Earthworks nearby associated with old Coal Mines, this Site is probably genuine since it is overlain by C19th Field Walls | Unknown | Earthwork  | Damaged        | SS87009224   | 02507m         | 261                         |
| B368      | Cwmdy Structure I                      | Structure as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unknown | Structure  | Not known      | SS8766992578 | 03407m         | 101                         |
| B369      | Cwmdy Structure II                     | Structure as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unknown | Structure  | Not known      | SS8785092445 | 03408m         | 278                         |
| B370      | Garw Shepherds House                   | 9m x 5m with internal Walls & 2 Field boundaries connected to the Building. Possibly a sheepfold with adjoining one room living quarters                                                                                                                   | Unknown | House      | Damaged        | SS8924090971 | 03422m         | 390                         |
| B371      | Garw Structure                         | Structure as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map. Possible to detect 4 Walls 4m x 2m                                                                                                                                                                   | Unknown | Structure  | Near destroyed | SS8919490904 | 03423m         | 312                         |
| B372      | Cymer Sheepfold I                      | Sheepfold as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Unknown | Sheep Fold | Not known      | SS8956090622 | 03424m         | 437                         |
| B373      | Pont-y-rhyl Well                       | Well as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map. Not located in FE walkover. Possibly destroyed by FE operations. Not in Jones 1954. Evans 2003: GGAT 73 Early-Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project database                                              | Unknown | Well       | Not known      | SS9044889546 | 03441m         | 598                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                                  | Description                                                           | Period  | Type            | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B374      | Humphreys Grave                       | Grave as noted on OS 6 inch 1st edition 1884 map                      | Unknown | Grave           | Not known | SS8964989456 | 03445m         | 70                          |
| B375      | Gwyn Bach Building, Maesteg           | Structure as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map                  | Unknown | Building        | Not known | SS8664594264 | 03468m         | 881                         |
| B376      | Stepping Stones, Cwmdu                | Stepping stones as noted on OS 6 inch 2nd edition 1900 map            | Unknown | Stepping stones | Not known | SS8957590789 | 03484m         | 494                         |
| B377      | Earthwork, Lletty Brongu, Garw Valley | Earthwork, Lletty Brongu, Garw Valley. Shown on 3rd Edition OS map 6" | Unknown | Earthwork       | Not known | SS8874288476 | 06453m         | 732                         |
| B378      | Cwm-du-cottage, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg  | Cwm-du-cottage, Blaen Cwmdu, Maesteg. Shown on 1st Edition OS map 6"  | Unknown | Cottage         | Not known | SS8753491817 | 06611m         | 617                         |
| B379      | Dyffryn Inn, Maesteg                  | Inn identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877)                  | Unknown | Inn             | Not known | SS8563093337 | 12049m         | 713                         |
| B380      | Reservoir, Garw                       | Reservoir identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1876)            | Unknown | Reservoir       | Not known | SS9062989756 | 12238m         | 760                         |
| B381      | Garw Junction Hotel                   |                                                                       | Unknown | Hotel           | Not known | SS9046689777 | 12337m         | 600                         |
| B382      | Ford, Garw Valley                     | Ford identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1876)                 | Unknown | Ford            | Not known | SS8897088387 | 12341m         | 845                         |
| B383      | Footbridge, Garw                      | Footbridge identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877)           | Unknown | Footbridge      | Not known | SS9080389430 | 12364m         | 971                         |
| B384      | Railway Bridge, Garw                  | Railway bridge identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877)       | Unknown | Railway Bridge  | Not known | SS9051189729 | 12365m         | 641                         |



| Asset Ref | Name                        | Description                                                     | Period  | Type                 | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------|----------------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B385      | Ford, Garw                  | Ford identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877)           | Unknown | Ford                 | Not known | SS9047989748 | 12366m         | 610                         |
| B386      | Footbridge, Garw            | Footbridge identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877)     | Unknown | Footbridge           | Not known | SS9054090367 | 12367m         | 910                         |
| B387      | Railway Bridge, Garw        | Railway bridge identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Railway Bridge       | Not known | SS9048090425 | 12368m         | 895                         |
| B388      | Railway Bridge, Garw        | Railway bridge identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Railway Bridge       | Not known | SS9043790555 | 12369m         | 942                         |
| B389      | Bridges, Maesteg            | Bridges identified on 3rd Edition historic OS map (1918)        | Unknown | Bridge               | Not known | SS8543893774 | 12669m         | 997                         |
| B390      | Dyffryn Hotel (P.H)         | Public House identified on 3rd Edition historic OS map (1918)   | Unknown | Public House         | Not known | SS8546493483 | 12670m         | 888                         |
| B391      | Smithy, Maesteg             | Smithy identified on 3rd Edition historic OS map (1918).        | Unknown | Blacksmiths Workshop | Not known | SS8547993472 | 12671m         | 872                         |
| B392      | Reservoir, Garw             | Reservoir identified on 4th Edition historic OS map (1940)      | Unknown | Reservoir            | Not known | SS9064489737 | 12727m         | 774                         |
| B393      | Bridge, Garw                | Bridge identified on 4th Edition historic OS map (1940)         | Unknown | Bridge               | Not known | SS9052589694 | 12728m         | 654                         |
| B394      | Railway Bridge, Pont-y-rhyl | Railway bridge identified on 4th Edition historic OS map (1940) | Unknown | Railway Bridge       | Not known | SS9056989449 | 12729m         | 743                         |
| B395      | Bridge, Pont-y-rhyl         | Bridge identified on 4th Edition historic OS map (1940)         | Unknown | Bridge               | Not known | SS9055689396 | 12730m         | 751                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                      | Description                                                | Period  | Type          | Condition | NGR          | NMRW / HER Ref | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------|-----------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| B396      | Maes-y-bettws Farmstead   | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8844488318 | 13322m         | 924                         |
| B397      | Moel-gilau-fach Farmstead | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8964988394 | 13323m         | 954                         |
| B398      | Tor-fron Farmstead        | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8831188887 | 13325m         | 451                         |
| B399      | Tor-fron-uchaf Farmstead  | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8858888940 | 13326m         | 286                         |
| B400      | Gelli-hir Farmstead       | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8807389038 | 13327m         | 508                         |
| B401      | Cynnordy Farmstead        | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8829889326 | 13331m         | 217                         |
| B402      | Gelli-heblyg Farmstead    | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8769889602 | 13336m         | 596                         |
| B403      | Bryn-y-rhyg Farmstead     | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8665391850 | 13352m         | 710                         |
| B404      | Cwrt-y-mwnws Farmstead    | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8582491958 | 13353m         | 885                         |
| B405      | Blaen-cwm-du Farmstead    | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8768592087 | 13354m         | 401                         |
| B406      | Cae-chwarel Farmstead     | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877) | Unknown | Farm Building | Not known | SS8569592310 | 13358m         | 774                         |

| Asset Ref | Name                              | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Period        | Type             | Condition | NGR            | NMRW / HER Ref  | Distance from Site (Metres) |
|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| B407      | Ty-chwyth Farmstead               | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877)                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unknown       | Farm Building    | Not known | SS8556793079   | 13363m          | 823                         |
| B408      | Dyffryn-coegnant Farmstead        | Farmstead identified on 1st Edition historic OS map (1877)                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Unknown       | Farm Building    | Not known | SS8562593367   | 13366m          | 718                         |
| B409      | Earthwork Bank, Maesteg           | Earthwork Bank identified by Natural Resources Wales during work on the Welsh Government Woodland Estate. Follows linear trajectory on 1st edition OS map of 1877 (Ciaccia, 2026 from NRW records)                                                             | Unknown       | Bank (Earthwork) | Not known | SS 86858 94210 | 13646m          | 901                         |
| B410      | Viaduct, Llangynwyd (Pontrhydfen) | A fine ten-arch Viaduct which carried the South Wales Mineral Railway over Cwm Du at Pontrhydyfen (Hughes 1989, 47). The Railway ran from Briton Ferry via Cimla, Tonmawr, Gyfylchi Tunnel, Cyonville, Nant y Bar, Abercregan, Cymmer to Glyncoirwg. Engineere | Post Medieval | Viaduct          | Intact    | SS87458932     | 04291.0w,05976w | 943                         |
| B411      | Earthwork Bank, Maesteg           | Same as 13646m                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Unknown       | Bank (Earthwork) | Not known | SS 86858 94210 | 13584m          | 901                         |
| B412      | Mynydd Bach 1                     | Small ovoid Shelter on east of Boundary Wall, 3m x 2m, probably recent. DRS Site Visit: 1999 GGAT 65 Deserted Rural Settlements in Glamorgan and Gwent (2001)                                                                                                  | Medieval      | Shelter          | Damaged   | SS8635092803   | 04197m          | 106                         |



## WSP Historic Assets Identified

| WSP Ref | Comments                                              | Period                 | Type      | Measurement (Metres) | Easting | Northing |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|----------|
| WSP1    | Possible quarry pit                                   | Unknown                | Earthwork | 4x4m                 | 286755  | 193029   |
| WSP2    | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 4x3m                 | 286767  | 193054   |
| WSP3    | Historic field boundary drystone wall                 | Unknown                | Wall      | 556m                 | 287291  | 192822   |
| WSP4    | Possible continuation of medieval boundary <b>B11</b> | Unknown / Medieval     | Earthwork | 628m                 | 286682  | 193061   |
| WSP5    | Possible continuation of medieval boundary <b>B9</b>  | Unknown / Medieval     | Earthwork | 335m                 | 286772  | 192828   |
| WSP6    | Disused piece of agricultural equipment               | Post Medieval / Modern | Structure | 3x2m                 | 288903  | 190388   |
| WSP7    | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 30x22m               | 288581  | 189620   |
| WSP8    | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 15x10m               | 289232  | 189977   |
| WSP9    | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 17x11m               | 289238  | 189873   |
| WSP10   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 15x13m               | 289148  | 189807   |
| WSP11   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 9x8m                 | 289101  | 189809   |
| WSP12   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 14x9m                | 289079  | 189810   |
| WSP13   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 15x12m               | 289086  | 189861   |
| WSP14   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 29x5m                | 289285  | 189814   |
| WSP15   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 30x30m               | 289349  | 189974   |
| WSP16   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                 | Unknown                | Earthwork | 15x15m               | 289315  | 189737   |

| WSP Ref | Comments                                                                                   | Period             | Type      | Measurement (Metres) | Easting | Northing |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|----------|
| WSP17   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                                                      | Unknown            | Earthwork | 14x12m               | 288787  | 189766   |
| WSP18   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                                                      | Unknown            | Earthwork | 10x10m               | 288714  | 189782   |
| WSP19   | Possible quarry pit / mining activity                                                      | Unknown            | Earthwork | 15x12m               | 289254  | 189535   |
| WSP20   | Possible historic field boundary, identified on Tithe mapping                              | Unknown            | Cropmark  | 267m                 | 289051  | 189706   |
| WSP21   | Possible boundary or cropmark, possibly associated with medieval platform house <b>B12</b> | Unknown / Medieval | Cropmark  | 87m                  | 289135  | 189788   |
| WSP22   | Curvilinear feature                                                                        | Unknown            | Earthwork | 134m                 | 288712  | 189683   |
| WSP23   | Agricultural building                                                                      | Post medieval      | Structure | 10x6m                | 288532  | 189280   |
| WSP24   | Air Crash Impact Site                                                                      | Modern             | Earthwork | Unknown              | 288542  | 190411   |
| WSP25   | Memorial                                                                                   | Modern             | Structure | Unknown              | 288536  | 190361   |

# Annex C

## Stage 1 Assessment: Scoped Out Assets

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                 | Designation / Type | Period      | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A1        | GM243          | Carn y Hyrddod & Neighbouring Cairn  | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.3m east of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, and historical association with its immediate setting, including inter-spatial and visual relationship with other prehistoric monuments ( <b>A9</b> ), of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                       |
| A2        | GM246          | Bwlch yr Avan Dyke                   | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A3        | GM232          | Mynydd Caerau Round Cairns           | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.8km northeast of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, and historical association with its immediate setting, including inter-spatial and visual relationship with group of monuments comprising this asset – nine in total – of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A4        | GM238          | Cairn Lwyd                           | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A5        | GM244          | Nant Herbert Camp                    | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A6        | GM245          | Cefn yr Argoed Camp                  | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A7        | GM249          | Round Cairn 567m East of Bryn Defaid | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A8        | GM250          | Croes y Bwlchgwyn Round Cairn        | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A9        | GM499          | Round Barrow on the Werfa            | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.3m east of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, and historical association with its immediate setting, including inter-spatial and visual relationship with other prehistoric monuments ( <b>A1</b> ), of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                       |



| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                        | Designation / Type | Period                 | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A10       | GM059          | Y Bwlwarcau                                 | Scheduled Monument | Prehistoric            | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| A11       | GM231          | Clawdd Mawr, Mynydd Caerau                  | Scheduled Monument | Early Medieval         | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| A12       | GM086          | British Fortified Residence                 | Scheduled Monument | Medieval               | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.4km south of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, extant earthworks and <i>in situ</i> remains of the deserted medieval rural settlement, and its immediate setting within the rural landscape of the outskirts of Mynydd Margam, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                           |
| A13       | GM340          | Earthwork & Platform Houses N of Nant Fadog | Scheduled Monument | Medieval               | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.1km southwest of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, extant earthworks and <i>in situ</i> remains of the deserted medieval rural settlement, and its immediate setting within the rural landscape of the outskirts of Mynydd Margam, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                       |
| A14       | GM093          | Mynydd Ty Talwyn Ancient Farms              | Scheduled Monument | Medieval               | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.8km southwest of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, extant earthworks and <i>in situ</i> remains of the deserted medieval rural settlement, and its immediate setting within the rural landscape of the outskirts of Mynydd Margam, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                       |
| A15       | GM085          | Llangynwyd Castle                           | Scheduled Monument | Medieval               | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.2km west of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, extant earthworks and <i>in situ</i> remains of the fortified settlement. Key elements of this asset's setting – situated within the historical rural parish of Llangynwyd, on the periphery of the Margam Mountain Registered Historic Landscape – will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A16       | GM092          | Mynydd Ty Talwyn Ancient Farms              | Scheduled Monument | Medieval               | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.1km southwest of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, extant earthworks and <i>in situ</i> remains of the deserted medieval rural settlement, and its immediate setting within the rural landscape of the outskirts of Mynydd Margam, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                       |
| A17       | GM552          | Garth Hill Platform House                   | Scheduled Monument | Medieval               | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| A18       | GM418          | Maesteg blast furnaces                      | Scheduled Monument | Post Medieval / Modern | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref  | Name                                      | Designation / Type                  | Period                 | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A19       | GM589           | Plas-y-Betws relict garden                | Scheduled Monument                  | Post Medieval / Modern | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.8km south of the Site. Significance retained to bounds of the scheduled monument, and historical association with its immediate setting of a former manor house and gardens, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                                                            |
| A20       | GM433           | Remains of Tondu Ironworks                | Scheduled Monument                  | Post Medieval / Modern | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.7km south of the Site. Significance retained to the bounds of the ironworks, historic fabric, its association with the listed calcining kilns, and spatial relationship with the wider conservation area, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                               |
| A21       | GM547           | Cae'r Mynydd Ventilation Furnace and Mine | Scheduled Monument                  | Post Medieval / Modern | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| A22       | PGW(Gm) 65(BRI) | Coytrahen House                           | Registered Historic Park and Garden | Post Medieval          | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.7km south of the Site. Significance retained to the bounds of the parkland, Coytrahen Kitchen Garden and Coytrahen House. Cadw records the significant views of the parkland from the house towards the southwest, in the opposite direction to the Site, of which lies 4km to the north. Thus, this asset will not be impacted by the Proposed Development.                                                       |
| A23       | PGW(Gm) 5(BRI)  | Bryngarw                                  | Registered Historic Park and Garden | Post Medieval          | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| A24       | PGW(Gm) 65(BRI) | Coytrahen House                           | Kitchen Garden                      | Post Medieval          | Within ZTV, maximum of 5 turbines theoretically visible, located 4km south of the Site. Significance retained to the bounds of the kitchen garden, Coytrahen RHPG and Coytrahen House, of which will not be impacted by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| A25       | HLW (MGI) 5     | The Rhondda                               | Registered Historic Landscape       | Multi-Period           | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| A26       | HLW (WGI/MGI) 2 | Margam Mountain                           | Registered Historic Landscape       | Multi-Period           | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| A27       |                 | Derllwyn Road, Tondu                      | Conservation Area                   | Multi-Period           | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.5km south of the Site. Significance retained to parameters of the Conservation Area as an industrially significant location, containing evidence of industrial remains including the Tondu Ironworks and calcining kilns which remain in situ. While visibility is theoretical, the distance between the conservation area and the Site would not detract from the asset's heritage significance, nor its setting. |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                  | Designation / Type | Period         | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A28       |                | Nantymoel                             | Conservation Area  | Multi-Period   | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| A29       |                | Maesteg Town Centre                   | Conservation Area  | Multi-Period   | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| A30       |                | Llangynwyd                            | Conservation Area  | Multi-Period   | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| A31       |                | Llangeinor                            | Conservation Area  | Multi-Period   | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible. Significance retained to parameters of the Conservation Area as an historical village core, containing a medieval Grade II* listed church. It's rural, agricultural setting contributes to its significance and due to the distance between the asset and the Site - over 3km from the Southern Array - this will not be impacted by the Proposed Development. |
| A32       | 18626          | Church of St David, Bettws            | Grade I            | Early Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| A33       | 11243          | Church of St Cynwyd                   | Grade II*          | Early Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| A34       | 18635          | Church of St Cein                     | Grade II*          | Medieval       | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.1km southeast of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric as a medieval church, and spatial relationship with wider Llangynwyd Conservation Area. It's rural, agricultural setting also contributes to its significance, of which will not be impacted by the Proposed Development.                                                        |
| A35       | 11256          | Llwydarth farmhouse                   | Grade II*          | Post Medieval  | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.6km west of the Site. Significance derived from its historical association with the Maesteg Ironworks, located 250m west of this asset; physical fabric of the bridge; and communal element through its relationship with the wider Maesteg community. These elements will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                              |
| A36       | 11257          | Maesteg Sports Centre, The Cornstores | Grade II*          | Post Medieval  | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| A37       | 11331          | Iron bridge over River Llynfi         | Grade II*          | Post Medieval  | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.3km west of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric and communal value as a place of worship and congregation, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                                                |
| A38       | 18495          | Salem Welsh Baptist Chapel            | Grade II*          | Post Medieval  | Within ZTV, maximum of 5 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.8km south of Site. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and association with Tondy Ironworks, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development                                                                                                                                                                                  |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                           | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
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| A39       | 20763          | Former Blast Engine Houses at Tondu Ironworks                  | Grade II*          | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A40       | 20816          | Calcining Kilns and attached abutment at Tondu Ironworks       | Grade II*          | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 4.7km south of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric and association with former Tondu Ironworks, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| A41       | 20817          | Lift Tower at Tondu Ironworks                                  | Grade II*          | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A42       | 11218          | Cefn-ydfa farmhouse and adjoining ruins.                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.7km south of the Site. Direct views obstructed by trees and vegetation which wraps around the north, east and west of this asset. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric, spatial relationship with wider rural landscape, and historical / communal values in association with the 'Maid of Cefn-Ydfa' Ann Thomas and Wil Hopcyn. None of these elements will be affected by the Proposed Development.                       |
| A43       | 11329          | Gelli-siriol farmhouse                                         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.5km south of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric as a post medieval farmstead, while dense trees and vegetation to the north and east may provide natural screening from this asset towards the Site. Key elements of setting comprise its rural, isolated location within the Llynfi Valley. None of these elements will be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                       |
| A44       | 11335          | Former Truck Shop Tondu Ironworks now Foxtroy Residential Home | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A45       | 11352          | The Old House Inn PH                                           | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A46       | 11356          | Siloh Independent Chapel                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A47       | 11366          | Tynton                                                         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 5 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.5km southeast of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric as a post medieval domestic building, with historical associations with the notable Dr Richard Price. Mature trees and vegetation surrounding this asset may provide natural screening towards the Site. Key elements of setting comprise its rural, isolated location within the Garw Valley. None of these elements will be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A48       | 11367          | Tabor Eglwys Presbyteriadd Cymru                               | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.8km west of Site. Significance derived from use as a religious centre with historical and communal value,                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                                                              | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
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|           |                |                                                                                                   |                    |               | and setting within suburban development of Maesteg, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| A49       | 11373          | Pentre Farmhouse, with attached farm range.                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.1km west of Site. Significance retained to physical fabric of the asset as a post medieval farmhouse, and setting within rural, isolated landscape. Mature trees and vegetation located north and east of the asset, which have the potential to obscure views towards the Site. Key elements of this asset's significance will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A50       | 11375          | Gilfach-ganol farmhouse                                                                           | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 4km southwest of Site. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and setting within historically rural area, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| A51       | 14175          | Gelli Farm                                                                                        | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.9km north of the Site. Direct views blocked by vegetation which wraps around the eastern side of the farmstead. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and spatial relationship with cluster of listed buildings associated with historical farmstead, and wider rural landscape, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                       |
| A52       | 14559          | Tyle-coch                                                                                         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.6km south of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric as a 16 <sup>th</sup> century house, home to Hywel ap Gwilym, part of a Welsh gentry family. Setting within rural, isolated location contributes to significance. None of these elements will be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                       |
| A53       | 18492          | Blast Furnace at Maesteg Sports Centre                                                            | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| A54       | 18494          | Neuadd y Dref (Town Hall)                                                                         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| A55       | 18496          | Capel Saron                                                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| A56       | 18500          | Church of St Michael and All Angels, Llangynwyd with Maesteg, including enclosing graveyard wall. | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.9km west of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric as a church and centre of congregation, and spatial relationship with Maesteg, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| A57       | 18502          | Church of St David, and surrounding churchyard railed wall.                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| A58       | 18503          | Colonel North Memorial Hall                                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                                    | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-----------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A59       | 18506          | The Star Public House                                                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.9km west of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric as a public house and setting with the town of Maesteg, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                     |
| A60       | 18600          | Fingerpost at the junction of High Street and Glyn Street               | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                      |
| A61       | 18601          | Bethlehem Capel Bedyddwyr, with front retaining wall and gates.         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| A62       | 18603          | Paran Capel y Bedyddwr                                                  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 4.8km southeast of Site. Significance derived from use as a religious centre with historical and communal value, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                              |
| A63       | 18605          | Fox and Hounds PH                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                      |
| A64       | 18607          | Jenkins monument in the graveyard, Paran Chapel                         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 4.8km southeast of Site. Significance derived from its historic fabric and association with Paran Capel y Bedyddwr, and other associated funerary monuments, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                  |
| A65       | 18608          | Evans chest tomb in graveyard of Paran Chapel                           | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 4.8km southeast of Site. Significance derived from its historic fabric and association with Paran Capel y Bedyddwr, and other associated funerary monuments, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                  |
| A66       | 18610          | Blaenogwr Farmhouse                                                     | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                      |
| A67       | 18627          | Bethania Capel y Bedyddwyr (Welsh Baptist Chapel)                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 2 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.7km east of Site. Significance derived from use as a religious centre with historical and communal value, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                  |
| A68       | 18628          | United Reformed Church including vestry wing                            | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 1.6km east of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric of building, communal value as a place of worship and historical and spatial association with the settlement of Pontycymer, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A69       | 18629          | Tabernacl Capel yr Annibynwyr (Welsh Independent) including vestry wing | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 1.5km east of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric of building, communal value as a place of worship and historical and spatial association with the settlement of Pontycymer, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                          | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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| A70       | 18630          | Former Cooperative Bakery                                     | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 1.5km east of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric of building, communal value as a former bakery and historical and spatial association with the settlement of Pontycymer, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                         |
| A71       | 18632          | Mortuary Chapel                                               | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 6 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.8km east of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric as a funerary monument, and setting within surrounding graveyard, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                               |
| A72       | 18634          | Pontycymer Cemetery Entrance                                  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 5 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.7km east of the Site. Significance derived from physical fabric and direct relationship with the Mortuary Chapel (A71) and funerary monument to Benjamin and Elizabeth Noyle (A183), of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                            |
| A73       | 18636          | Hooped Grave Cover in Llangeinor churchyard                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, recorded 3.1km southeast of Site. The asset's significance is retained to the physical fabric of the grave cover, and immediate setting and context within the churchyard of the Church of St Cein. The significance of this asset will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A74       | 18637          | Ty Isaf                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.1km south of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric as a post medieval domestic building, with 16 <sup>th</sup> century origins, and its immediate setting within a rural context, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                 |
| A75       | 18638          | Small Tramroad bridge over Nant Cedfyw, Shwt                  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.7km south of Site. Significance retained to historic fabric of structure, and association with Robert Price's private tramway / Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development                                            |
| A76       | 20807          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A77       | 20430          | Two chest tombs on S side of the Church of St Cynwyd          | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| A78       | 20431          | Group of five tombs S of the tower of the Church of St Cynwyd | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| A79       | 20432          | Bee boles and stile in garden wall at Gilfach-uchaf farm      | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A80       | 20433          | Ty'n-y-waun farmhouse                                         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.1km southwest of Site. Significance derived from historic fabric as a post medieval farmhouse,                                                                                                                                                                             |



| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                                                              | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
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|           |                |                                                                                                   |                    |               | vernacular architectural design, and rural setting within historic parish of Llangynwyd, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                                          |
| A81       | 20434          | Group of 4 Hopkin and Jenkins tombs within iron railings on the W side of the path to the S porch | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| A82       | 20435          | Group of nine memorials on the W side of the path to the S porch, Church of St Cynwyd             | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| A83       | 20436          | Jenkins Monument in the churchyard, Church of St Cynwyd                                           | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| A84       | 20437          | Churchyard walls around the graveyard, Church of St Cynwyd                                        | Grade II           | Post Medieval | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| A85       | 20808          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                          |
| A86       | 20809          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                          |
| A87       | 20810          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                                                                       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                          |
| A88       | 20742          | Cildeudy tunnel                                                                                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 3.9km south of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric as a subterranean tramway tunnel and association with Bettws Colliery and Tondy Ironworks, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                     |
| A89       | 20743          | Pont-y-rhyd-ddu (partly in Garw Valley community)                                                 | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 6 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.7km south of the Site. Significance retained to physical fabric as a post medieval bridge, composed of local materials, and function to enable travel and industrial activity, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A90       | 20744          | Walls flanking the inclined plane joining the Bettws tramway to the DLP Railway.                  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 6 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.2km south of Site. Significance retained to historic fabric of structure, and association with Bettws Colliery / Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                         |



| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                                                    | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
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| A91       | 20745          | Nicholls Arms PH                                                                        | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A92       | 20746          | Abutments to overbridge/ loading bay on the former Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.9km south of the Site. Significance derived from historic fabric and association with Robert Price's private tramway between Bettws Colliery and Tondu Ironworks, and the Duffryn Llynvi and Porthcawl Railway, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A93       | 20747          | North portal and wings of the Rock-fawr Bridge on Sir Robert Price's private tramway.   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.3km south of Site. Significance retained to historic fabric, and association with Robert Price's private tramway between Bettws Colliery and Tondu Ironworks, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                   |
| A94       | 20760          | Park House                                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A95       | 20761          | Park Cottage                                                                            | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A96       | 20762          | 23 Derllwyn Road                                                                        | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A97       | 20764          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A98       | 20765          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A99       | 20766          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A100      | 20767          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A101      | 20768          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A102      | 20769          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A103      | 20770          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| A104      | 20771          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)                                                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                           |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                       | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                           |
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| A105      | 20772          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A106      | 20773          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A107      | 20774          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A108      | 20775          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A109      | 20776          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A110      | 20777          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A111      | 20778          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A112      | 20779          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A113      | 20780          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A114      | 20781          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A115      | 20782          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A116      | 20783          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A117      | 20784          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A118      | 20785          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A119      | 20786          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A120      | 20787          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                        | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                           |
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| A121      | 20788          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A122      | 20789          | 1-26 Park Terrace (consec)  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A123      | 20790          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A124      | 20791          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A125      | 20792          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A126      | 20793          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A127      | 20794          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A128      | 20795          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A129      | 20796          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A130      | 20797          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A131      | 20798          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A132      | 20799          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A133      | 20800          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A134      | 20801          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A135      | 20802          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |
| A136      | 20803          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec) | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                          | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A137      | 20804          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A138      | 20805          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A139      | 20806          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A140      | 20811          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A141      | 20812          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A142      | 20813          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A143      | 20814          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A144      | 20815          | 27-52 Park Terrace (consec)                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A145      | 22166          | Jerusalem Baptist Chapel                      | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located 4.8km west of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric containing well-preserved mid-19th century chapel with a fine gallery of rare panelled design, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A146      | 22167          | Kiln block at former Bryn Brickworks          | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located 3.6km west of Site. Significance derived from physical fabric and association with Bryn Brickworks, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development                                                              |
| A147      | 23843          | Cymmer Viaduct                                | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A148      | 23844          | Croeserw Viaduct                              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A149      | 23845          | Nantewlath including attached barn and stable | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                         |
| A150      | 23847          | Gelli Farm Cottage                            | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.9km north of the Site. Direct views blocked by vegetation which wraps around the eastern side of the cottage. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and spatial relationship with                             |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                             | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-----------|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           |                |                                  |                    |               | cluster of listed buildings associated with historical farmstead, and wider rural landscape, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| A151      | 23848          | Old longhouse at Nantfyedw       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.9km north of the Site. Direct views blocked by mature trees and vegetation, which borders the farmstead and surrounding area. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and spatial relationship with farmstead and wider landscape.                                                                                                                     |
| A152      | 23849          | Stable at Nantfyedw              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.9km north of the Site. Direct views blocked by mature trees and vegetation, which borders the farmstead and surrounding area. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and spatial relationship with farmstead and wider landscape.                                                                                                                     |
| A153      | 23850          | Animal House at Nantewlath       | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| A154      | 23852          | Bakehouse at Gelli Farm          | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.9km north of the Site. Direct views blocked by vegetation which wraps around the eastern side of the bakehouse. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and spatial relationship with cluster of listed buildings associated with historical farmstead, and wider rural landscape, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.          |
| A155      | 23853          | Barn and Cow House at Gelli Farm | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 2.9km north of the Site. Direct views blocked by vegetation which wraps around the eastern side of the barn and cow house. Asset's significance retained to historic fabric and spatial relationship with cluster of listed buildings associated with historical farmstead, and wider rural landscape, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A156      | 23854          | 1 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| A157      | 23855          | 2 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages.                                          |
| A158      | 23856          | 3 Gelli Houses                   | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 2 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages.                                         |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name            | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A159      | 23857          | 4 Gelli Houses  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 2 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A160      | 23858          | 5 Gelli Houses  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 2 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A161      | 23859          | 6 Gelli Houses  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 2 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A162      | 23860          | 7 Gelli Houses  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A163      | 23861          | 8 Gelli Houses  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A164      | 23862          | 9 Gelli Houses  | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A165      | 23863          | 10 Gelli Houses | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A166      | 23864          | 11 Gelli Houses | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                    | Designation / Type | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----------|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           |                |                                                         |                    |               | group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages.                                                                                                                                                                     |
| A167      | 23865          | 12 Gelli Houses                                         | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located between 2.8km - 2.9km north of the Site. Topography and vegetation block direct views towards this group of assets. Buildings front onto the A4107, forming its principal elevation, and significance is retained to the historic fabric and immediate setting as a cluster of preserved post-medieval workers' cottages. |
| A168      | 23866          | Hebron Chapel                                           | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| A169      | 87889          | Catholic Church of Our Lady and St Patrick              | Grade II           | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.8km southwest of Site. Significance retained to historic fabric of the building, and relationship with adjacent school, through which communal value is exhibited. The significance of this asset will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                     |
| A170      | 18493          | Bethania Capel y Bedyddwyr Neillduol                    | Grade II*          | Modern        | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, but direct views from this asset blocked by modern built form. Significance retained to historic fabric and communal value as the first mother church of the Baptist community in the Llynfi Valley. The significance of this asset will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                             |
| A171      | 18499          | Maesteg Council Offices, with flanking walls and piers. | Grade II*          | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A172      | 11353          | Telephone call box in front of the Old House PH         | Grade II           | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A173      | 18497          | Cenotaph                                                | Grade II           | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A174      | 18498          | North Company Offices                                   | Grade II           | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A175      | 18501          | Zoar Chapel                                             | Grade II           | Modern        | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, but the presence of mature trees and vegetation borders this asset to the northeast, blocking views towards the Site. Significance derived from its historic fabric and communal value as a place of congregation and worship, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                         |
| A176      | 18504          | Post Office                                             | Grade II           | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| A177      | 18505          | William Hopkin Thomas memorial Lamp and fountain.       | Grade II           | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |



| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                                                           | Designation / Type                  | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A178      | 18507          | Nantffyllon Workmen's Institute                                | Grade II                            | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| A179      | 18599          | Former Co-operative Wholesale Society Building                 | Grade II                            | Modern        | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| A180      | 18606          | Blackmill War Memorial                                         | Grade II                            | Modern        | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| A181      | 18609          | Edwards monument in the graveyard of Paran Chapel              | Grade II                            | Modern        | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 4.8km southeast of Site. Significance derived from its historic fabric and association with Paran Capel y Bedyddwr, and other associated funerary monuments, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                               |
| A182      | 18631          | Ffaldau Workmen's Institute and attached Billiard Hall         | Grade II                            | Modern        | Within ZTV, maximum of 1 turbine theoretically visible, located 1.4km east of the Site. Significance derived from its historic fabric, communal value as a former workmen's club for the local community, and wider spatial relationship with Pontycymer settlement, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                       |
| A183      | 18633          | Monument to Benjamin and Elizabeth Noyle, Pontycymmer Cemetery | Grade II                            | Modern        | Within ZTV, maximum of 6 turbines theoretically visible, located 1.8km east of the Site. Significance retained to historic fabric as a funerary monument, association and setting in relation to nearby cemetery assets including the Mortuary Chapel ( <b>A71</b> ) and cemetery entrance ( <b>A72</b> ), of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| A184      | 20429          | The Hopcyn Cross                                               | Grade II                            | Modern        | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| A185      | 23842          | Cymmer Bridge                                                  | Grade II                            | Modern        | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| B243      | 00927m         | St Mary's Church, Pontyrhyl                                    | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Post Medieval | Not within ZTV. No direct intervisibility between this asset and the Site. Direct views blocked by built form, topography and / or dense vegetation                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| B343      | 08895m         | Ty Gwyn Bach Farmstead                                         | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located 830m northwest of the Site. Significance of this asset retained to physical fabric and immediate setting within a semi-rural, suburban landscape, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                         |
| B344      | 08898m         | Bryn-llefrth Farmstead                                         | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located 440m northwest of the Site. Significance of this asset retained to physical fabric and immediate setting within a semi-rural, suburban landscape, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.                                                                                         |



| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                    | Designation / Type                  | Period        | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| B345      | 08980m         | Craig-Yr-Hudol Outstead | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located 600m from Site. Presence of mature trees and vegetation to the northwest likely blocks views from the asset towards the Site, and principal elevation is set towards the southwest, away from the Site. Significance reflected through physical historic fabric and example of an isolated, rural farmstead. This asset's significance will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| B346      | 08981m         | Cwm-Cedfyw Farmstead    | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 540m from Site. Presence of mature trees and vegetation likely blocks views from the asset towards the Site, and principal elevation is set towards the southwest, in the opposite direction to Site. Significance reflected through physical historic fabric and example of an isolated, rural farmstead. This asset's significance will not be affected by the Proposed Development.   |
| B348      | 09171m         | Tor-cerryg Farmstead    | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Post Medieval | This asset is no longer extant                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| B381      | 12337m         | Garw Junction Hotel     | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Post Medieval | Within ZTV, maximum of 2 turbines theoretically visible, located 600m east of the Site. Direct views blocked by mature trees, vegetation and upland topography to the immediate west. Non-designated built heritage asset of low heritage significance / value, of which is derived from the physical fabric of the building and its former function as a public house. This asset's significance will not be impacted by the Proposed Development.       |
| B390      | 12670m         | Dyffryn Hotel (P.H)     | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown       | Within ZTV, maximum of 3 turbines theoretically visible, located 888m west of the Site. Direct views blocked by mature trees, vegetation and upland topography to the immediate east. Non-designated built heritage asset of low heritage significance / value, of which is derived from the physical fabric of the building and its former function as a public house. This asset's significance will not be impacted by the Proposed Development.       |
| B398      | 13325m         | Tor-fron Farmstead      | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown       | This asset is no longer extant                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| B400      | 13327m         | Gelli-hir Farmstead     | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown       | Within ZTV, maximum of 4 turbines theoretically visible, located 508m south of the Site. Direct views blocked by mature trees and vegetation which surround the asset to the north, west and east, with principal elevation facing south away from the Site. Non-designated built heritage asset of low heritage significance / value, of which is derived                                                                                                |

| Asset Ref | Cadw / HER Ref | Name                   | Designation / Type                  | Period  | Scoping Out Justification                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|           |                |                        |                                     |         | from the physical fabric of the building and its history as a post-medieval farmstead. This asset's significance will not be impacted by the Proposed Development.                                                                                                                                           |
| B401      | 13331m         | Cynnordy Farmstead     | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown | See Section 5 for assessment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| B402      | 13336m         | Gelli-heblyg Farmstead | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown | Within ZTV, maximum of 6 turbines theoretically visible, located 600m southwest of Site. Significance derived from historic fabric as a possible post medieval farmstead, within a rural setting and agricultural historical functions, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development.           |
| B403      | 13352m         | Bryn-y-rhyg Farmstead  | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 720m south of the Northern Array. Significance derived from historic fabric as a possible post medieval farmstead, within a rural setting and agricultural historical functions, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| B404      | 13353m         | Cwrt-y-mwnws Farmstead | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown | Within ZTV, maximum of 8 turbines theoretically visible, located 880m south of the Northern Array. Significance derived from historic fabric as a possible post medieval farmstead, within a rural setting and agricultural historical functions, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |
| B405      | 13354m         | Blaen-cwm-du Farmstead | Non-Designated Built Heritage Asset | Unknown | Within ZTV, maximum of 7 turbines theoretically visible, located 410m south of the Northern Array. Significance derived from historic fabric as a possible post medieval farmstead, within a rural setting and agricultural historical functions, of which will not be affected by the Proposed Development. |

# Annex 7A.D

## Site Visit Plates

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### Site Walkover Survey Plates



**Plate 1:** Southwest view from northeastern area of Northern Array. Historic field boundary **WSP3** visible beyond fenceline





**Plate 2:** North view from northwestern area of Northern Array towards Llynfi Afan Wind Farm and modern forestry plantation



**Plate 3:** Northwest view from northwestern area of Northern Array towards modern forestry plantation and the Upper Afan Valley





**Plate 4:** South view from northwestern area of Northern Array



**Plate 5:** Mynydd Bach Cairn III (B2), looking southwest





**Plate 6:** Oblique view of Mynydd Bach Cairn III (B2), looking southeast



**Plate 7:** Mynydd Bach Quarry III (B92) and Mynydd Bach Marker Cairn (B18), looking west





**Plate 8:** Mynydd Bach Quarry III (B92) and Mynydd Bach Marker Cairn (B18), looking southeast



**Plate 9:** Context of Mynydd Bach Quarry III (B92) and Mynydd Bach Marker Cairn (B18), looking south





**Plate 10:** Context of Mynydd Bach Quarry IV (B175), looking northwest



**Plate 11:** Context of Mynydd Bach Quarry IV (B175), looking northeast





**Plate 12:** Context of Mynydd Bach Quarry IV (**B175**), looking southwest



**Plate 13:** Possible Quarry Pit (**WSP1**) discovered during walkover survey, southeast view





**Plate 14:** Context of Possible Quarry Pit (**WSP1**) discovered during walkover survey, southwest view



**Plate 15:** Context of Possible Quarry Pit (**WSP2**), looking northwest





**Plate 16:** Southwest view towards western Site boundary of Northern Array, showing ditch feature in background (**WSP4**), possibly a continuation of a medieval boundary (**B11**)



**Plate 17:** South view towards western Site boundary of Northern Array, showing ditch feature in background (**WSP4**), possibly a continuation of a medieval boundary (**B11**)





**Plate 18:** Northwest view towards western Site boundary of Northern Array, showing ditch feature in background (**WSP4**), possibly a continuation of a medieval boundary (**B11**)



**Plate 19:** Southwest view along drystone wall historic boundary (**WSP3**)





**Plate 20:** East view towards drystone wall historic boundary (WSP3)



**Plate 21:** Southeast view of 'pile of stones' and boundary, presently marked with a post-and-rail fence





**Plate 22:** Agricultural machinery within Southern Array (**WSP6**), looking northwest towards Northern Array



**Plate 23:** South view of northern area of Southern Array





**Plate 24:** South view within northern area of Southern Array depicting post-and-rail fencing marking field boundaries



**Plate 25:** South view across Southern Array, exhibiting historical drystone wall field boundaries





**Plate 26:** Southeast view from western area of Southern Array



**Plate 27:** North view from western area of Southern Array





**Plate 28:** Northeast view of quarrying activity (WSP7)



**Plate 29:** South view of quarrying activity (WSP7)





**Plate 30:** North view towards waterlogged area / pond feature within Southern Array



**Plate 31:** East view towards central and eastern areas of Southern Array, exhibiting evidence of previous quarrying activities marked as earthworks





**Plate 32:** East view of areas of previous quarrying, indicated by red arrows



**Plate 33:** Northwest view of quarry pit (WSP8)





**Plate 34:** North view of quarry pit (WSP13)



**Plate 35:** East view towards central and eastern areas of Southern Array, exhibiting evidence of linear earthworks, including historical boundaries





**Plate 36:** East view of boundaries and linear features, indicated by red arrows



**Plate 37:** Curvilinear earthwork within central western area of Southern Array, north view





**Plate 38:** Curvilinear earthwork, south view



**Plate 39:** West view across Southern Array from eastern area





**Plate 40:** Northwest view beyond Site boundary from eastern area of Southern Array



**Plate 41:** Southwest view across eastern area of Southern Array



**Plate 42:** South view towards southern Site boundary, possible post medieval structure visible in background, historic drystone wall depicted in foreground



## Setting Survey Plates



**Plate 43:** Southwest view towards Mynydd Ty Talwyn Ancient Farms (A14, A16)



**Plate 44:** Northeast view towards Site from Mynydd Ty Talwyn Ancient Farms (A14, A16), exhibiting extensive fog coverage and limited visibility



**Plate 45:** North view towards the Site from southeastern area of Margam Mountain Registered Historic Landscape (A26)



**Plate 46:** Western elevation of Grade II\* listed Church of St Cynwyd (A33) within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)





**Plate 47:** East view within churchyard of the Church of St Cynwyd (A33) within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)



**Plate 48:** East view of Grade II listed churchyard walls (A84) within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)





**Plate 49:** Heritage information board within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)



**Plate 50:** Heritage information board adjacent to Grade II listed telephone box (A172) within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)





**Plate 51:** Northern elevation of Grade II listed Old House Inn (A45) within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)



**Plate 52:** Eastern elevation of Grade II listed Old House Inn (A45) within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)





**Plate 53:** Southeast view of The Hopcyn Cross (A148) within Llangynwyd Conservation Area (A30)



**Plate 54:** Eastern elevation of Grade I listed Church of St David, Bettws (A32) within immediate setting of churchyard





**Plate 55:** Northwest view of the medieval western bellcote of Church of St David, Bettws (A32)



**Plate 56:** North view from churchyard towards the Site, no intervisibility observed





**Plate 57:** Northwest view within Bryngarw Park and Garden



**Plate 58:** East view within Bryngarw Park and Garden





**Plate 59:** West view towards Grade II listed Maesteg Sports Centre (A36)



**Plate 60:** Northern elevation of former engine house, Grade II listed Maesteg Sports Centre (A36)





**Plate 61:** Northwest view of scheduled monument and Grade II Maesteg Blast Furnaces (A18, A53)



**Plate 62:** Southeast view from Maesteg Blast Furnaces towards the Southern Array





**Plate 63:** East view from Maesteg Blast Furnaces towards Northern Array



**Plate 64:** Southeast view of Maesteg Council Offices (A171) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)





**Plate 65:** Northeast view of Colonel North Memorial Hall (A58) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)



**Plate 66:** North view of Post Office (A176, right) and North Company Offices (A174, left) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)





**Plate 67:** East view towards Grade II Church of St David (A57) and Grade II Cenotaph (A173) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)



**Plate 68:** Northern elevation of Grade II Church of St David (A57) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)





**Plate 69:** Northern entrance of Grade II Church of St David (A57) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)



**Plate 70:** West view towards North Company Offices (A174) from gateway to Church of St David (A57) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)





**Plate 71:** East view towards Grade II listed Colonel North Memorial Hall (A58), Post Office (A176) and William Hopkin Thomas Memorial (A177) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)



**Plate 72:** Southwest view towards Grade II listed Neuadd y Dref (Town Hall) (A54) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)





**Plate 73:** South view towards the Star Public House (A59) within Maesteg Conservation Area (A29)



**Plate 74:** Northeast elevation of Capel Saron (A55)





**Plate 75:** Northwest view towards Northern Array from Capel Saron (A55)



**Plate 76:** Southeastern elevation of Siloh Independent Chapel (A46)





**Plate 77:** Northwest view from Siloh Independent Chapel (A46)



**Plate 78:** Nantyffyllon Workmen's Institute (A178), Northern Array visible in the background





**Plate 79:** Southeast view towards No's 1-12 Gelli Houses (A156-A167)



**Plate 80:** Southeast view towards No's 1-12 Gelli Houses (A156-A167), River Afan in foreground





**Plate 81:** Heritage information board near Gelli Houses



**Plate 82:** South view adjacent to The Old House Inn (A45) across Llangynwyd historic landscape area

# Annex E

## Figures

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Figure 7A.1 – Site Location Plan

Figure 7A.2 – Designated Heritage Assets

Figure 7A.3.1 – Non-Designated Heritage Assets: Northern Array

Figure 7A.3.2 – Non-Designated Heritage Assets: Southern Array

Figure 7A.4 – Tithe Map

Figure 7A.5 – Ordnance Map of 1886

Figure 7A.6 – Ordnance Map of 1899

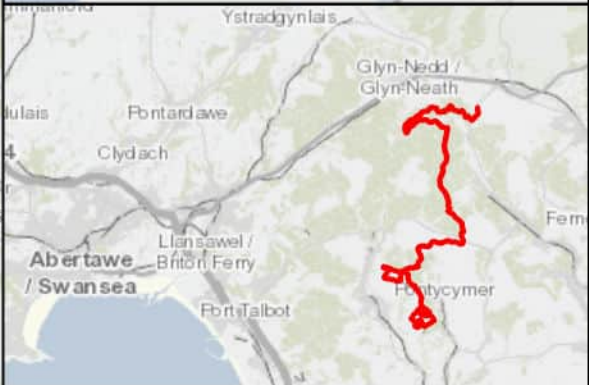
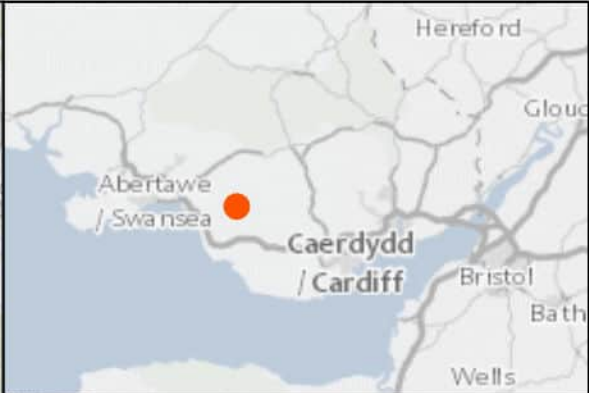
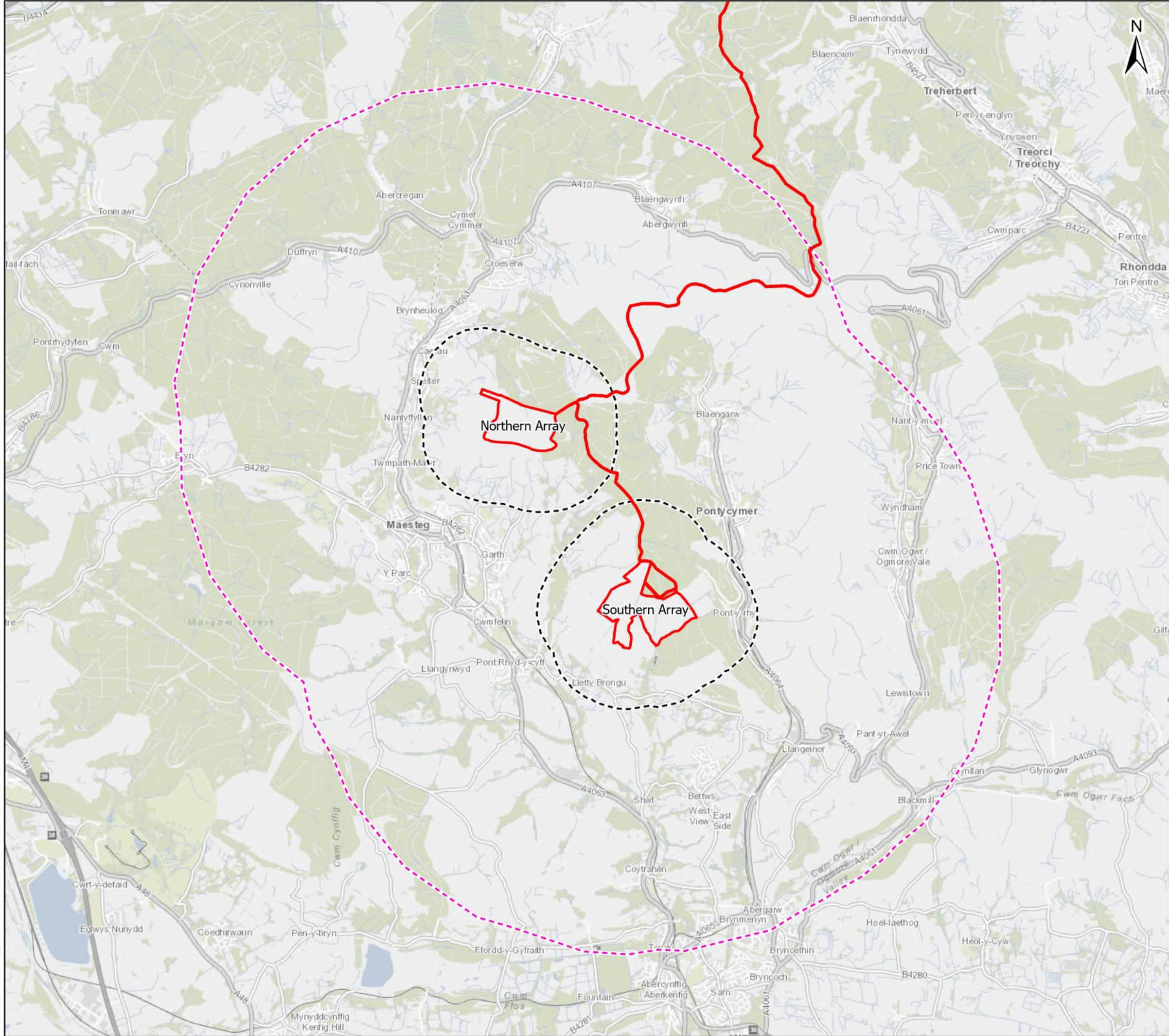
Figure 7A.7 – Ordnance Map of 1962

Figure 7A.8 – LiDAR

Figure 7A.9 – Historic Assets within ZTV

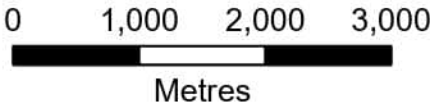
Figure 7A.10 – Historic Assets Identified during Site Visit





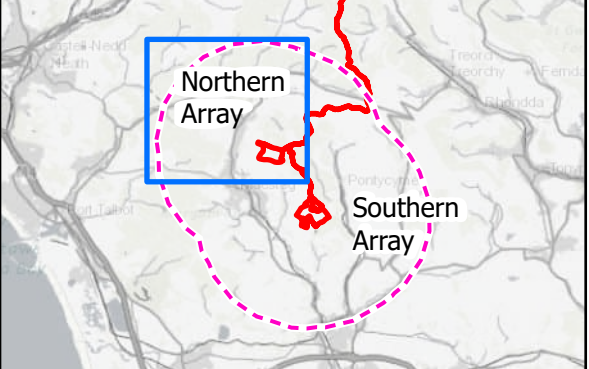
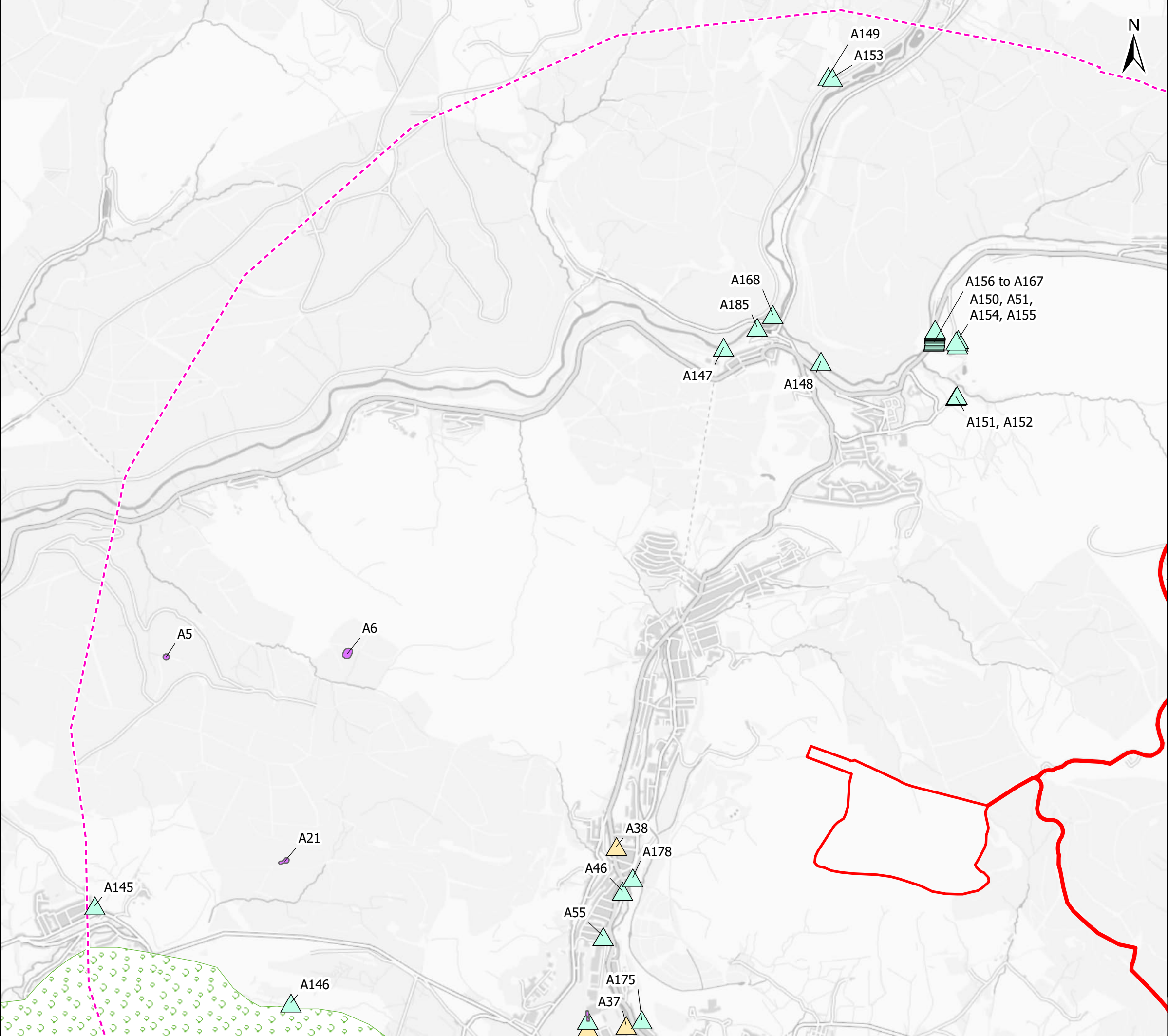
Key

- Site Boundary
- Study Area (1km)
- Study Area (5km)

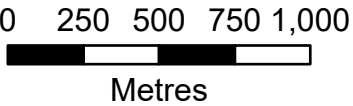


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|----------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Client:  | Pennant Walters                                       |           |               |
| Project: | Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm<br>Environmental Statement |           |               |
| Title    | Figure 7A.1<br>Site Location Plan                     |           |               |
| Date:    | 7/31/2026                                             | Scale:    | 1:60,000 @ A3 |
| Drawn:   | AB                                                    | Checked:  | GA            |
|          |                                                       | Approved: | SA            |

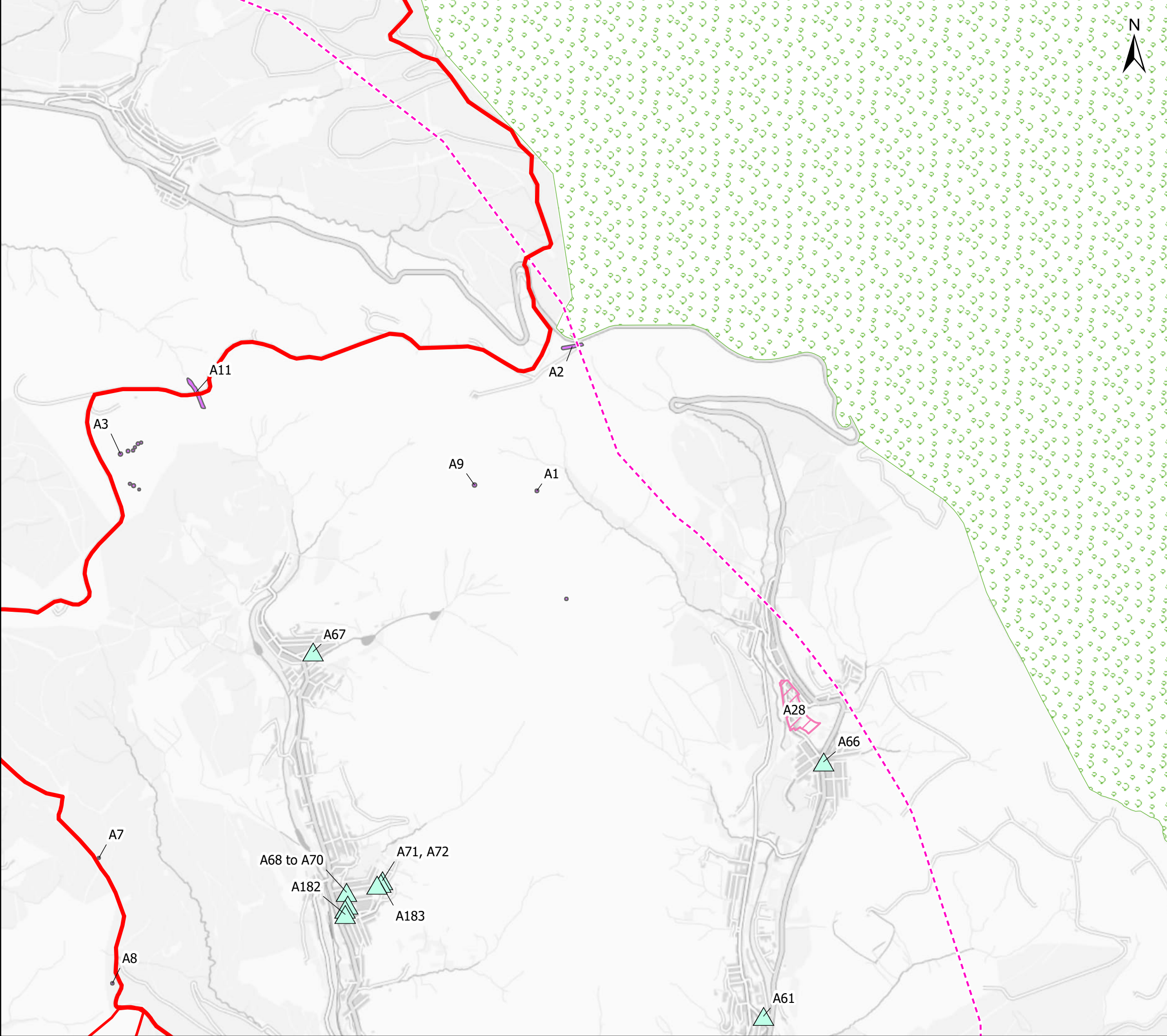




- Key**
- Site Boundary
  - Study Area (5km)
  - Scheduled Monuments
  - Grade I Listed Buildings
  - Grade II\* Listed Buildings
  - Grade II Listed Buildings
  - Conservation Areas
  - Registered Historic Landscape
  - Kitchen Garden
  - Registered Historic Park & Garden
  - Registered Historic Park & Garden Views



|          |                                                    |           |          |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Client:  | Pennant Walters                                    |           |          |
| Project: | Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm Environmental Statement |           |          |
| Title    | Figure 7A.2A<br>Designated Historic Assets         |           |          |
| Date:    | 7/31/2026                                          | Scale:    | 1:25,000 |
| Drawn:   | AB                                                 | Checked:  | GA       |
|          |                                                    | Approved: | SA       |



Site Boundary

Study Area (5km)

Scheduled Monuments

Grade I Listed Buildings

Grade II\* Listed Buildings

Grade II Listed Buildings

Conservation Areas

Registered Historic Landscape

Kitchen Garden

Registered Historic Park & Garden

Registered Historic Park & Garden Views

02505007501,000

Metres

wsp

Client:

Pennant Walters

Project:

Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement

Title

Figure 7A.2B  
Designated Historic Assets

Date:

7/31/2026

Scale:

1:25,000

Drawn:

AB

Checked:

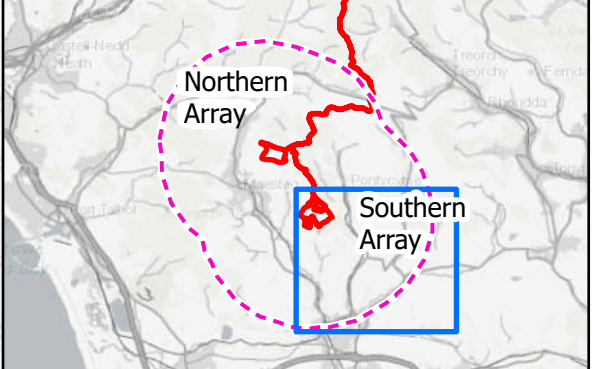
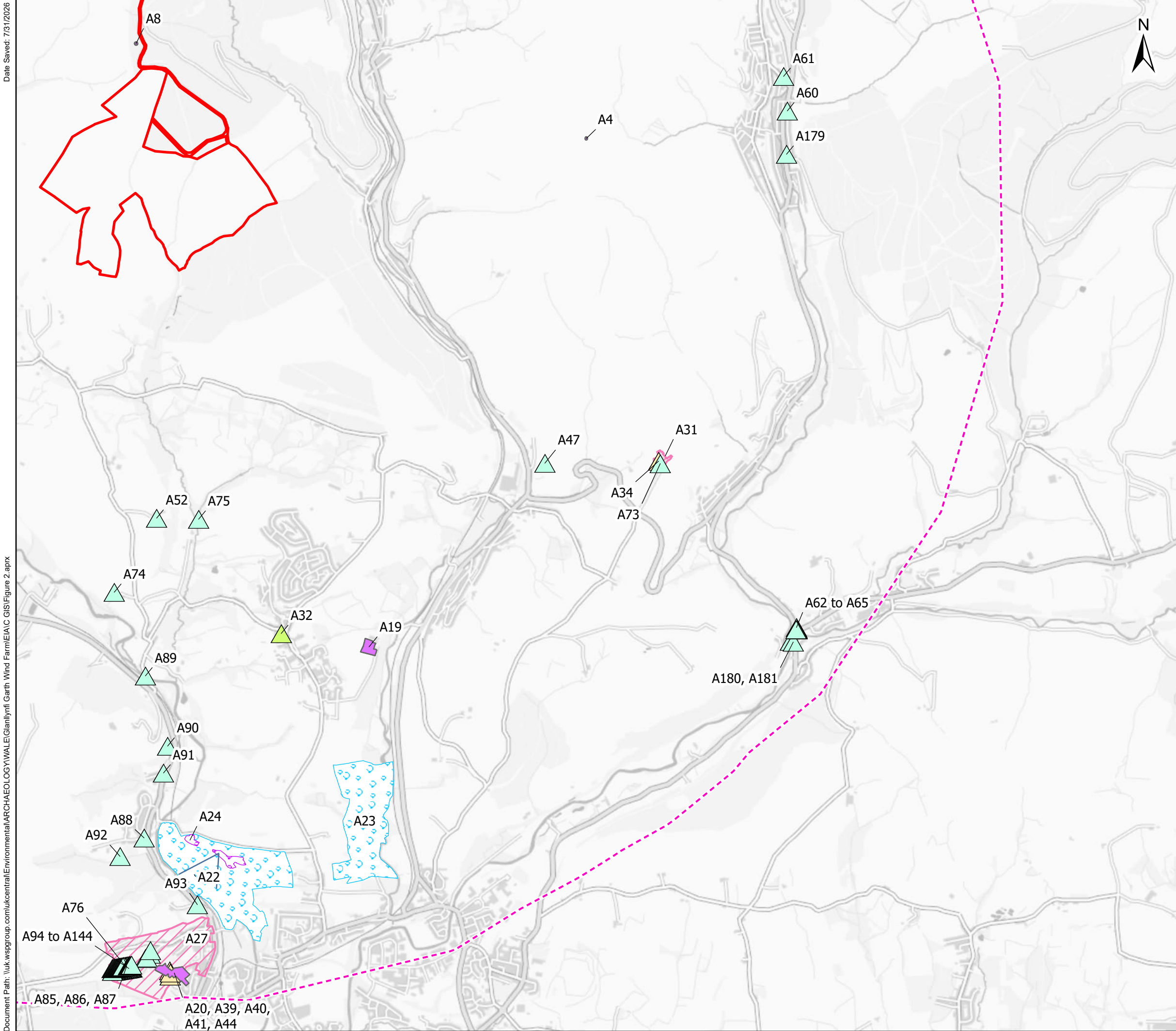
GA

Approved:

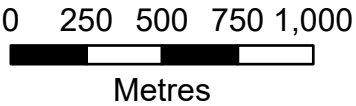
SA

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- Key**
- Site Boundary
  - Study Area (5km)
  - Scheduled Monuments
  - Grade I Listed Buildings
  - Grade II\* Listed Buildings
  - Grade II Listed Buildings
  - Conservation Areas
  - Registered Historic Landscape
  - Kitchen Garden
  - Registered Historic Park & Garden
  - Registered Historic Park & Garden Views



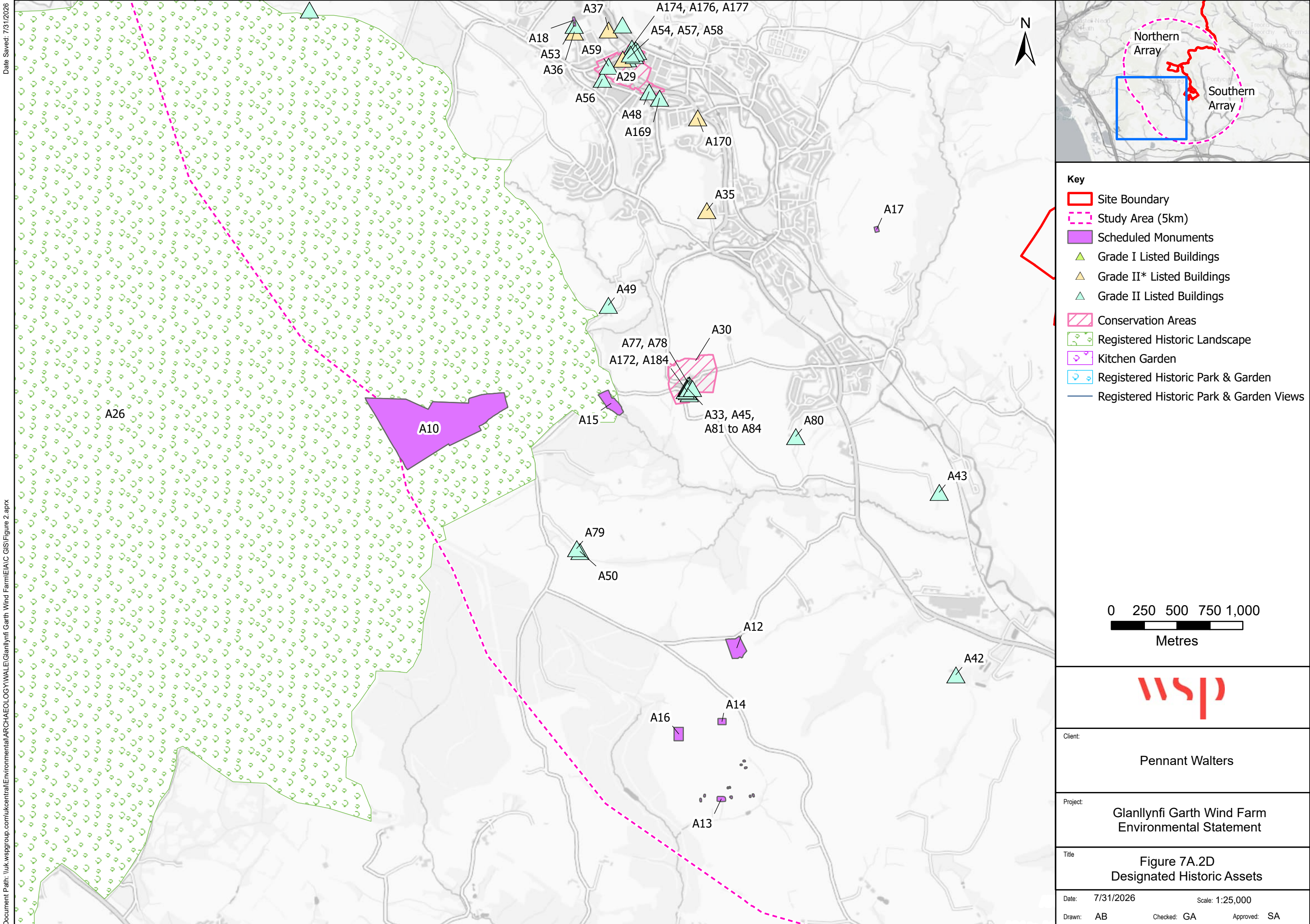
Client:  
Pennant Walters

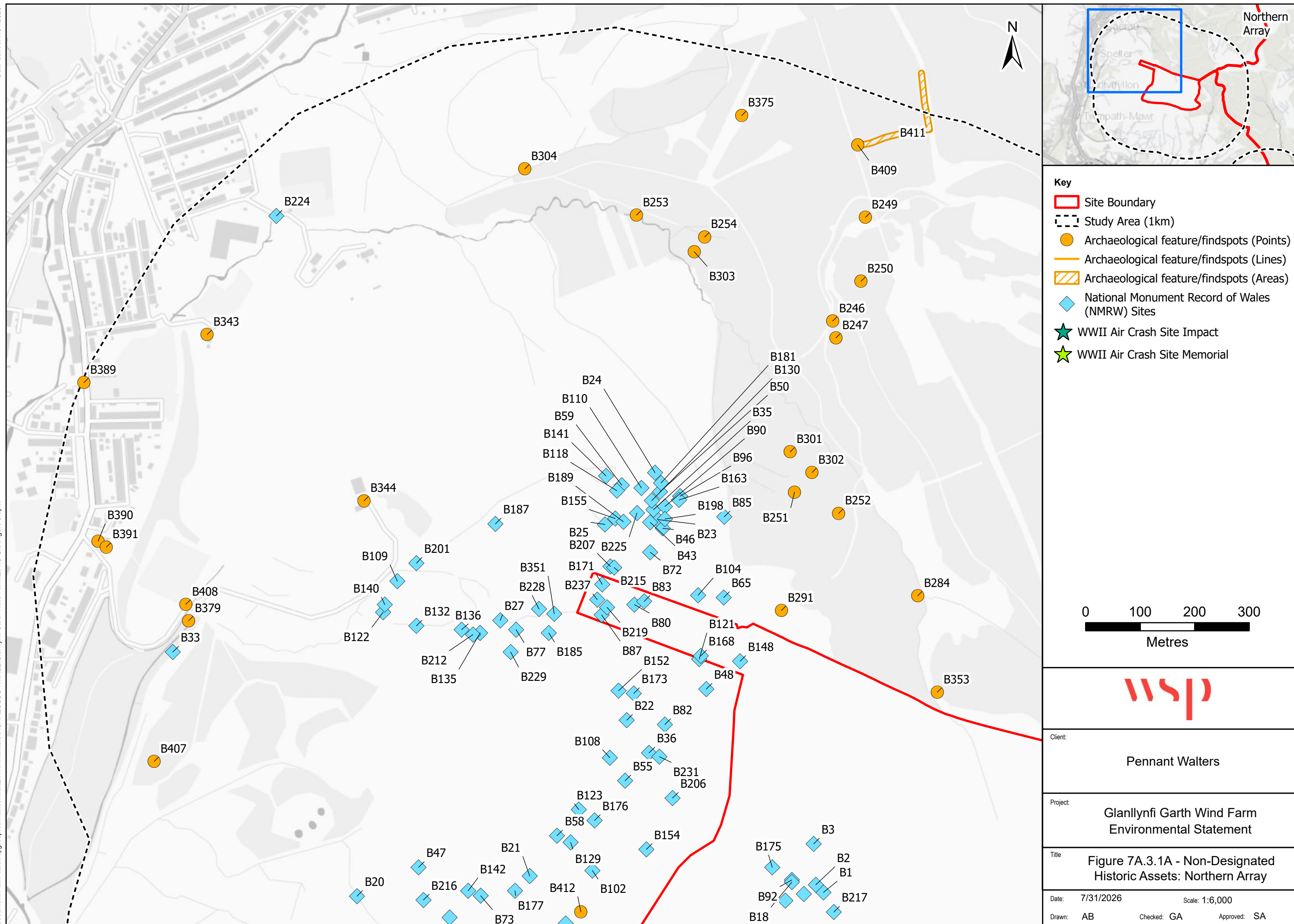
Project:  
Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement

Title  
Figure 7A.2C  
Designated Historic Assets

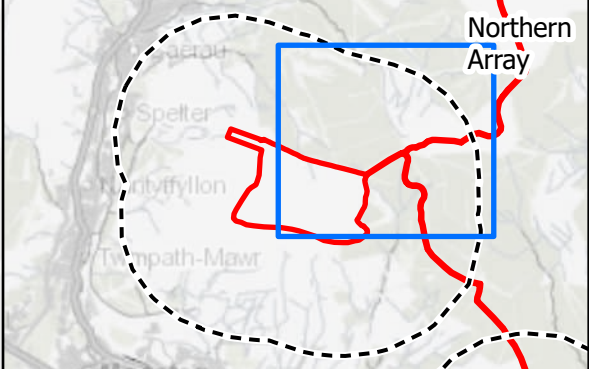
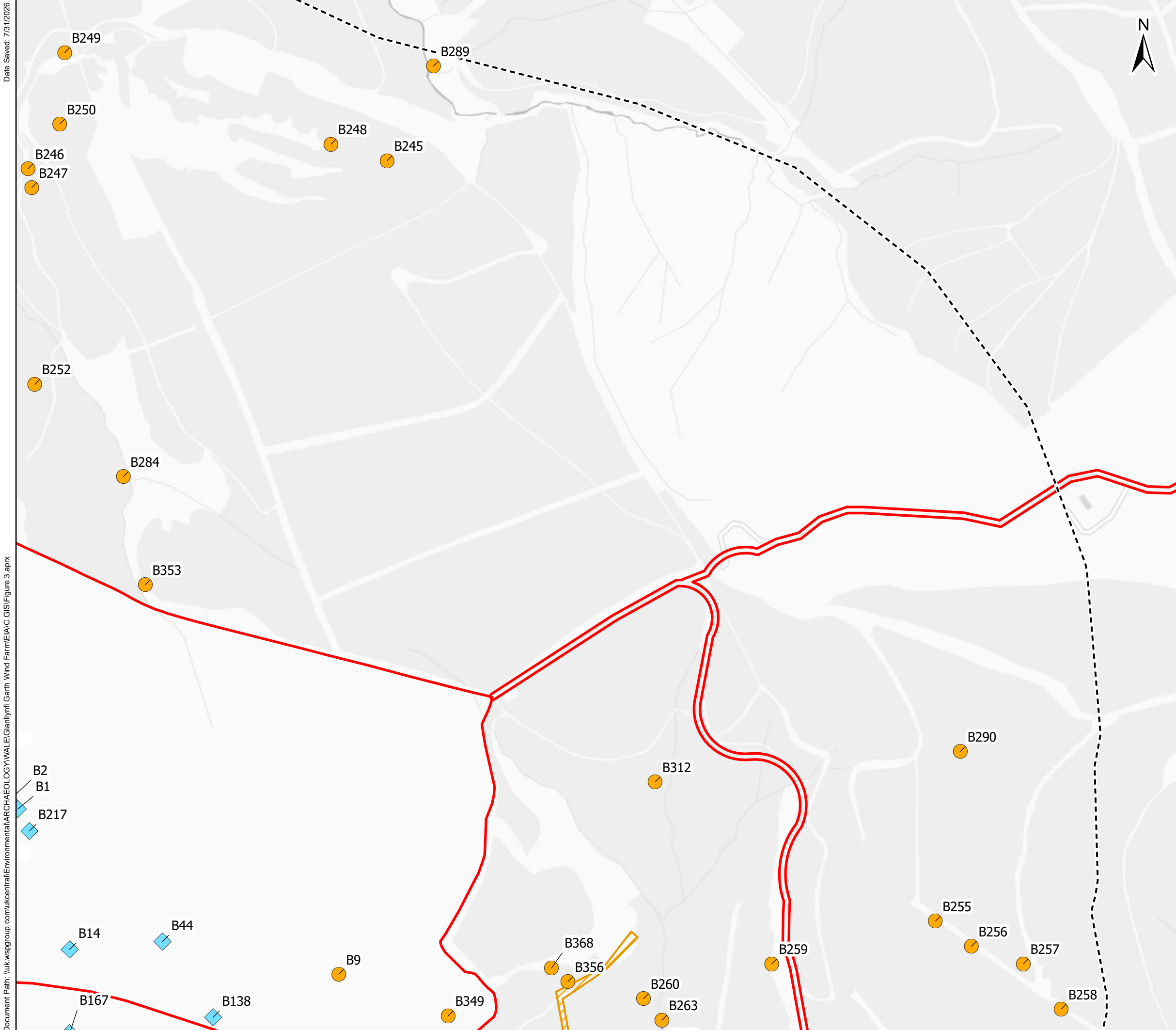
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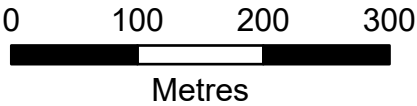








- Key**
- Site Boundary
  - Study Area (1km)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Points)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Lines)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Areas)
  - National Monument Record of Wales (NMRW) Sites
  - WWII Air Crash Site Impact
  - WWII Air Crash Site Memorial



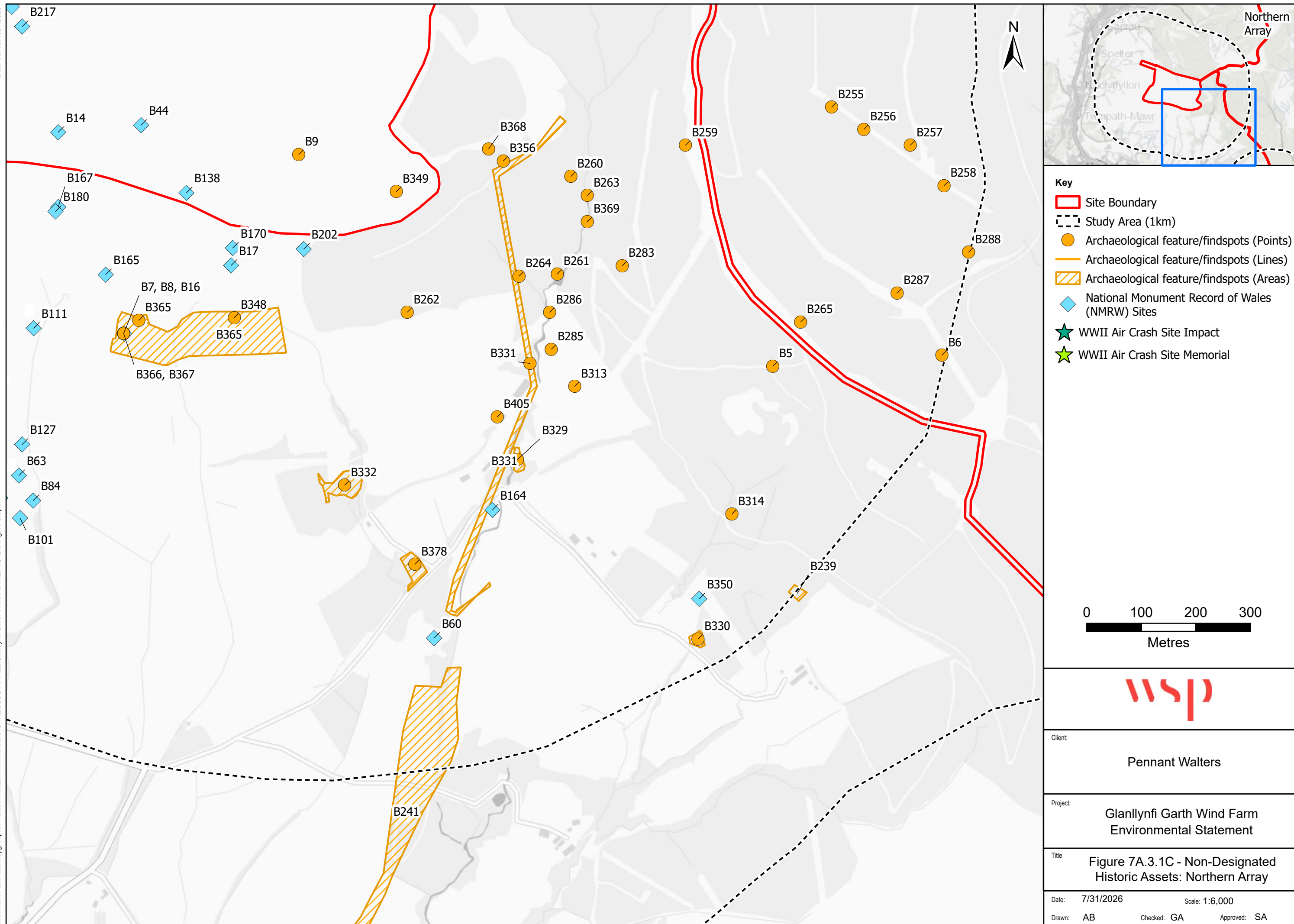
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Pennant Walters

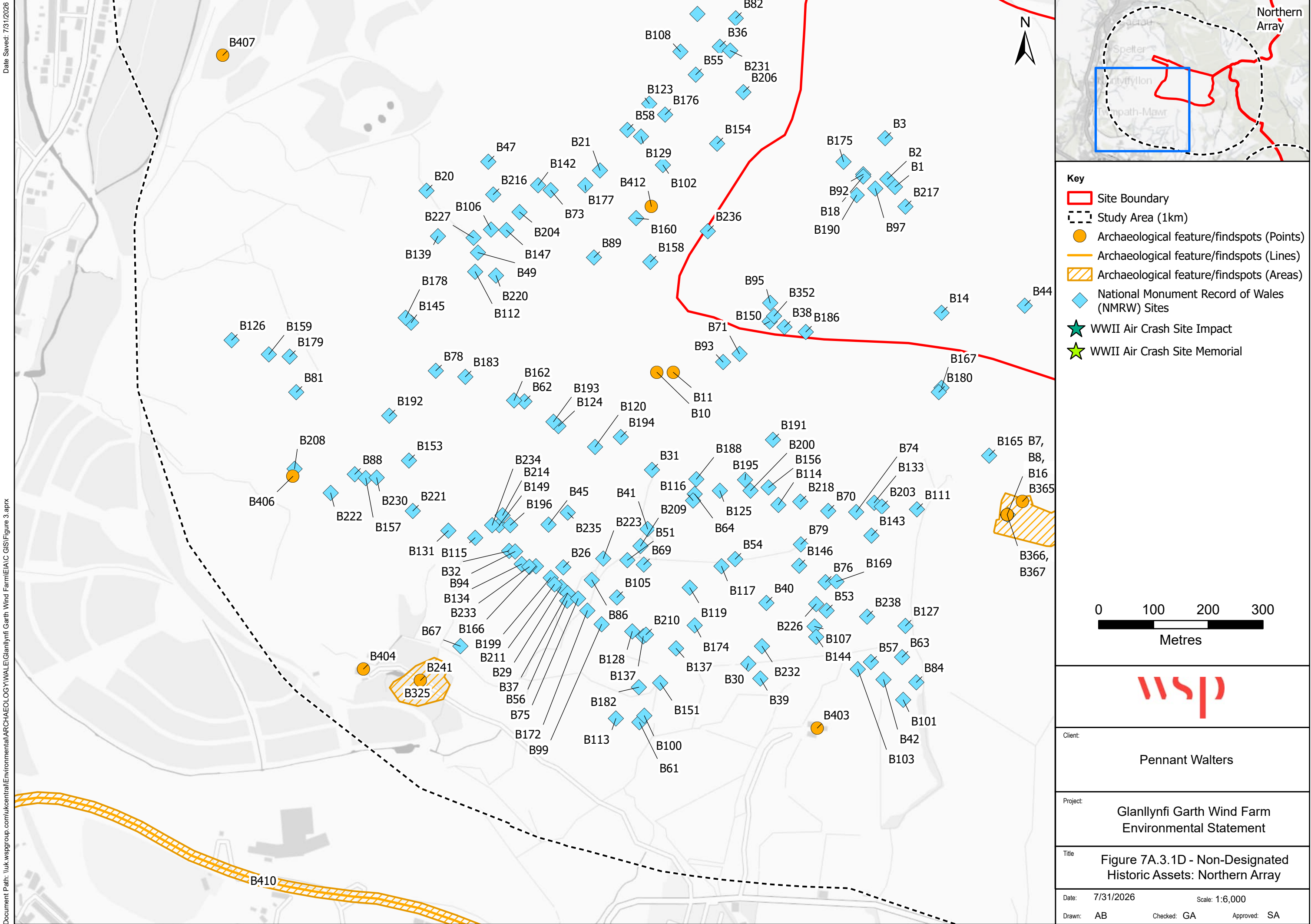
Project:  
Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement

Title  
Figure 7A.3.1B - Non-Designated  
Historic Assets: Northern Array

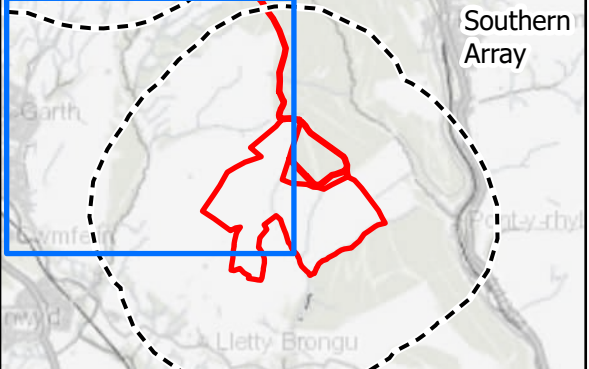
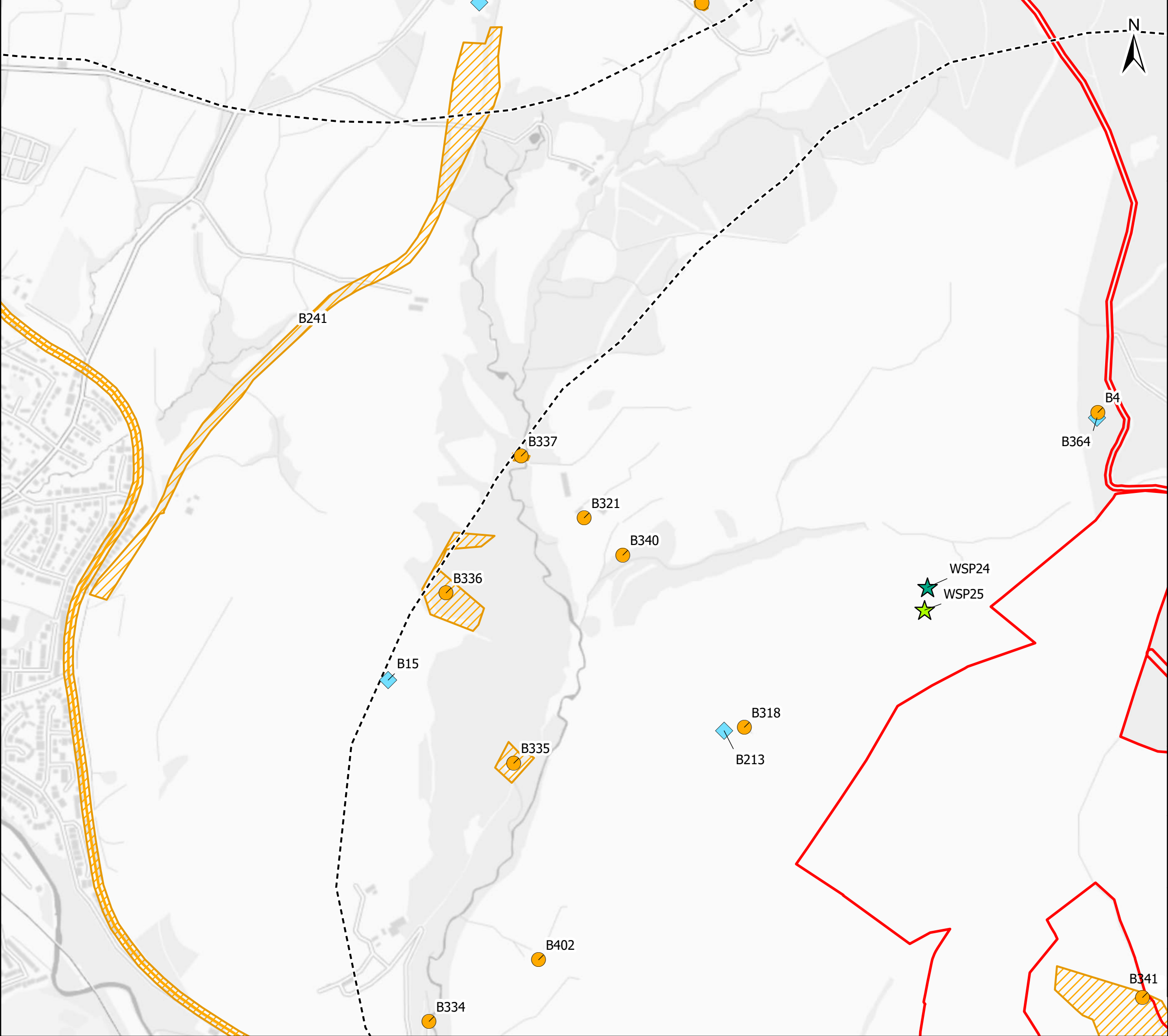
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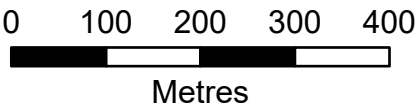






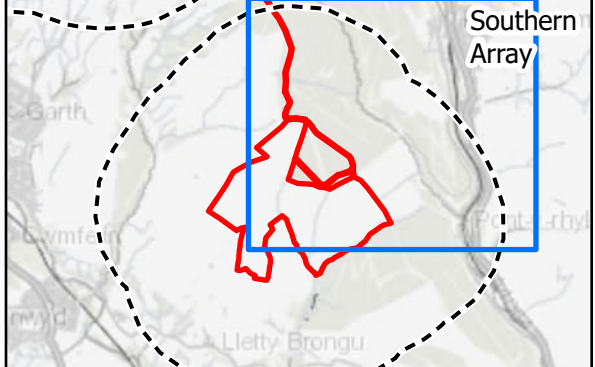
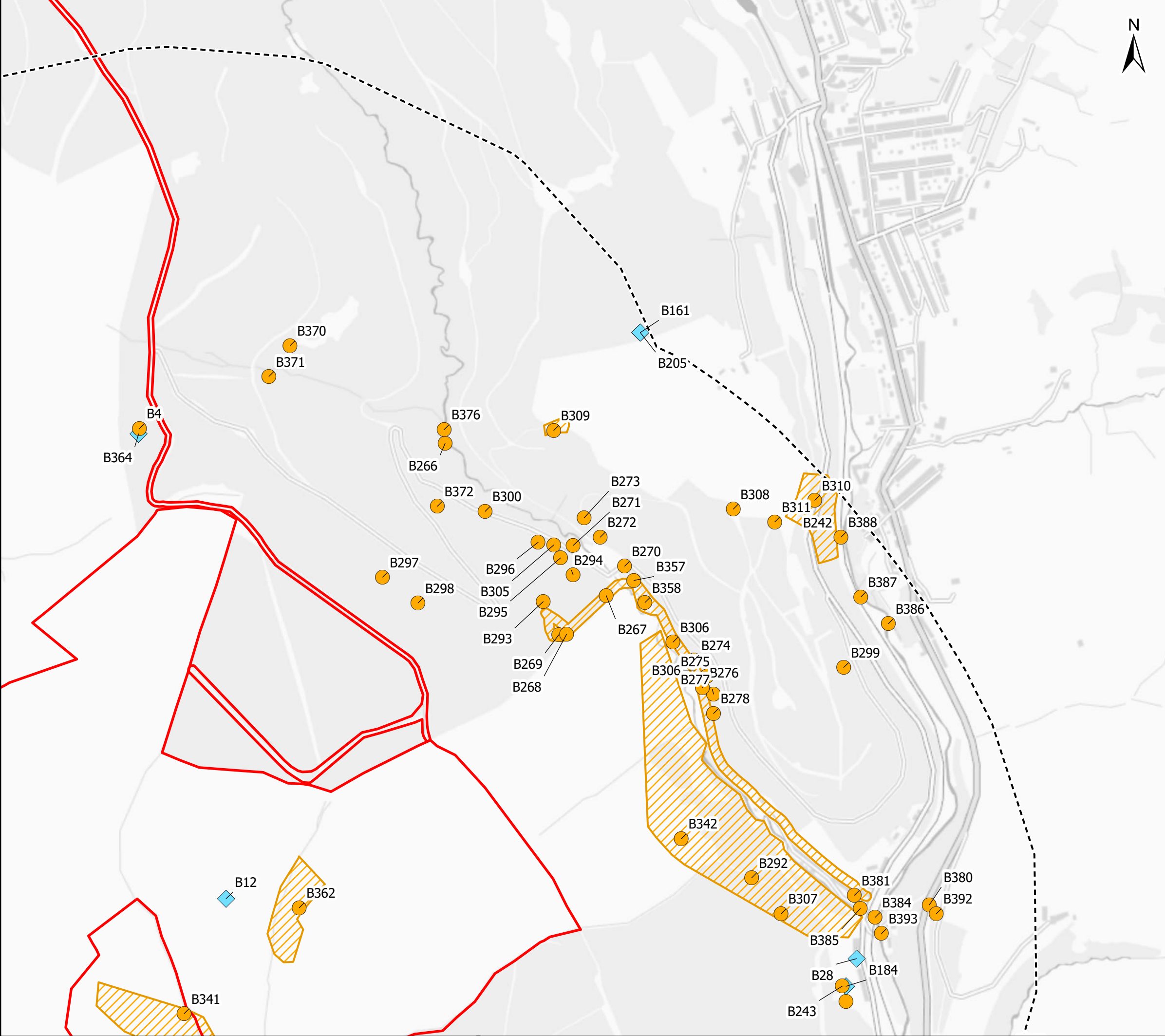


- Key**
- Site Boundary
  - Study Area (1km)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Points)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Lines)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Areas)
  - National Monument Record of Wales (NMRW) Sites
  - WWII Air Crash Site Impact
  - WWII Air Crash Site Memorial

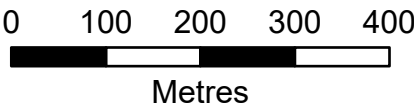


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| Client:  | Pennant Walters                                                 |           |         |
| Project: | Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm Environmental Statement              |           |         |
| Title    | Figure 7A.3.2A - Non-Designated Historic Assets: Southern Array |           |         |
| Date:    | 7/31/2026                                                       | Scale:    | 1:8,000 |
| Drawn:   | AB                                                              | Checked:  | GA      |
|          |                                                                 | Approved: | SA      |

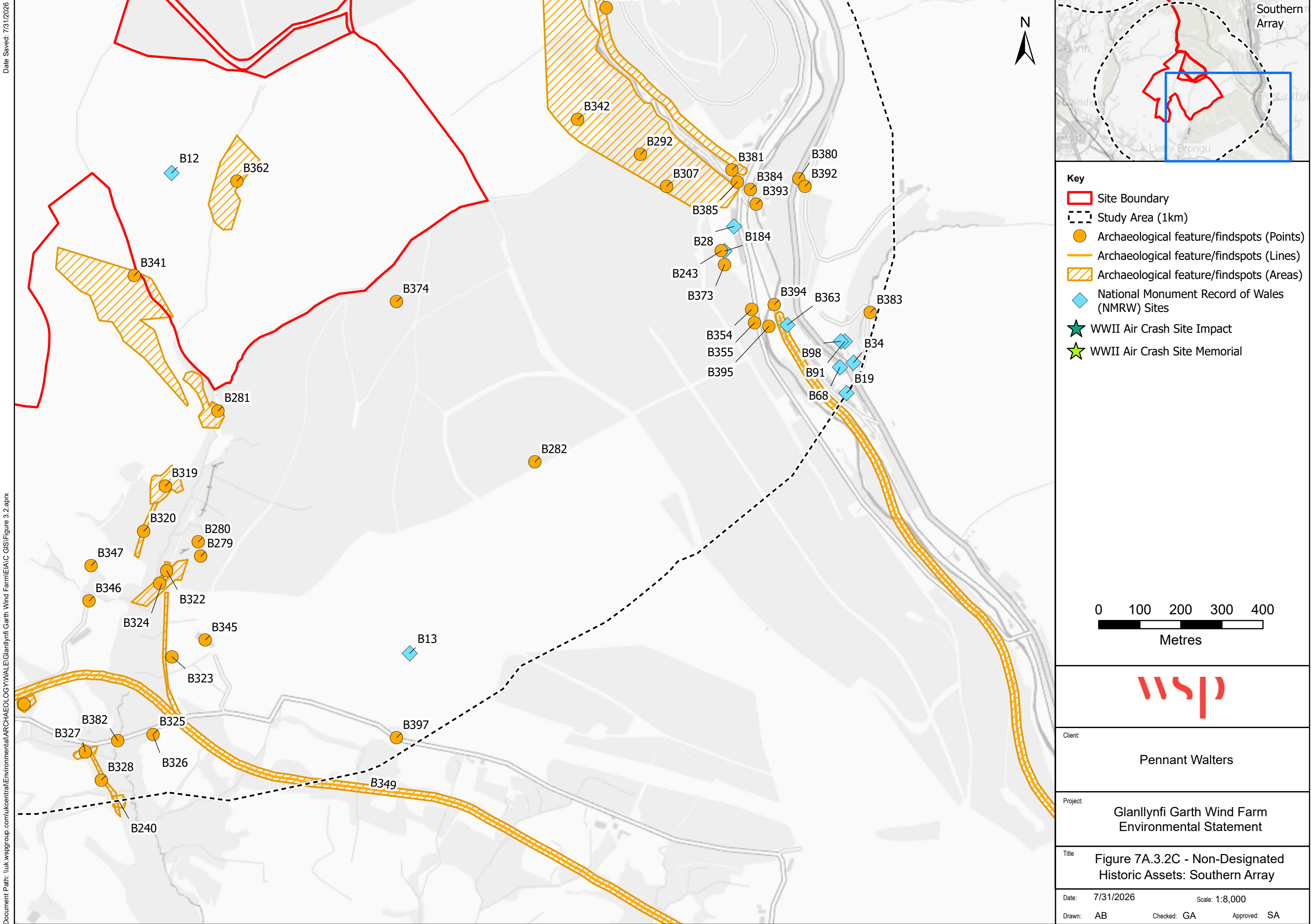




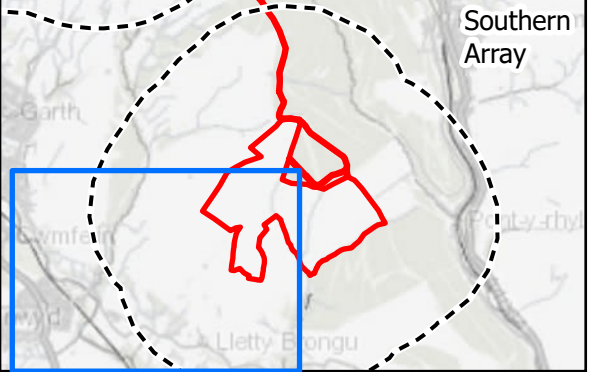
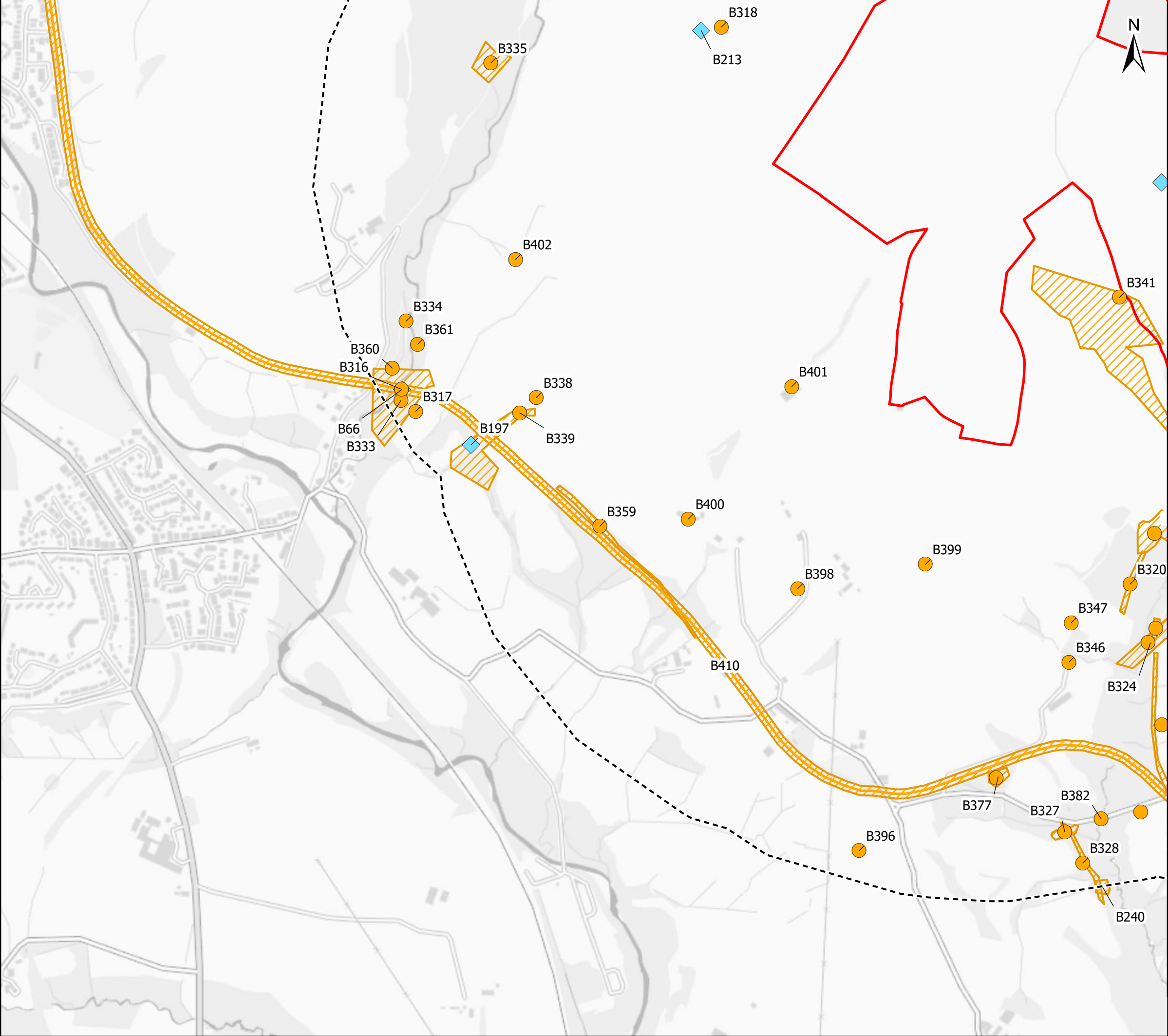
- Key**
- Site Boundary
  - Study Area (1km)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Points)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Lines)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Areas)
  - National Monument Record of Wales (NMRW) Sites
  - WWII Air Crash Site Impact
  - WWII Air Crash Site Memorial



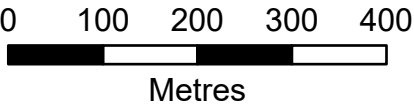
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| Project: | Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm Environmental Statement              |           |         |
| Title    | Figure 7A.3.2B - Non-Designated Historic Assets: Southern Array |           |         |
| Date:    | 7/31/2026                                                       | Scale:    | 1:8,000 |
| Drawn:   | AB                                                              | Checked:  | GA      |
|          |                                                                 | Approved: | SA      |







- Key**
- Site Boundary
  - Study Area (1km)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Points)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Lines)
  - Archaeological feature/findspots (Areas)
  - National Monument Record of Wales (NMRW) Sites
  - WWII Air Crash Site Impact
  - WWII Air Crash Site Memorial



|          |                                                                 |           |         |
|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------|
| Client:  | Pennant Walters                                                 |           |         |
| Project: | Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm Environmental Statement              |           |         |
| Title    | Figure 7A.3.2D - Non-Designated Historic Assets: Southern Array |           |         |
| Date:    | 7/31/2026                                                       | Scale:    | 1:8,000 |
| Drawn:   | AB                                                              | Checked:  | GA      |
|          |                                                                 | Approved: | SA      |





N

Key

Site Boundary

0 100 200 300 400

Metres

**wsp**

Client:

Pennant Walters

Project:

Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement

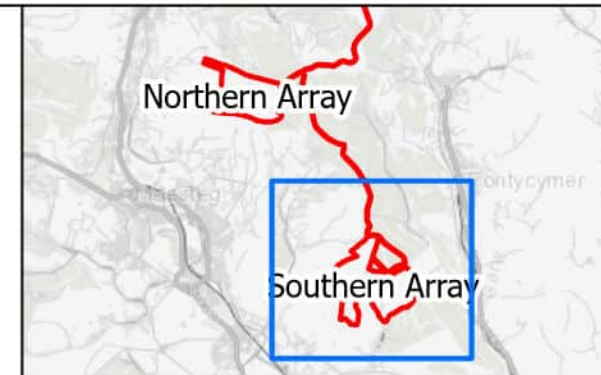
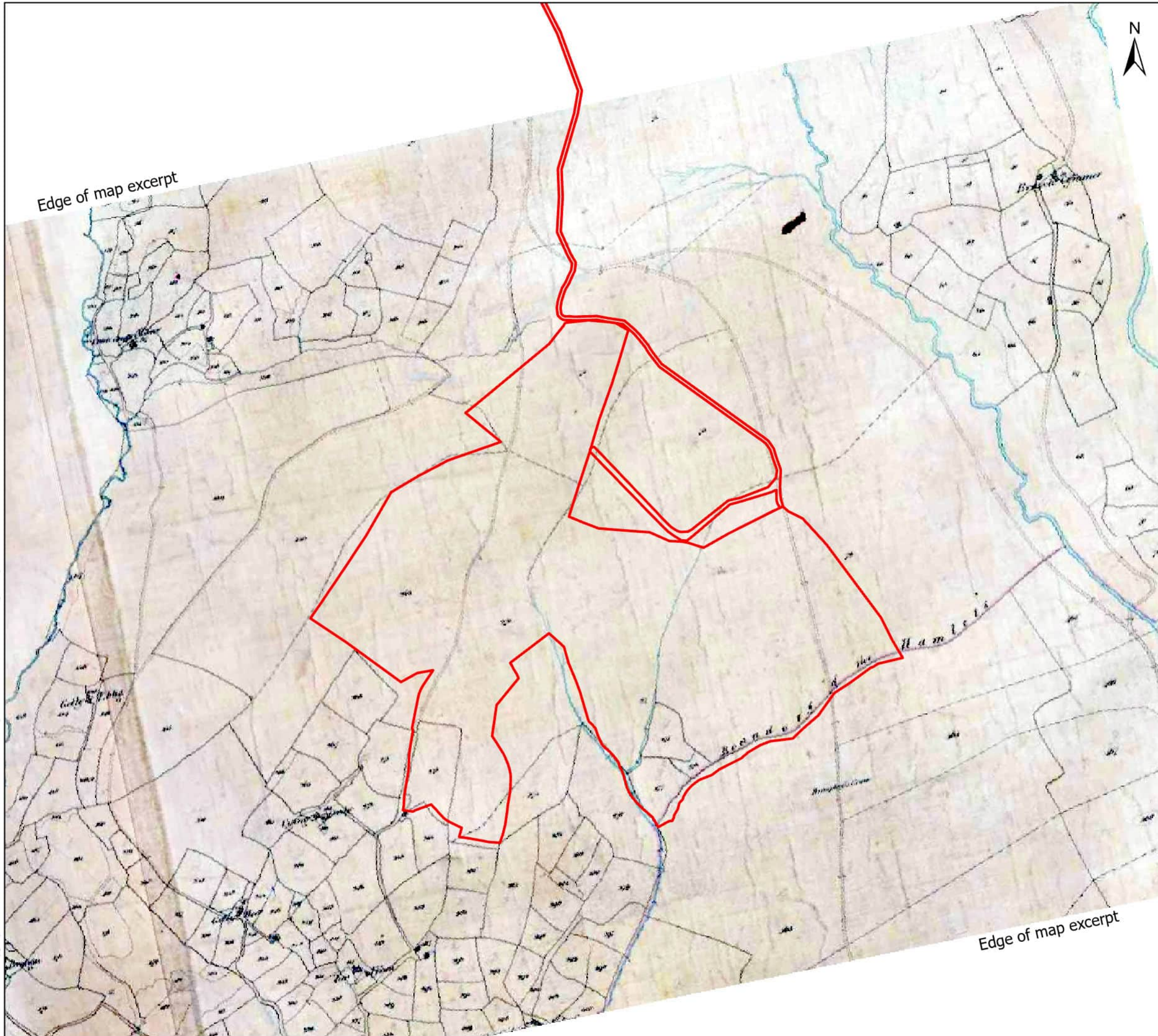
Title

Figure 7A.4A  
Tithe Map showing Northern Array

Date: 7/31/2026 Scale: 1:10,000

Drawn: AB Checked: GA Approved: SA





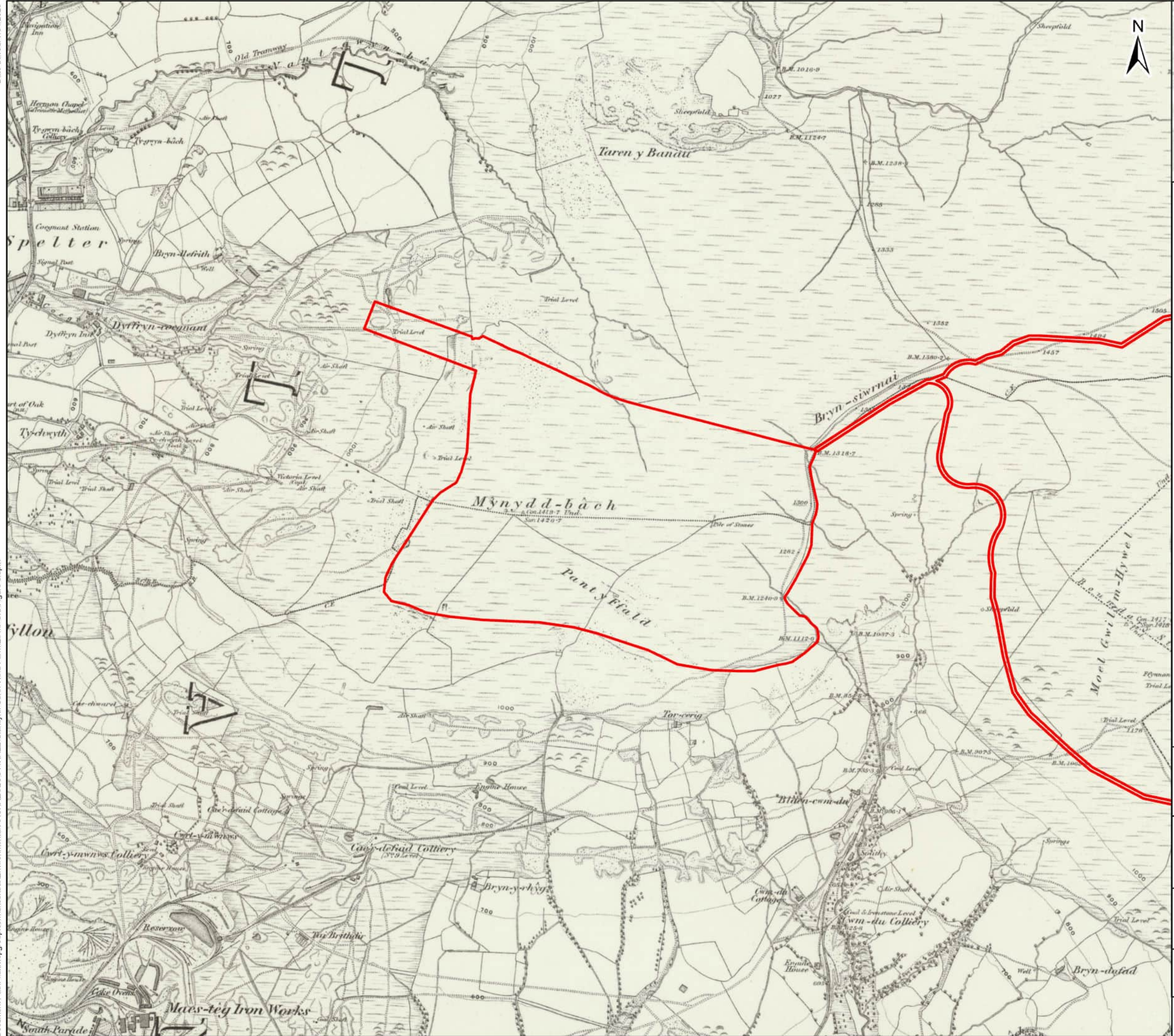
Key  
[Red outline] Site Boundary

0 100 200 300 400  
Metres

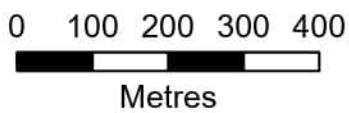


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| Client:  | Pennant Walters                                    |           |          |
| Project: | Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm Environmental Statement |           |          |
| Title:   | Figure 7A.4B<br>Tithe Map showing Northern Array   |           |          |
| Date:    | 7/31/2026                                          | Scale:    | 1:10,000 |
| Drawn:   | AB                                                 | Checked:  | GA       |
|          |                                                    | Approved: | SA       |





**Key**  
[Red Outline] Site Boundary



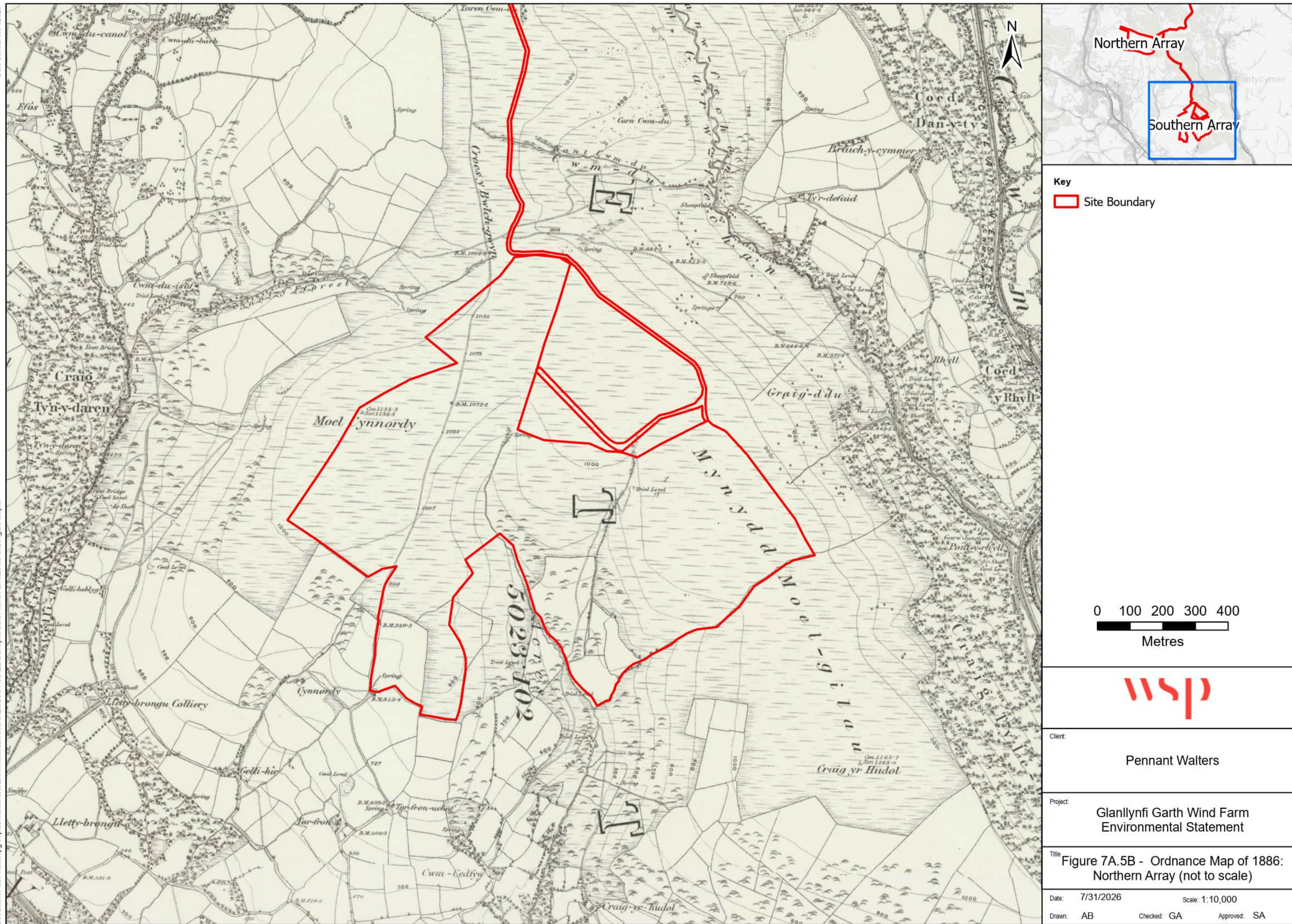
Client:  
**Pennant Walters**

Project:  
**Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement**

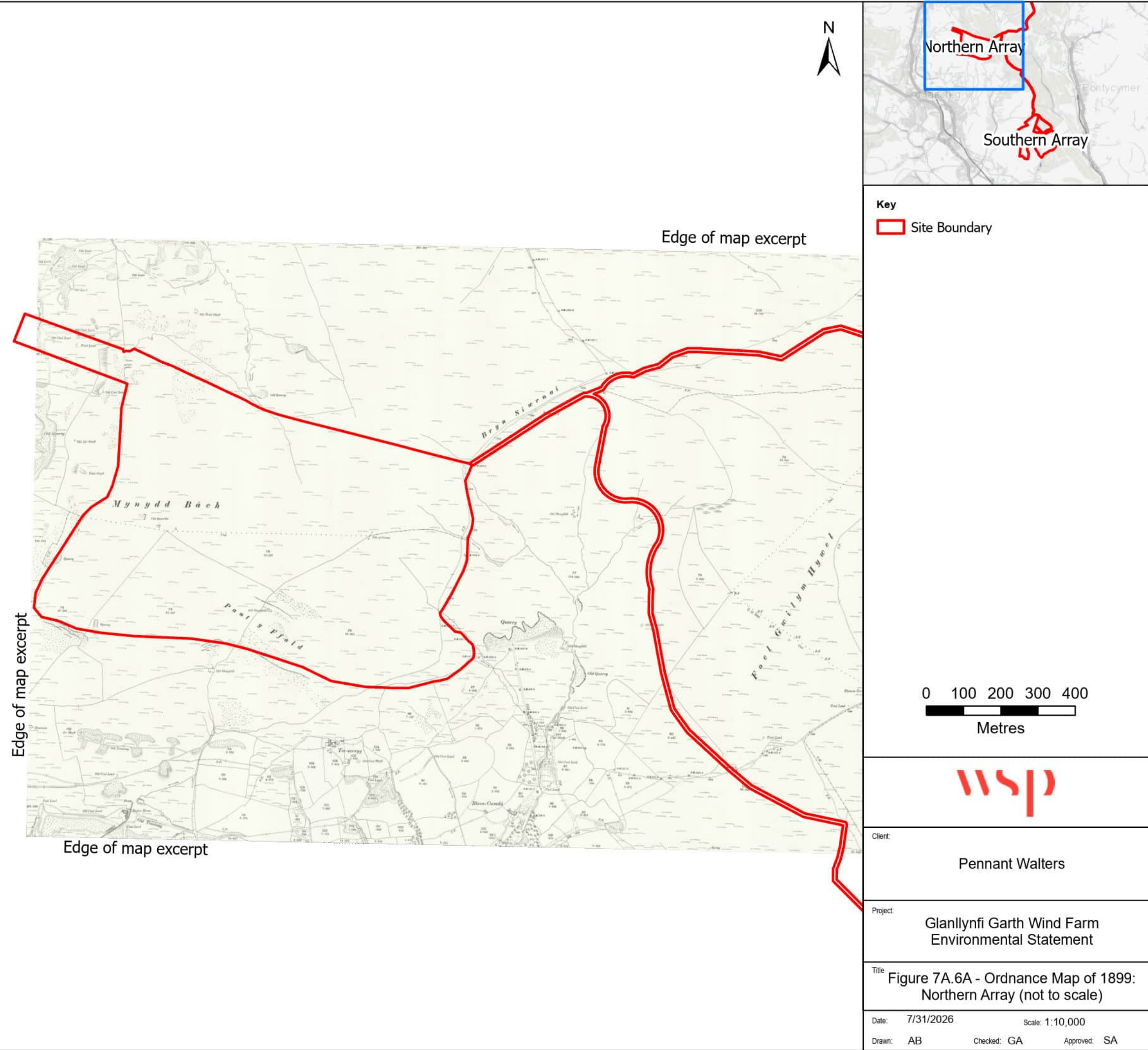
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**Figure 7A.5A - Ordnance Map of 1886:  
Northern Array (not to scale)**

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Drawn: AB Checked: GA Approved: SA

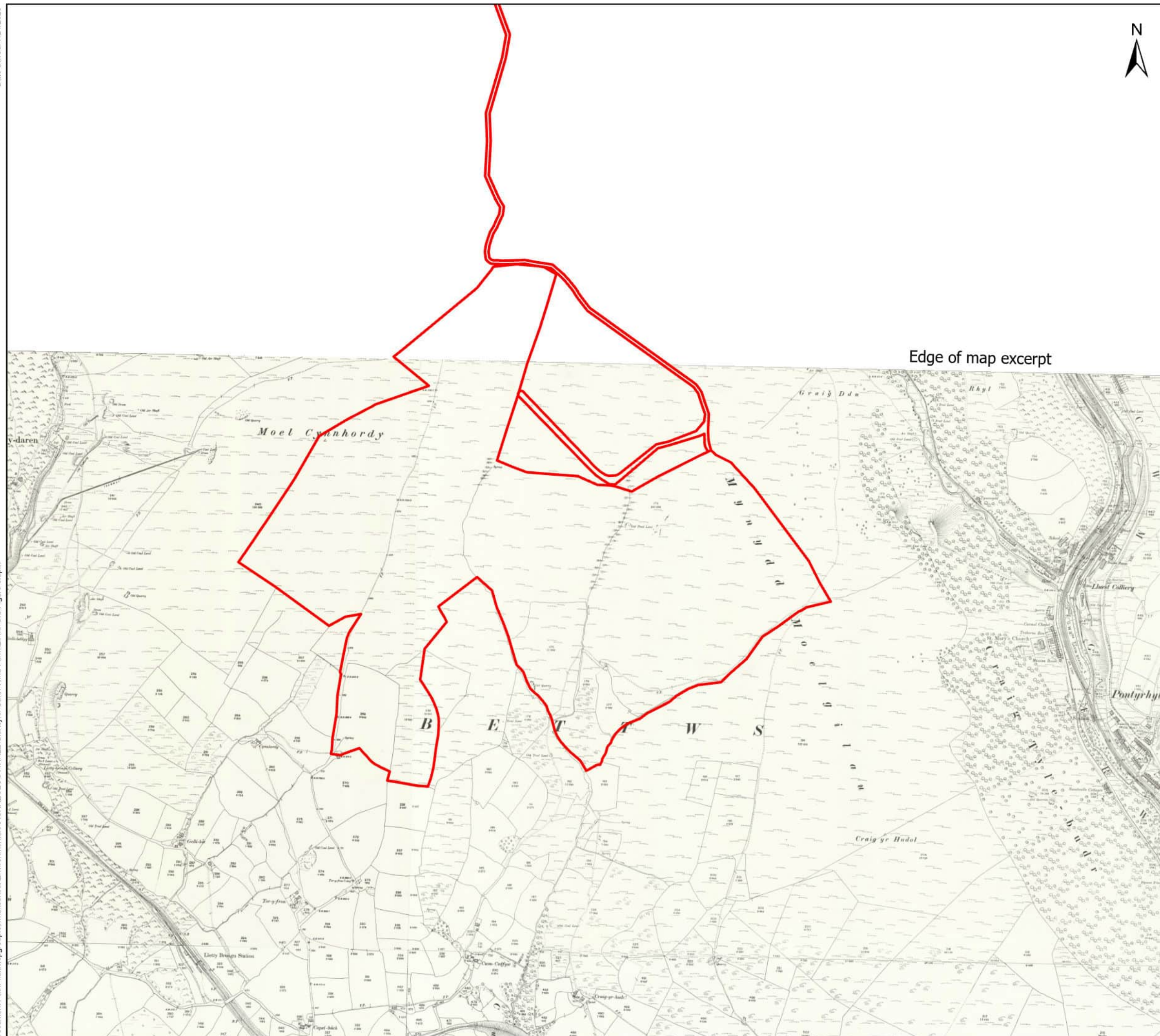












Northern Array

Southern Array

### Key

 Site Boundary

Edge of map excerpt

0 100 200 300 400  
Metres



Client:

Pennant Walters

Project:

# Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm Environmental Statement

Title Figure 7A.6B - Ordnance Map of 1899:  
Northern Array (not to scale)

Date: 7/31/2026

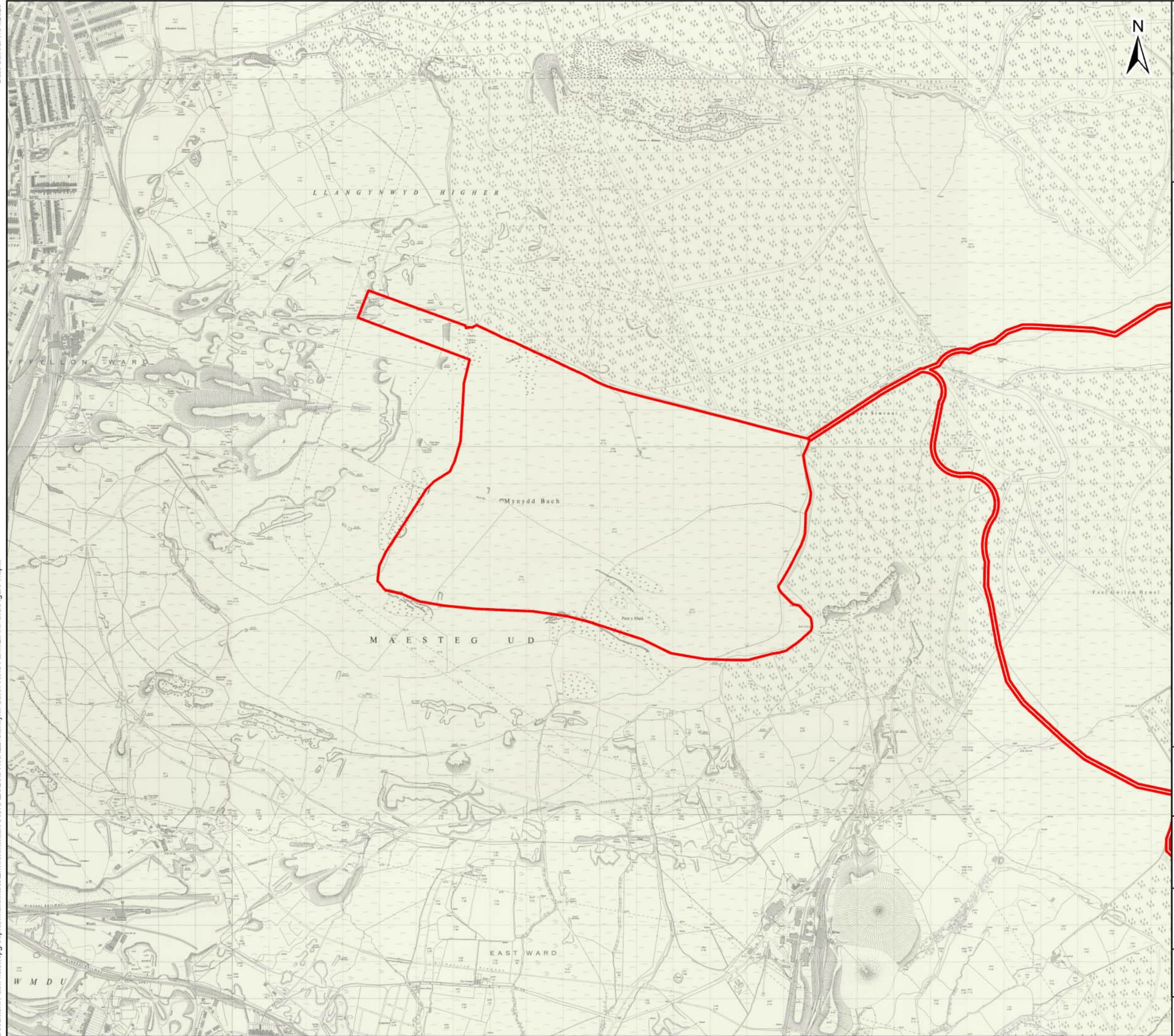
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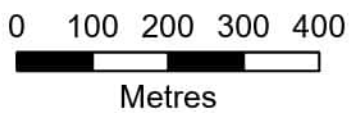
Checked: GA

Approved: SA





**Key**  
[Red outline] Site Boundary



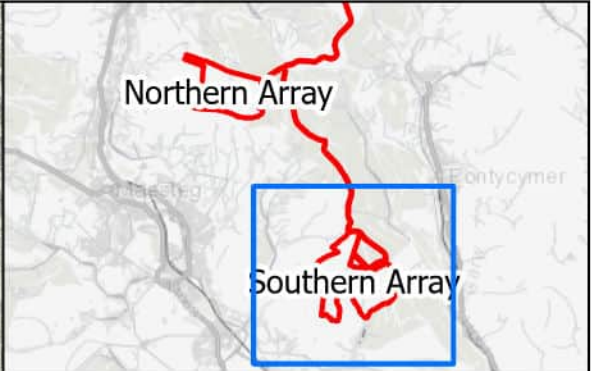
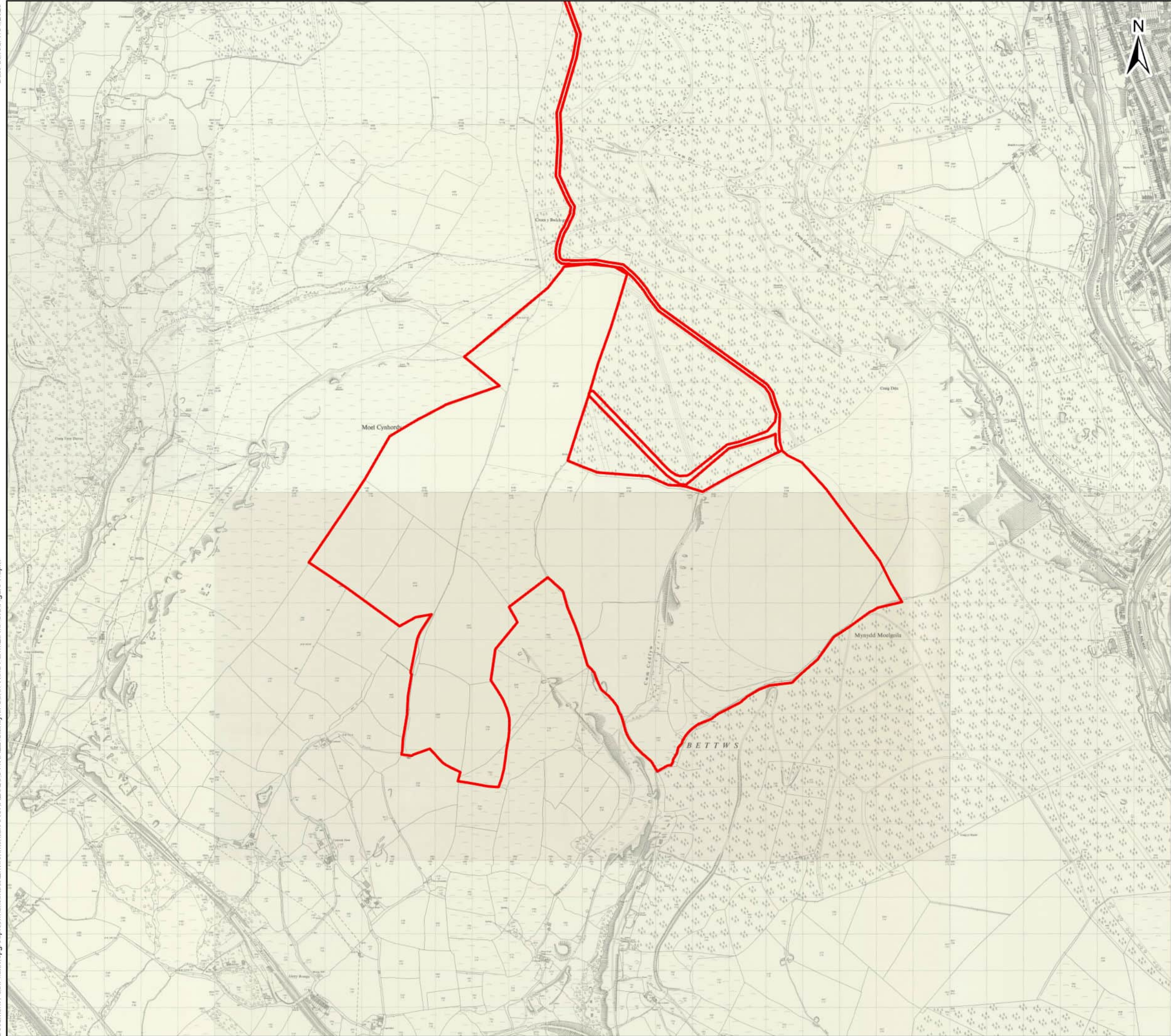
Client:  
**Pennant Walters**

Project:  
**Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement**

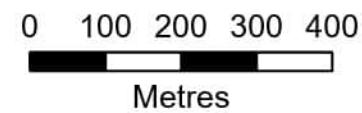
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Northern Array (not to scale)**

Date: 7/31/2026 Scale: 1:10,000  
Drawn: AB Checked: GA Approved: SA





**Key**  
 Site Boundary



Client:  
**Pennant Walters**

Project:  
**Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement**

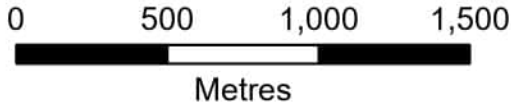
Title: **Figure 7A.7B - Ordnance Map of 1962:  
Northern Array (not to scale)**

Date: 7/31/2026 Scale: 1:10,000  
Drawn: AB Checked: GA Approved: SA





- Key
- Site Boundary
  - Study Area (1km)
  - Assets Identified on LiDAR



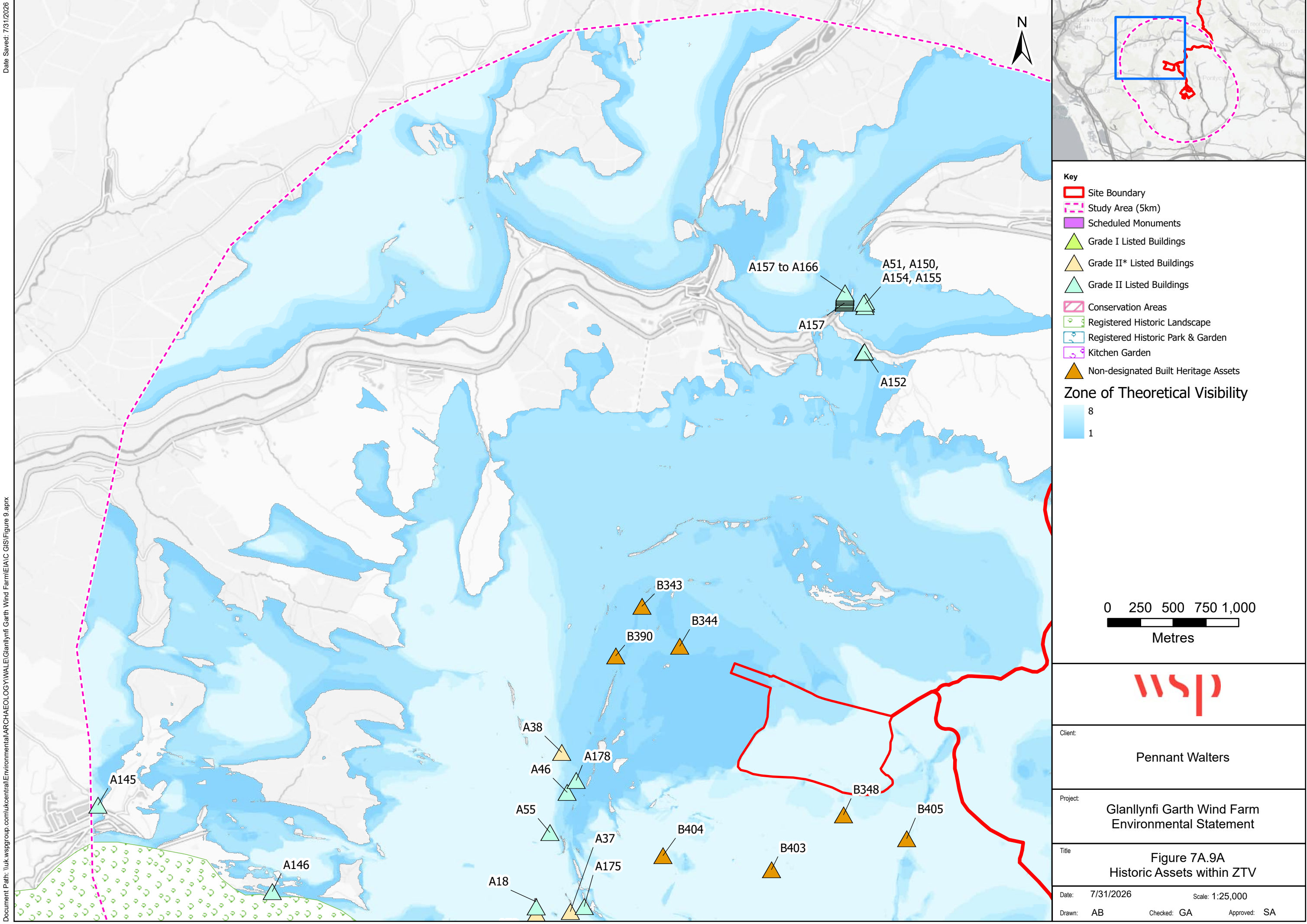
Client:  
Pennant Walters

Project:  
Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement

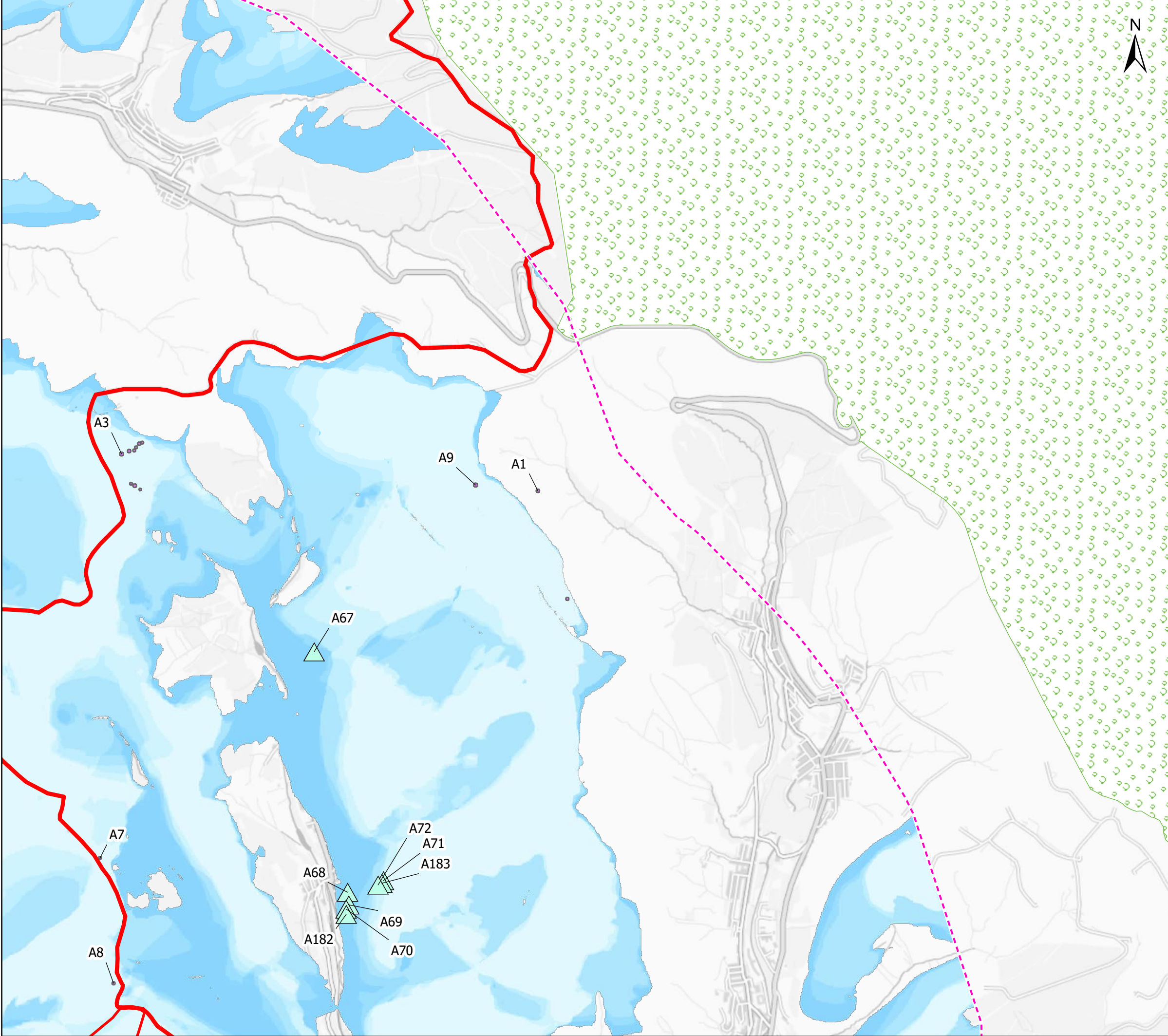
Title  
Figure 7A.8  
LiDAR

Date: 7/31/2026 Scale: 1:25,000  
Drawn: AB Checked: GA Approved: SA









**Key**

- Site Boundary
- Study Area (5km)
- Scheduled Monuments
- Grade I Listed Buildings
- Grade II\* Listed Buildings
- Grade II Listed Buildings
- Conservation Areas
- Registered Historic Landscape
- Registered Historic Park & Garden
- Kitchen Garden
- Non-designated Built Heritage Assets

**Zone of Theoretical Visibility**

- 8
- 1

0 250 500 750 1,000

Metres

**wsp**

Client:

Pennant Walters

Project:

Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement

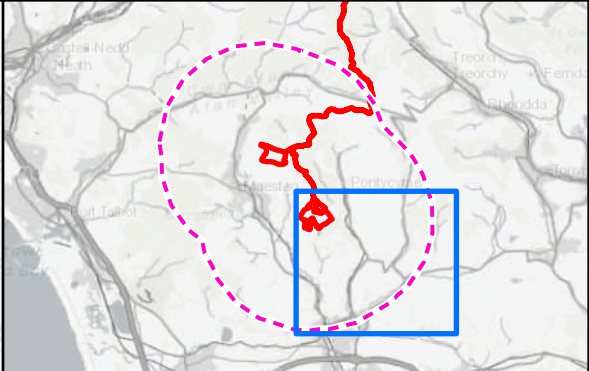
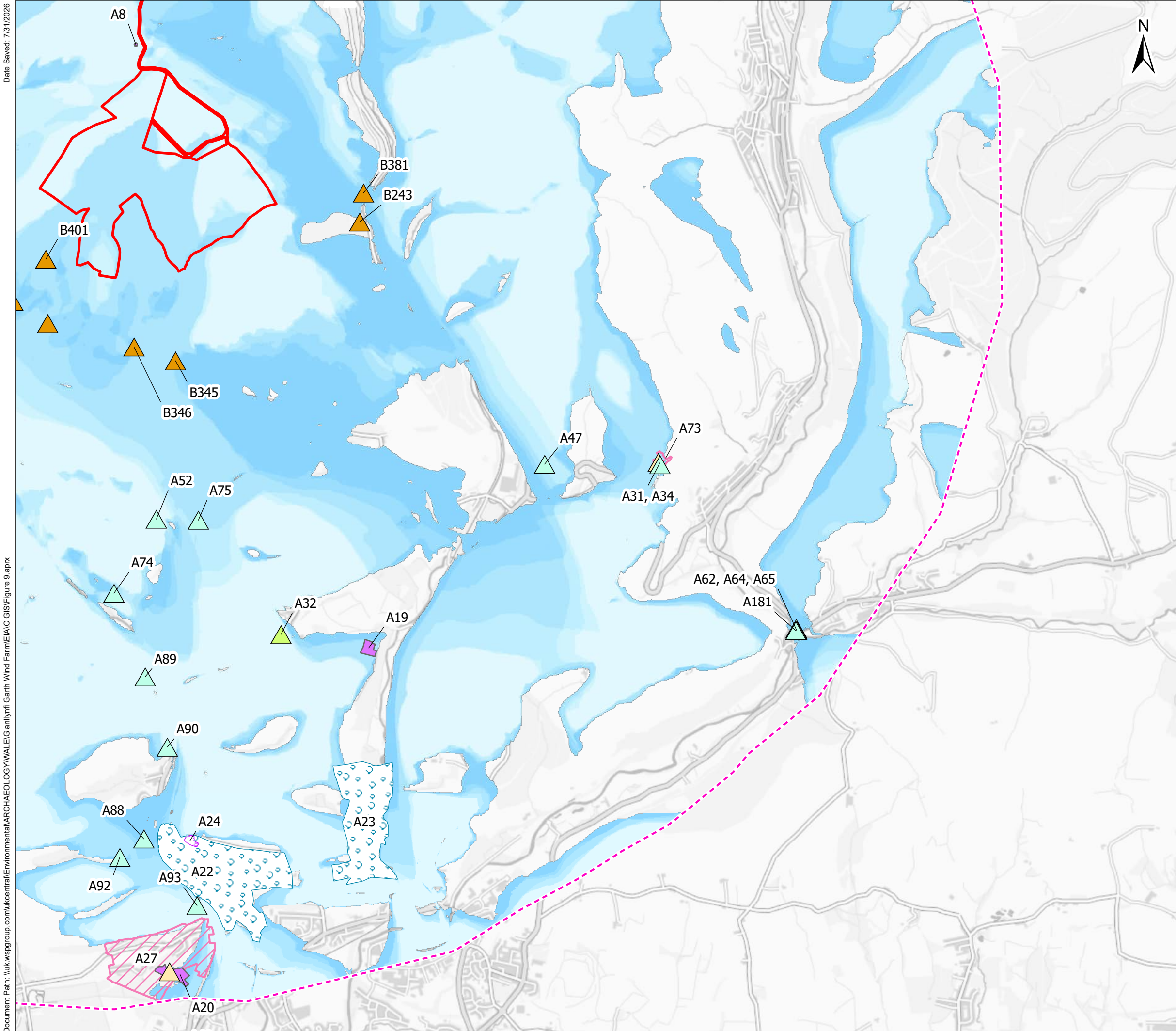
Title

Figure 7A.9B  
Historic Assets within ZTV

Date: 7/31/2026 Scale: 1:25,000

Drawn: AB Checked: GA Approved: SA



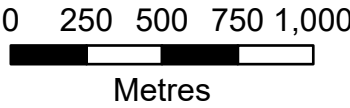


Key

- Site Boundary
- Study Area (5km)
- Scheduled Monuments
- Grade I Listed Buildings
- Grade II\* Listed Buildings
- Grade II Listed Buildings
- Conservation Areas
- Registered Historic Landscape
- Registered Historic Park & Garden
- Kitchen Garden
- Non-designated Built Heritage Assets

Zone of Theoretical Visibility

- 8
- 1



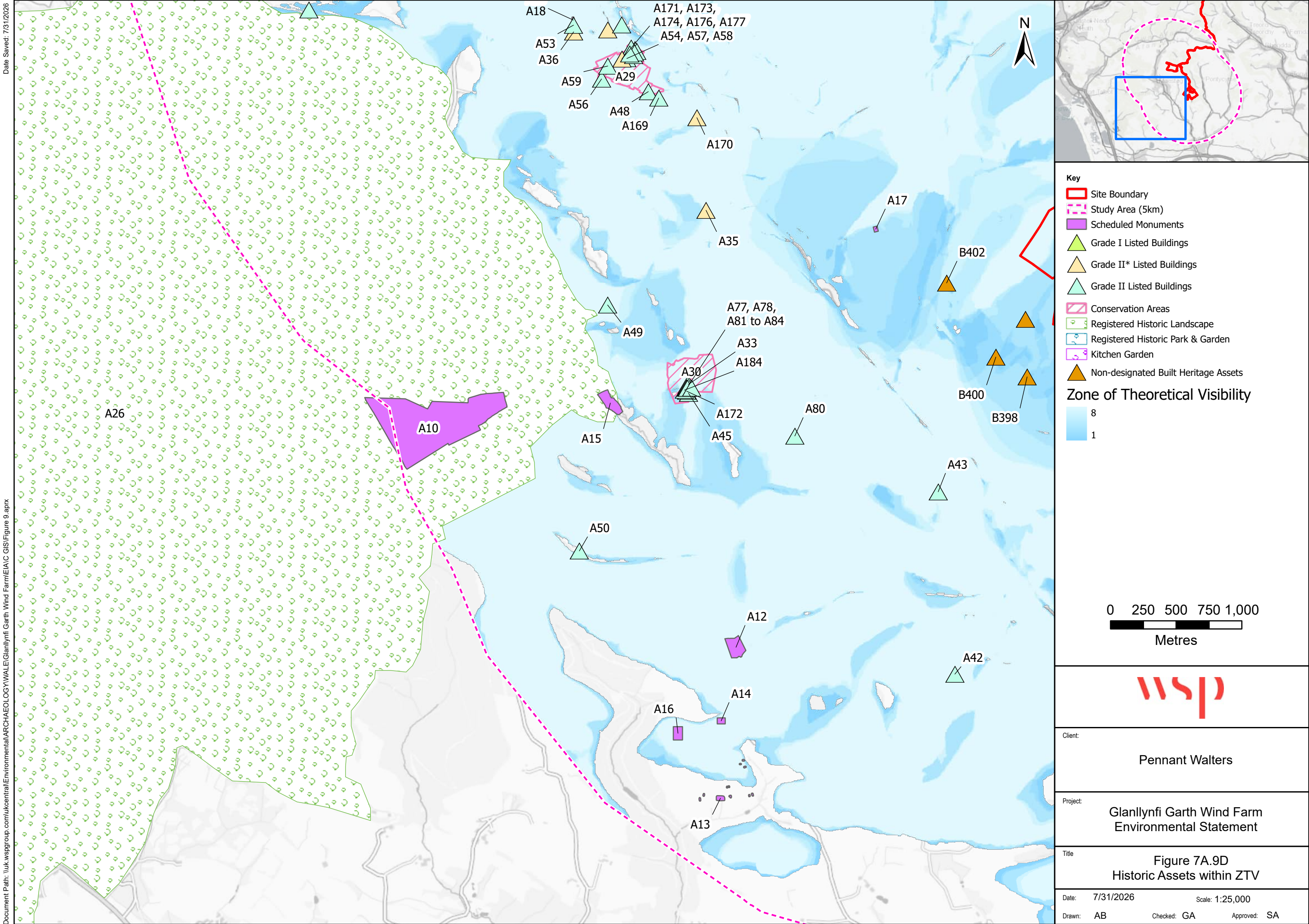
Client:  
Pennant Walters

Project:  
Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm  
Environmental Statement

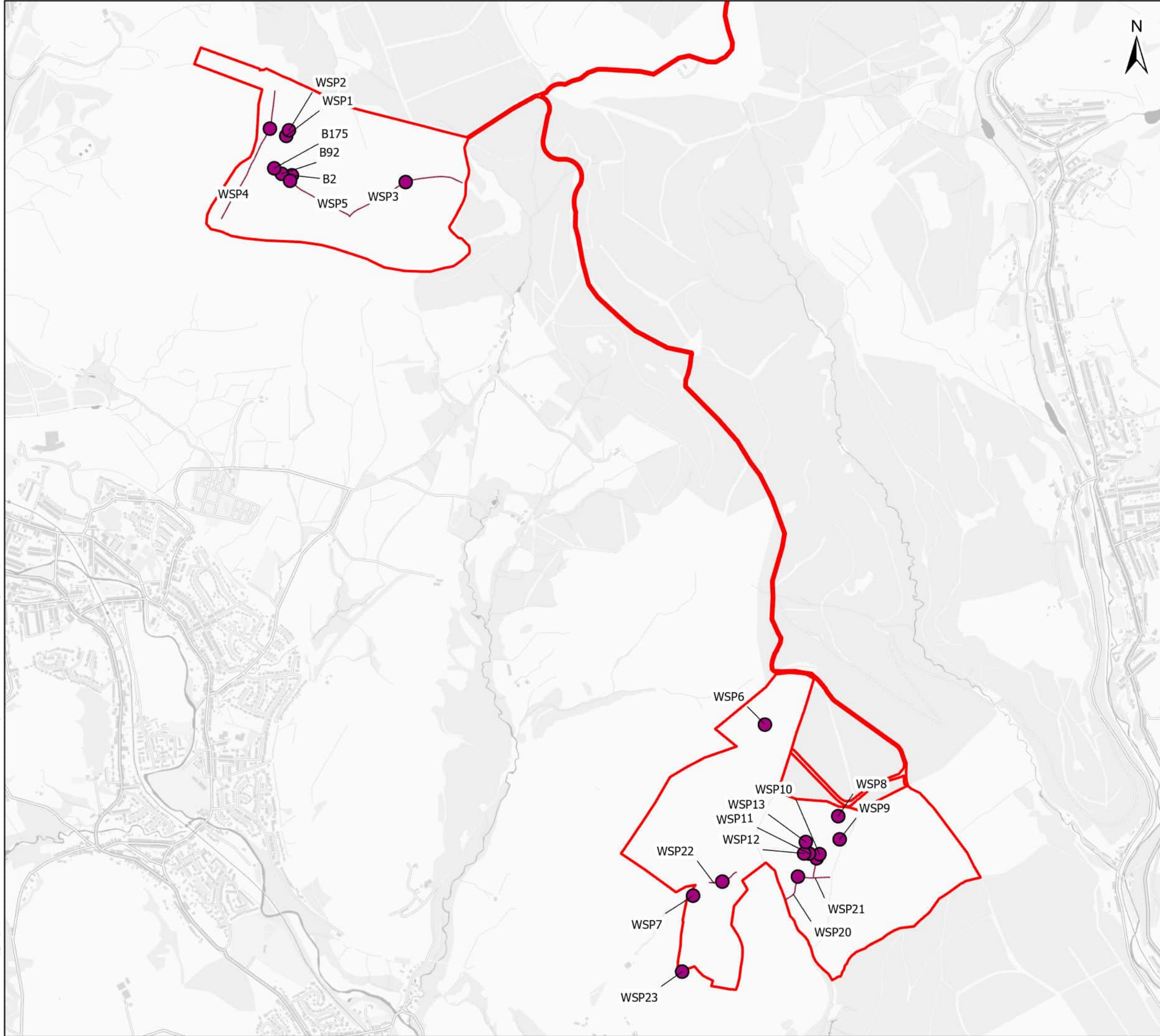
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Figure 7A.9C  
Historic Assets within ZTV

Date: 7/31/2026 Scale: 1:25,000  
Drawn: AB Checked: GA Approved: SA

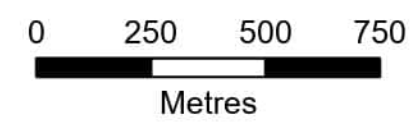








- Key**
- Site Boundary
  - Assets Identified During Site Visit (Points)
  - Assets Identified During Site Visit (Polyline)



|          |                                                             |           |          |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| Client:  | Pennant Walters                                             |           |          |
| Project: | Glanllynfi Garth Wind Farm Environmental Statement          |           |          |
| Title    | Figure 7A.10 - Historic Assets Identified during Site Visit |           |          |
| Date:    | 7/31/2026                                                   | Scale:    | 1:16,500 |
| Drawn:   | AB                                                          | Checked:  | GA       |
|          |                                                             | Approved: | SA       |